CITY OF ONTARIO

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION FOR RESIDENTS

AREAWIDE STORM WATER PROGRAM

The City of Ontario is regulated under an Areawide Urban Storm Water Runoff Permit (NPDES Order No. R8 2010-0036), issued by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board. This permit requires all residents, businesses, industries and construction contractors in the City, to implement Best Management Practices (BMPs), to reduce the discharge of pollutants into the City Storm Water Drainage System.

SEPARATE SEWER SYSTEMS

The City of Ontario operates and maintains separate collection systems for sanitary sewage flow and stormwater drainage. Wastewater entering the sanitary sewer, through building drains, sinks and toilets, is treated at a regional sewage treatment plant before being discharged into the Santa Ana River. Stormwater and all other discharges enter the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) via street gutters and catch basins. This water flows untreated to flood control channels which discharge to groundwater recharge basins, local creeks and the Santa Ana River. Ultimately the Santa Ana River flows to the Pacific Ocean. Along the way to the ocean, untreated pollutants in stormwater impact local water supplies and wildlife habitat.

RESIDENTIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR POLLUTION PREVENTION

The following materials are prohibited for discharge to any City street, gutter or storm drain inlet:

- residential sewage or greywater, mop water,
- engine cleaning or degreasing wastes, waste vehicle fluids, radiator draining and flushing,
- swimming pool water containing chlorine, biocides, algae solids, rinse water from acid washing of pools, pool filter solids,
- softener brine,
- carpet or drapery cleaning water,
- pet waste,
- landscape waste, litter and trash,
- paint/painting equipment cleanup water,
- concrete or masonry work cleanup water,
- pesticides;
- other materials which can cause contamination or pollution of a storm drain.

All residential property owners shall abide by the City's stormwater regulations in the Ontario Municipal Code, Section 6-6.301-303 and inform tenants and contractors working on their property, of these regulations. Discharges of prohibited substances to the City's storm drain system from residential property and any associated cleanup costs are the responsibility of the discharger or the property owner.

The City's Stormwater Ordinance requires all storm drain inlets on private property to be inspected annually and cleaned. If any of the following conditions exist:

- Accumulated sediment and debris in the storm drain inlet compromise > 25% of the storage capacity;
- There is evidence of illegal discharges of waste materials into the drain;
- Accumulated material present in the drain inlet is causing blockage or restriction of flows.

STORMWATER BMP INFORMATION RESOURCES

Enclosed please find the BMPs applying to residents of San Bernardino County. By implementing these BMPs, residents can prevent pollution of local waterways and remain in compliance with the City's Storm Water Ordinance. For additional information please visit the County of San Bernardino Stormwater Program website at http://www.sbcountystormwater.org/index.html or contact The City of Ontario Engineering Department, Environmental Division, at (909) 395-2025.

City of Ontario HHW Facility

Where: 1430 S. Cucamonga Ave.

Hours: Friday and Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Why: Household Hazardous Waste threatens human health and the environment when disposed of improperly.

Reuse: There is a FREE reuse center where residents can pick up partially used products dropped off by other residents.

Beware: A vehicle can only drive with 15 gallons of HHW. Call for other parameters.

RESIDENTS ONLY: Businesses must contact San Bernardino County at 909-382-5401.

For More Info: Call the City of Ontario at 909-395-2040 or visit ci.ontario.ca.us

Cuidad de Ontario
Edificio de Desechos Peligrosos

Donde: 1430 S. Cucamonga Avenida

Horas: Viernes y Sábado de 9:00 de la mañana a 2:00 de la tarde.

Porqué: Los desechos peligrosos del hogar amenazan su salud humana y al ambiente cuando están dispuestos incorrectamente.

Reutilización: Hay un centro de reutilización donde los residentes pueden recoger los productos parcialmente usados y dejados por otros residentes GRATIS.

Cuidado: Un vehículo puede conducir con solamente 15 galones de desechos peligrosos. Llame para otros parámetros.

RESIDENTES SOLAMENTE: Los negocios deben llamar al condado de San Bernardino al 909-382-5401.

Para más Información: Llame a la Ciudad de Ontario al 909-395-2040 o visite ci.ontario.ca.us.

Ontario Municipal Utilities Company
1425 S. Bon View Avenue
Ontario, CA 91761

City Officials

Paul S. Leon
Mayor

Sheila Mautz
Mayor Pro Tem

Alan D. Wapner
Debra Dorst-Porada
Jim W. Bowman
Council Members

Chris Hughes
City Manager

Scott Burton
Utilities General Manager

CITY OF ONTARIO

Household Hazardous Waste Facility

No Charge for this Program

Hazardous Waste
Desechos Peligrosos

- Motor oil and filters
- Auto fluids—Anti-freeze, transmission fluids, etc.
- Paints and paint thinners
- Household cleaners
- Chemical drain cleaners
- Pesticides and fertilizers
- Weed killer
- Pool and hobby supplies

- Aceite y filtros de motor
- Líquidos de auto y anticongelante de transmisión
- Pinturas y diluentes de pintura
- Limpiadores del hogar
- Limpiador del dreno
- Pesticidas y fertilizantes
- Mata hierba
- Químicos de la piscina

Electronic Waste
Desechos Electrónicos

- Computers
- TVs
- Stereos
- Cell phones and landlines
- Radios
- iPod and MP3 players
- Microwave ovens

- Computadoras
- Televisores
- Estereofonías
- Teléfonos celulares
- Radios
- Jugadores MP3
- Microondas

Universal Waste
Desechos Universal

- Household batteries
- Sharps containers (needles)
- Compact fluorescent light (CFL) bulbs and tubes
- Mercury containing devices

- Baterías del hogar
- Envases de agujas
- Bulbos compactos de las luz fluorescente
- Dispositivos con mercurio

REDUCE & REUSE

Use items that are less harmful to our environment, and share items with a friend or neighbor.

For a copy of Ontario's Reuse & Recycling Directory, call 909-395-2040 or visit www. ci.ontario.ca.us

All of these items present dangers to our health and environment. Please dispose of them properly.

Todos estos artículos presentan peligros a nuestra salud y ambiente. Por favor disponga de ellos correctamente.

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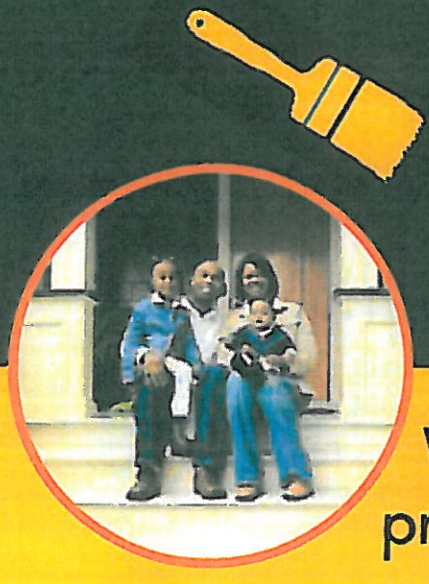
PAINT



WE DID IT OURSELVES AND WE DID IT RIGHT

When painting your home, protect your family and community.

- **PAINTS** that are water-based are less toxic and should be used whenever possible.
- **BRUSHES** with water-based paint should be washed in the sink. Those with oil-based paint should be cleaned with paint thinner.
- **SAFELY** dispose of unwanted paint and paint thinner. The County of San Bernardino offers 9 HHW Centers that accept paint and other household hazardous waste from residents FREE of charge. For a list of acceptable materials, location information, and hours of operation call 1-800-OILY CAT.

In the event of a spill or discharge to a storm drain or waterway, contact San Bernadino County Stormwater immediately: (877) WASTE18 | sbcountystormwater.org/report

sbcountystormwater.org

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» For Residents

The following is a preview of the information we have available to residents. For more fact sheets, visit ***sbcountystormwater.org***

Household Hazardous Waste Center Locations

TOO TOXIC TO TRASH

Dispose of your **HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE** (HHW) at a **FREE** HHW Center near you. Examples of items collected: pesticides, fertilizers, paints, cleaners, antifreeze, batteries, motor oil, oil filters, and electronic waste.

SERVICE AREA	LOCATION	DAYS OPEN	HOURS
Big Bear Lake	42040 Garstin Dr. (cross: Big Bear Blvd.)	Saturdays	9 a.m. - 2 p.m.
Chino	5050 Schaefer Ave. (cross: 4th St.)	2nd & 4th Sat.	8 a.m. - 1 p.m.
Fontana (Fontana residents only)	16454 Orange Way (cross: Cypress Ave.) Note: Provide a trash bill and a driver's license as proof of residency.	Saturdays	8 a.m. - 12 p.m.
Ontario	1430 S. Cucamonga Ave. (cross: Belmont St.)	Fri. & Sat.	9 a.m. - 2 p.m.
Rancho Cucamonga	12158 Baseline Rd. (cross: Rochester Ave.)	1st & 3rd Sat.	8 a.m. - 12 p.m.
Redlands	500 Kansas St. (cross: Park Ave.)	Saturdays	9:30 a.m. - 12:30 p.m.
Rialto	246 Willow Ave. (cross: Rialto Ave.)	2nd & 4th Fri. & Sat.	8 a.m. - 12 p.m.
San Bernardino	2824 East 'W' St., 302 (cross: Victoria Ave.)	Mon. – Fri.	9 a.m. - 4 p.m.
Upland (does not accept E-Waste)	1370 N. Benson Ave. (cross: 14th St.)	Saturdays	9 a.m. - 2 p.m.

sbcounty.gov/stormwater or (800) CLEANUP

Artwork Courtesy of the City of Los Angeles Stormwater Program. Printed on recycled paper.

VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

Oil, grease, anti-freeze and other toxic automotive fluids often make their way into the San Bernardino County storm drain system, and do not get treated before reaching the Santa Ana River. This pollutes our drinking water and contaminates waterways, making them unsafe for people and wildlife. Follow these best management practices to prevent pollution and protect public health.

Cleaning Auto Parts
Scrape parts with a wire brush or use a bake oven rather than liquid cleaners. Arrange drip pans, drying racks and drain boards so that fluids are directed back into the parts washer or the fluid holding tank. Do not wash parts or equipment in a sink, parking lot, driveway or street.

Storing Hazardous Waste
Keep your liquid waste segregated. Many fluids can be recycled via hazardous waste disposal companies if they are not mixed. Store all materials under cover with spill containment or inside to prevent contamination of rainwater runoff.

Preventing Leaks and Spills
Conduct all vehicle maintenance inside of a garage. Place drip pans underneath vehicle to capture fluids. Use absorbent materials instead of water to clean work areas.

Cleaning Spills
Use dry methods for spill cleanup (sweeping, absorbent materials). To report accidental spills into the street or storm drain call (877) WASTE18 or 911.

Proper Disposal of Hazardous Waste
Dispose of household hazardous waste by taking it to your nearest household hazardous waste center. For more information, call 1-800-OILY CAT or check out sbcountystormwater.org/Disposal.html

POOL MAINTENANCE

Pool chemicals and filter solids, when discharged to the City streets, gutters or storm drans, DO NOT GET TREATED before reaching the Santa Ana River. Chlorine, acid cleaning chemicals and metal-based algaecides used in pools can kill beneficial organisms in the food chain and pollute our drinking water.

When emptying your swimming pool, spa or fountain, please use one of the following best management practices to prevent water pollution:

- Reuse the water as landscape irrigation
- Empty the water into the sewer between midnight and 6:00 am
- Remove solids and floating debris and dispose of in the trash, de-chlorinate the water to a chlorine residual = 0, wait 24 hours, then discharge the water to the street or storm drain
- Try not to use metal-based algaecides (i.e. copper sulfate) in your pool or spa. If you have, empty your pool or spa into the sewer. *Prior to discharging pool water into the sanitary sewer system, contact your local agency.*
- If the pool contains algae and mosquito larvae, discharge the water to the sewer

When acid cleaning or other chemical cleaning:

- Neutralize the pool water to pH of 6.5 to 8.5, then discharge to the sewer

For swimming pool and spa filter backwash:

- Dispose of solids into trash bag, then wash filter into a landscape area
- Settle, dispose of solids in trash and discharge water to the sewer, never to the storm drain

Pool Discharge Tips

Maintain your pool properly and help protect the environment

DID YOU KNOW?

Routine swimming pool maintenance generates a variety of wastes such as cleaning wastewater, filter back-wash residues, biocides and acid washes that can contribute to stormwater pollution. Chlorine and other pool chemicals can harm our waterways when they are discharged improperly.

Share these good housekeeping practices with your pool service personnel to keep pollutants out of our waterways:

HOLD IT BEFORE YOU DRAIN IT.

- De-chlorinate the water before draining the pool to the storm drain.
- Consult with your pool contractor before de-chlorinating the pool to learn about your options.

IMPORTANT:

- Dispose of filter backwash solids in the trash or landscape area.
- Neutralize acid washes before discharging to the sewer. Do not discharge to the stormdrain.

SHUT: **Shut off the chlorination system or stop adding chlorine.**

HOLD: Hold the water in the pool for at least 5 days or add a **de-chlorinating agent.**

TEST: **Use a pool testing kit to ensure the level of chlorine is at 0.1ppm before discharging the water.**

- Make sure all debris is removed and chemicals are dissipated
- pH of pool water should be between 6.5 and 8.5 before discharging
- Make sure the water is free of any discoloration, mosquitoes, dirt or algae

DRAIN: **Check with your city for local requirements before discharging your pool to the storm drain or sewer.**

- **Alternative 1:** Sanitary Sewer -- Some cities allow pools to be drained to the sanitary sewer during non-peak hours.
- **Alternative 2:** Lawn or Garden -- Discharge the pool water through the lawn or garden. The flow should be controlled to prevent erosion problems or the water entering a neighbor's property.
- **For Saltwater Pools:** Saltwater pools should only be drained to the sewer or hauled away.

To report illegal dumping, call (877) WASTE18 or visit sbcountystormwater.org
facebook.com/sbcountystormwater

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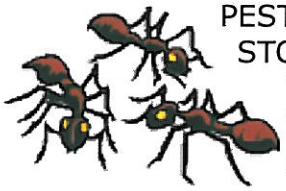
HOW TO GET RID OF BUGS THAT BUG YOU



PESTICIDES OFTEN MAKE THEIR WAY INTO THE SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY STORMWATER SYSTEM AND **DO NOT GET TREATED** BEFORE REACHING THE SANTA ANA RIVER. THESE CHEMICALS POLLUTE OUR DRINKING WATER AND MAKE OUR WATERS UNHEALTHY AND UNSAFE FOR PEOPLE AND WILDLIFE.

The following are ways to rid your home of pests, and help prevent stormwater pollution. To safeguard your family and pets, always use the least toxic method available.

For the three main insect pests, simple methods to help prevent infestations include:

FLEAS

In General

- Use washable pet bedding.
- Have pets sleep in a regular place, to make cleaning easier.
- Use alternative flea medication, as prescribed by your veterinarian.

Inside Your Home

- Bathe pets in soap and water to drown fleas.
- Vacuum carpets, floors, and upholstered furniture several times during the year.
- Use flea traps if you don't own a pet, but still have fleas.

Outside Your Home

- Spot-treat with insecticides only where your dog frequents regularly.
- Keep wild animals away from your house.

ANTS

In General

- Store food in containers that seal tightly or place in refrigerator.
- Keep things clean and dry.
- Caulk cracks where ants are entering the house.
- Place pet dishes in trays partially filled with a water/soap mixture.

Inside Your Home

- Kill ants as soon as you see them, and then thoroughly clean the area.
- Use ant traps/baits.

Outside Your Home

- Place sticky traps around tree and shrub trunks to keep them ants out of plants.
- Prune branches that touch fences, walls, and the ground to cut off access to plants.
- Use ant/trap baits along ant trails, where safe from pets and children.

APHIDS

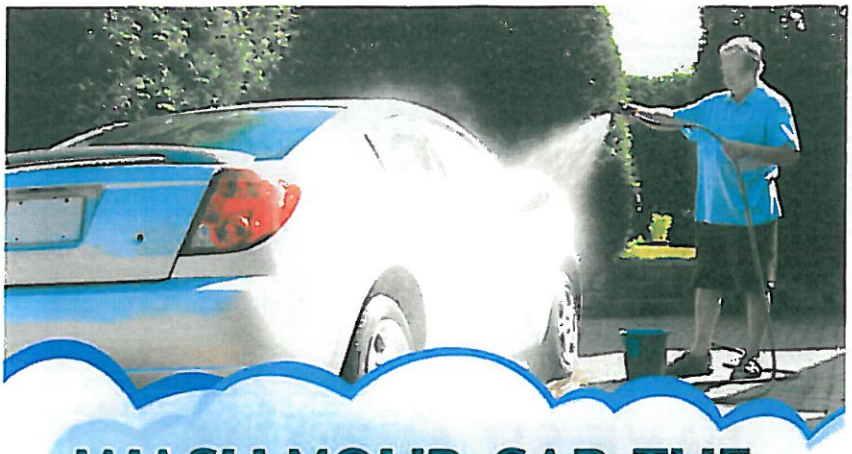
In General

- Spray aphids and their residue off of plants with water.
- Hand pick/squash aphids on leaves.
- Spray with a soapy water or insecticidal soap mixture.
- Prune off areas with large infestations.
- Eliminate the ant that protect aphids by placing ant traps/baits around the base of the plant.
- Water your plants and keep them healthy; strong plants have their defenses.
- Buy predatory insects (lacewings and ladybugs).
- Attract and keep beneficial insects in your garden by planting carrots, yarrow, anise, and other plants with large multiple flowers. (Don't pick the plants until after blossoms have withered.)

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

For more information on how you can prevent stormwater pollution call 395-2143

CITY OF ONTARIO



WASH YOUR CAR THE ECO-FRIENDLY WAY!

When possible, wash in a professional car wash.

1. **Locate** the nearest storm drain and ensure that wash water does not flow into it.

2. **Wash** in a contained area or on grass*, gravel or other permeable surface. Dispose of excess soapy water into the sanitary sewer *(ie. sink or toilet)* or onto grass.

3. **Use** eco-friendly cleaning products (*non-toxic, phosphate free or biodegradable*). Use as little soap as possible and wipe brake dust off tires with a rag before washing.

4. **Conserve** water by using a high pressure hose and turn off the water when not in use.

**Some local ordinances may not allow a car to be parked on the front lawn. Check with your City's Building and Code department if you are unsure.*

How Does Eco Car Washing Help Local Waterways?

When excess wash water travels through the street it has the potential to pick up oil, grease and other chemicals along the way before it ends up in the curb, gutter and the storm drain system. **This contaminated water then travels to our creeks and the Santa Ana River making it unsafe for people and wildlife.**

To report illegal dumping, call **(877) WASTE18** or visit **sbcountystormwater.org**
To find a Hazardous Waste Facility, call **(800) OILY CAT**

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¡LAVE SU AUTO DE MANERA ECOLÓGICA!

Cuando sea posible, lávelo en un lavadero profesional de autos.

1. **Ubique** el desagüe pluvial más cercano y asegúrese de que nada pueda entrar en él o que pueda descargarse allí.

2. **Lave** su auto sobre el cesped, grava u otras superficies permeables. Elimine el exceso de agua jabonosa en un drenaje sanitario *(por ejemplo, lavamanos o inodoro)* o en el césped.

3. **Use** productos de limpieza ecológicos *(no tóxicos, sin fosfato o biodegradables)*. Use la menor cantidad de jabón posible y limpie el polvo de frenos de los neumáticos con un trapo antes de lavar.

4. **Conserve** agua usando una manguera de alta presión y cierre el agua cuando no la use.

** Es posible que algunas ordenanzas locales no permitan estacionar sobre el césped en el frente de la casa. Consulte con el departamento de Código Urbano y Edificación de su ciudad si no está seguro.*

¿De qué Manera el Lavado de Autos Ecológico Ayuda a Proteger los Canales Fluviales Locales?

Cuando el exceso de agua de lavado viaja por la calle, es posible que recoja aceite, grasa y otros elementos químicos en el camino antes de que llegue en el desagüe pluvial y el sistema de la boca de tormenta. **Esa agua contaminada luego viaja hacia nuestros arroyos y al Río Santa Ana, haciendo que sea inseguro para la gente y los animales.**

Para reportar actividades ilegales, llame a **(877) WASTE18** o visite **sbcountystormwater.org**. Para encontrar un establecimiento de Desechos Peligrosos, llame al **(800) OILY CAT**

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STORMWATER Pollution Prevention

HOME REPAIR & REMODELING

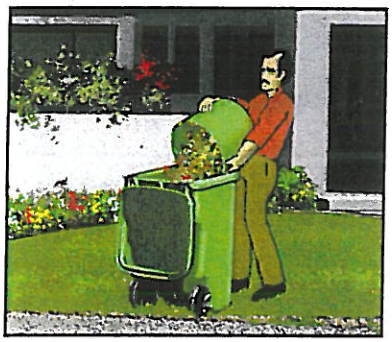
Paints, solvents, adhesives and other toxic substances used in home repair and remodeling often make their way into the San Bernardino County storm drain system and do not get treated before reaching the Santa Ana River. This pollutes our drinking water and contaminates waterways, making them unsafe for people and wildlife. Follow these simple tips to prevent pollution and protect your health.

Construction Projects

Keep construction debris away from the street, gutter and storm drains. Schedule grading and excavation projects for dry weather. Cover excavated material and stockpiles of soil, sand or gravel, protected from rain, wind and runoff. Prevent erosion by planting fast-growing annual and perennial grass, which can shield and bind soil.

Recycle Household Hazardous Waste

Household cleaners, paint and other home improvement products like wallpaper and tile adhesives are too toxic to trash. Recycle them instead, at a convenient household hazardous waste collection facility. Call (800) CLEANUP for the facility in your area.



Landscaping & Gardening

Avoid applying fertilizers or pesticide near curbs and driveways, and store covered, protected from rain, wind and runoff. Try using organic or non-toxic alternatives. Reduce runoff and lower your water bill by using drip irrigation, soaker hoses or micro-spray systems. Recycle leaves instead of blowing, sweeping or raking them into the street, gutter or storm drain.

Paint Removal

Paint stripping residue, chips and dust from marine paints and paints containing lead or tributyl tin are hazardous wastes. Sweep them up instead of hosing into the street and dispose of them safely at a household hazardous waste collection facility.

Painting Cleanup

Avoid cleaning brushes or rinsing paint containers in the street, gutter or near a storm drain. Clean water-based paints in the sink. Clean oil-based paints with thinner, which you can filter and reuse. Recycle leftover paint at a household hazardous waste collection facility, save it for touch ups or give it to someone who can use it, like a theatre group, school, city or community organization.

Concrete and Masonry

Store bags of cement and plaster away from gutters and storm drains, and cover them to protect against rain, wind and runoff. Sweep or scoop up cement washout or concrete dust instead of hosing into driveways, streets, gutters or storm drains.

To report illegal dumping or for more information on stormwater pollution prevention, call:

1 (800) CLEANUP

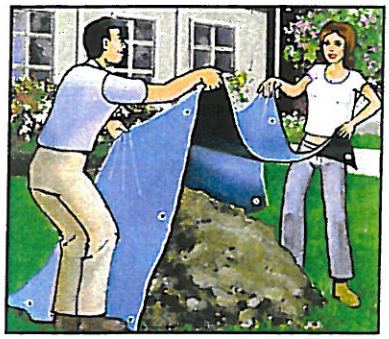
www.1800cleanup.org

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

Prevención de Contaminación del Desagüe

MEJORAS DEL HOGAR

Pintura, solventes y otros quimicos peligrosos que se usan al las mejoras del hogar acaban por llegar a los drenajes del Condado de San Bernardino y terminando en el Rio de Santa Ana. Esto contamina el agua que tomamos, haciendola peligorsa para la gente y la vida salvaje. Sigue estas practicas para prevenir la contaminación y protejer la salud publica.



Proyectos de Construcción

No dejes que los residuos de la construcción terminen en la calle, coladeras o desagües. Planea tus excavaciónes durante el clima seco. Cuvre tus materiales y tus bultos de tierra, arena, grava para protejerlos de la lluvia, el aire y el desagües. Planta pasto o plantas para evirtar las erosiones, estas pueden detener el derrame.

Jardineria

Evita usar los fertilizantes o pesticidas cerca de la banqueta o cocheras, y tapalos bien para protejerlas de la lluvia, el aire y el desagües. Usa productos no toxicos u organicos. Reduce tu pago del agua usando otros tipos de erosiones. Recicla las hojas en ves de soplarlas o barrerlas asia la calle, coladeras o alcantarillas.

Limpiando Pintura

Nunca laves las brochas ni los contenedores de pintura en la calle, coladeras o desagües. Las de pintura de agua limpialas en el labavo y las de pintura de aceite con thiner, y vuelvelas a guardar en un frasco, para un uso futuro. Envuelve los residuos de pintura en un periodico y tiralos a la basura.

Reciclando Materiales del Hogar Peligrosos

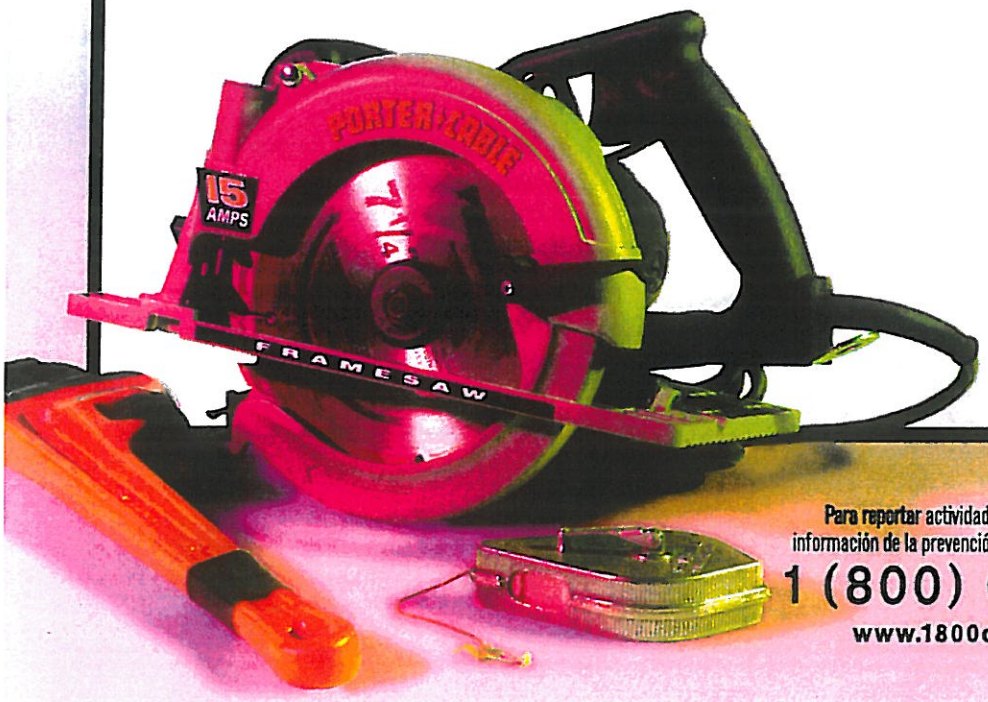
Limpiadores del hogar, pintura y otros productos como la pegadura para el papel para las paredes y azulejo son demasiado toxicos para tirarlos a la basura. Desechalos en un lugar de colección de desechos peligrosos. Llama al (800) CLEANUP para un lugar en tu area.

Removiendo Pintura

Residuos de pintura, polvo de pintura y pinturas que contienen plomo son peligrosas. Barrelos en ves de lavarlos con la manguera y desechalos en unlugar de colección de desechos peligrosos. Llama al (800) CLEANUP para un lugar en tu area.

Concreto & Albañilería

Almacena bolsas de cemento y pegaduras lejos de las coladeras y alcantarillas, y cubrelos para protejerlos de la lluvia, viento y desagües. Barre o recoje el cemento o concreto en ves de lavarlos con la manguera hacia la cochera, calles o drenajes.



Para reportar actividadas ilegales u obtener más información de la prevención de contaminación llamar al :

1 (800) CLEANUP

www.1800cleanup.org

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

STORMWATER Pollution Prevention

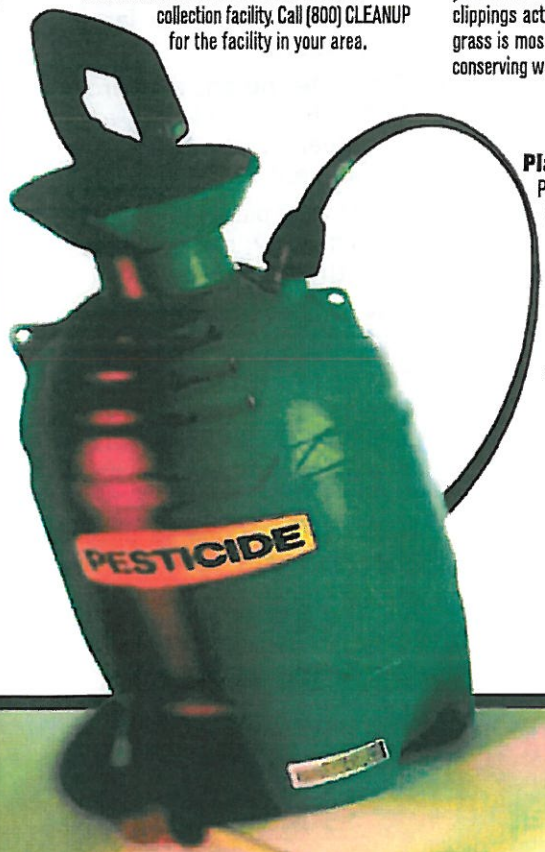
HOME & GARDEN

Yard waste and household toxics like paints and pesticides often make their way into the San Bernardino County storm drain system and do not get treated before reaching the Santa Ana River. This pollutes our drinking water and contaminates waterways, making them unsafe for people and wildlife. Follow these simple tips to prevent pollution and protect your health.

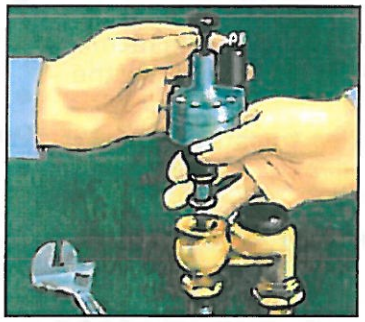
Recycle Household Hazardous Waste
Household products like paint, pesticides, solvents and cleaners are too dangerous to dump and too toxic to trash. Take them to be recycled at a convenient household hazardous waste collection facility. Call (800) CLEANUP for the facility in your area.

Disposing of Yard Waste
Recycle leaves, grass clippings and other yard waste, instead of blowing, sweeping or hosing into the street. Try grasscycling, leaving grass clippings on your lawn instead of using a grass catcher. The clippings act as a natural fertilizer, and because grass is mostly water, it also irrigates your lawn, conserving water.

Use Fertilizers & Pesticides Safely
Fertilizers and pesticides are often carried into the storm drain system by sprinkler runoff. Try using organic or non-toxic alternatives. If you use chemical fertilizers or pesticides, avoid applying near curbs and driveways and never apply before a rain.



Planting in the Yard
Produce less yard waste and save water by planting low maintenance, drought-tolerant trees and shrubs. Using drip irrigation, soaker hoses or micro-spray systems for flower beds and vegetation can also help reduce your water bill and prevent runoff.



Use Water Wisely
Cut your water costs and prevent runoff by controlling the amount of water and direction of sprinklers. The average lawn needs about an inch of water a week, including rainfall, or 10 to 20 minutes of watering. A half-inch per week is enough for fall and spring. Sprinklers should be on long enough to allow water to soak into the ground but not so long as to cause runoff.

To report illegal dumping call

(877) WASTE18

sbcountystormwater.org

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

Prevención de Contaminación del Desagüe

JARDIN

Basura del jardín y otros toxicos caseros como pintura, pesticidas y otros mas acaban por llegar a los drenajes del Condado de San Bernardino y terminando en el Rio de Santa Ana. Esto contamina el agua que tomamos, haciendola peligorsa para la gente y la vida salvaje. Sigue estas practicas para prevenir la contaminación y protejer la salud publica.

Disponiendo Desechos del Jardin

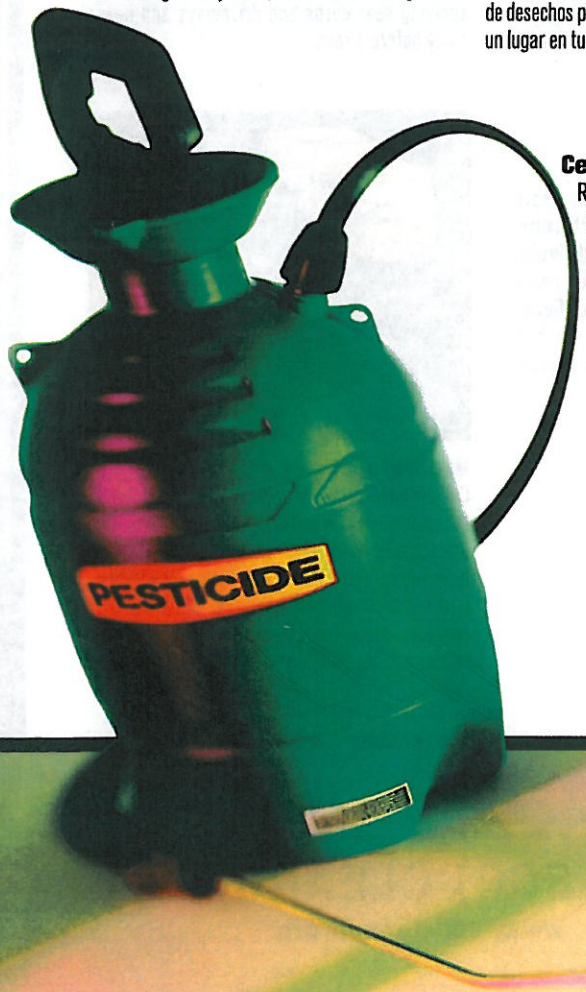
Recicla hojas, pasto y otras basuras del jardín en ves de soplarlas, barrerlas hacia la calle. El pasto sirve como fertilizante, y como el pasta es la mayoria agua tambien riega tu jardín, ahorrandote agua.

Reciclando Materiales del Hogar Peligrosos

Limpiadores del hogar como pintura, pesticidas, solventes y limpiadores son demasiado toxicos para tirarlos en la basura. Desechalos en unlugar de colección de desechos peligrosos. Llama al (800) CLEANUP para un lugar en tu area.

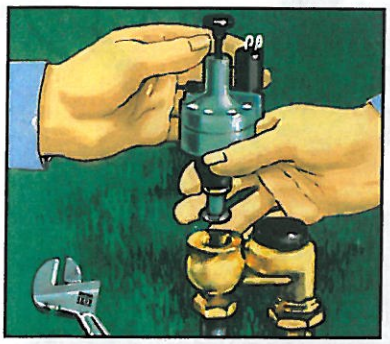
Usando Fertilizantes & Pesticidas Adecuadamente

Fertilizantes y pesticidas muchas veces terminan en los drenajes. Usa alternativas que no sean toxicas. Si tu usas fertilizantes y pesticidas con quimicos, no los uses cerca de las banquetas y cocheras y nunca los uses en tiempos de lluvia.



Cembrando en el Jardin

Reduce la basura del jardín y ahorra agua plantando arboles y plantas de bajo mantenimiento. Riega moderadamente con mangueras u otros metodos para las flores o vegetacion asi reduciras tu pago del mes y previenes el desagüe.



Usando el Agua Adecuadamente

Reduce el pago del agua y previene el desagüe controlando la cantidad y direccion de tus regaderas para el jardin. Solo necesitas regar de 10 a 20 minutos a la semana. Durante la primavera y otoño es la mitad. Las regaderas del jardin deverian estar ajustadas a que rieguen lo suficinete y evitar el desagüe.

Para reportar actividadas ilegales u obtener más información de la prevención de contaminación llamar al :

1 (800) CLEANUP

www.1800cleanup.org

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

STORMWATER Pollution Prevention

Stormwater Management Practices for Carpet Cleaning Activities

Toxic chemicals and discharged waste water from carpet, drapery, furniture and window cleaning often make their way into the San Bernardino County storm drain system and do not get treated before reaching the Santa Ana River. This pollutes our drinking water and contaminates local waterways, making them unsafe for people and wildlife. Following these best management practices will prevent pollution, comply with regulations and protect public health.

These guidelines apply even if the cleaning products are labeled "nontoxic" or "biodegradable". Although these products may be less harmful to the environment, they can still have harmful effects if they enter the storm drain untreated.

Dispose of Wastewater Properly
Wastewater from cleaning equipment must be discharged into a sink, toilet, or other drain connected to the sanitary sewer system within sanitary sewer discharge limits, hauled off and disposed of properly, or may be discharged to a pervious area, for example, a lawn area, as long as it does not overflow into the street, gutter, parking lot or storm drain. Wastewater should never be discharged into a street, gutter, parking lot or storm drain.

Filter Wastewater
Carpet cleaning wastewater should be filtered before discharging it to the sanitary sewer since fibers and other debris in the wastewater can clog pipes. The filtered material can be disposed of in the garbage, provided that the waste is not contaminated with hazardous pollutants.

To report illegal dumping call
(877) WASTE18
or visit our website:
sbcountystormwater.org

San Bernardino County STORMWATER PROGRAM

Prevención de Contaminacion al Sistema de Drenaje

Prácticas al Manejo de Sistema de Drenaje para Actividades de Limpieza de Alfombras

Los productos químicos tóxicos y las aguas residuales descargadas de la limpieza de alfombras, cortinas, muebles y ventanas a menudo llegan al río de Santa Ana, sin haber sido tratadas. Esto por lo general contamina nuestra agua potable y contamina los canales locales, haciéndolos inseguros para la gente y la fauna. Siguiendo bien estas practicas se puede prevenir la contaminación, conforme a las regulaciones y protegerá la salud pública.

Estas pautas se aplican incluso si los productos de limpieza tienen etiquetas de advertencias como "no tóxicos" o "en descomposición." Aunque estos productos pueden causar menos daños al ambiente, también es cierto que pueden tener efectos secundarios si entran en el drenaje de tormentas, sin ser tratados adecuadamente.

Disponga De Las Aguas Residuales Correctamente
Las aguas residuales deben descargarse del equipo de limpieza en el fregadero, sanitario u otro sistema de drenaje conectado con el sistema sanitario de alcantarillas que encuentre en los límites sanitarios de descarga de alcantarilla, o llevarlo afuera y colocarlo correctamente. Las aguas residuales nunca deben tirarse en una calle, un canal, un estacionamiento o un drenaje.

Filtrar Aguas Residuales
Las aguas residuales de la limpieza de alfombras deben ser filtradas antes de descargarlas en la alcantarilla sanitaria puesto que las fibras y otros desperdicios en las aguas residuales pueden estropear o tapar las pipas. El material filtrado puede ser colocado en la basura, a condición de que la basura no sea contaminada con agentes químicos peligrosos.

Para reportar descargas ilegales o para mas información sobre la prevención de la contaminación de drenaje, llame al

1 (800) CLEANUP

o visite nuestros sitios de Internet:

www.sbcounty.gov/stormwater
www.1800cleanup.org

San Bernardino County
STORMWATER PROGRAM

NOTICE

! DISCHARGE INTO OUR WATERWAYS, ACCIDENTAL OR NOT, CAN LEAD TO ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS, WHICH CAN INCLUDE FINES.

WHEN WORKING WITH CONCRETE USE THE 3Cs

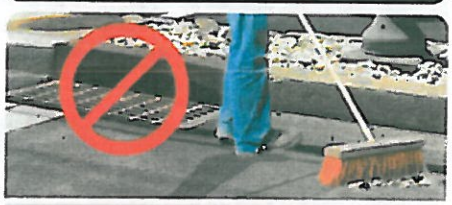
CONTROL

Locate the nearest storm drain and ensure nothing can enter or be discharged into it. Use plastic covers and sandbags when working within 50' of a storm drain or catch basin.

CONTAIN

Isolate area and secure bags of cement after they are open. Keep cement, sand and aggregate (wet/dry) and slurries from saw cutting, from flowing into the streets, gutter and storm drains or being blown away. Cover bags of cement in case of rain.

CAPTURE



Sweep dry residue or vacuum wet concrete residue and dispose of properly. Create a designated washout area for equipment and tools and place away from driveways and storm drains. Dispose of concrete/plaster waste and rinsewater by hauling off to an approved disposal site.

To report illegal dumping, call **(877) WASTE18** or visit **sbcountystormwater.org**

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION

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AVISO

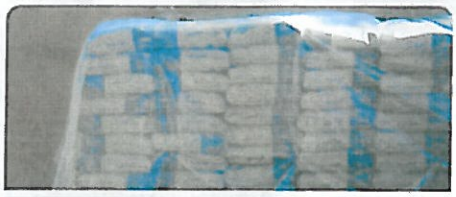
! LA DESCARGA EN NUESTRAS VÍAS FLUVIALES, DE FORMA ACCIDENTAL O NO, PUEDE LLEVAR A TOMAR MEDIDAS PARA CUMPLIR CON LA LEY QUE PUEDEN INCLUIR MULTAS.

CUANDO TRABAJE CON CONCRETO APLIQUE LAS 3 C

CONTROL

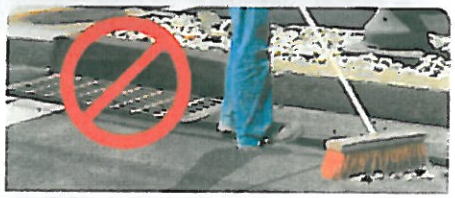
Ubique el desagüe pluvial más cercano y asegúrese de que nada pueda entrar en él o que pueda descargarse allí. Use cubiertas de plástico y bolsas de arena cuando trabaje a una distancia de 50' de un desagüe pluvial o sumidero.

CONTENCIÓN



Aísle el área y asegure las bolsas de cemento una vez que las haya abierto. Impida que el cemento, la arena y los componentes del concreto (secos y húmedos) y los residuos acuosos resultantes después de cortar con sierra, fluyan hacia la calle, la alcantarilla y los desagües o que se vuelen con el viento.
Cubra las bolsas de cemento en caso de lluvia.

CAPTURA



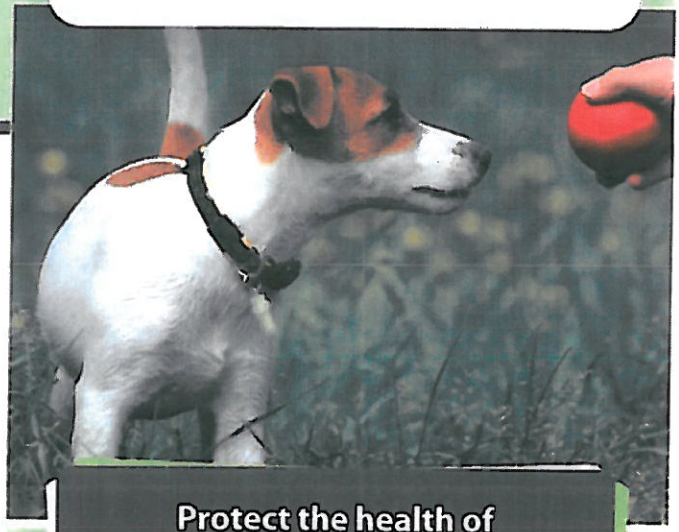
Barra los residuos secos o limpie con una aspiradora los residuos de concreto húmedo y elimínelos en forma apropiada. Cree un área específica para enjuagar equipos y herramientas, y colóquela lejos de las entradas de automóviles y de los desagües pluviales.
Deshecha los residuos de concreto o yeso y el agua de enjuague, llevándolos a un sitio aprobado para su eliminación.

Para informar sobre el vaciado ilegal de residuos, llame al **(877) WASTE18** o visite el sitio: **sbcountystormwater.org**

PREVENCIÓN DE CONTAMINACIÓN DE AGUAS PLUVIALES EN EL CONDADO DE SAN BERNARDINO

Big Bear • Chino • Chino Hills • Colton • Fontana • Grand Terrace • Highland • Loma Linda • Montclair • Ontario • Rancho Cucamonga • Redlands
Rialto • San Bernardino • Condado de San Bernardino • Distrito de Control de Inundaciones del Condado de San Bernardino • Upland • Yucaipa

PICK UP
After Your Pet!



Protect the health of your pet and the environment

For more information about current campaigns visit **sbcountystormwater.org/dog**

facebook.com/sbcountystormwater

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San Bernardino County Stormwater Program

WHY IT MATTERS

PROTECT YOUR FAMILY AND YOUR PET

- Dog waste can infect children and adults with disease-causing bacteria and parasites.
- Your dog can get infected from the waste of other dogs.

PROTECT OUR ENVIRONMENT

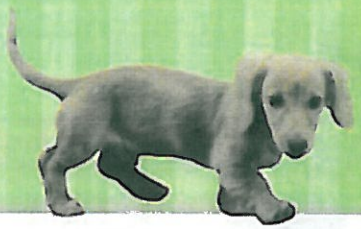
Leaving dog waste on the streets or on your property can have a negative impact on water quality. Pet waste that's not disposed of properly flows untreated through the storm drain system and directly into our local water bodies. Pet waste is a pollutant that contains nutrients, parasites and bacteria that can affect the quality of our rivers and the ocean and make the water unsafe for swimming, drinking or fishing.

BAG IT AND TRASH IT

It's that simple to protect our health and the environment!

- Keep a supply of bags near your dog leash or tie them to the leash
- Use a poop scooper
- Bring several plastic bags with you
- Reuse plastic grocery bags or purchase special doggie waste bags at pet supplies stores
- Make sure your pet's waste gets into a trash can

Encourage your neighbors and other pet owners to do the right thing and pick up after their pets.



¡RECOJA los desechos de sus mascotas!

Proteja la salud de su mascota y el medio ambiente

Si desea más información, visite
sbcountystormwater.org/dog

facebook.com/sbcountystormwater

San Bernardino County Stormwater Program

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POR QUÉ ES IMPORTANTE

PROTEJA
A SU FAMILIA Y A SU MASCOTA

- Los desechos de los perros pueden infectar a niños y adultos con enfermedades causadas por bacterias y parásitos.
- Su perro puede contraer una infección de los desechos de otros perros.

PROTEJA
EL MEDIO AMBIENTE

Dejar desechos de perros en la calle o en su propiedad puede tener un impacto negativo en la calidad del agua. Los desechos de mascotas que no se eliminan de la propiedad fluyen sin tratamiento por el sistema de drenaje de tormentas y llegan directamente a las masas de agua locales. Los desechos de mascotas son agentes contaminantes que contienen nutrientes, parásitos y bacterias que pueden afectar la calidad de nuestros ríos y océanos, y hacer que el agua no sea segura para nadar, beber o pescar.

COLÓQUELA EN UNA BOLSA Y TÍRELA EN LA BASURA

Así de simple es proteger nuestra salud y el medio ambiente.

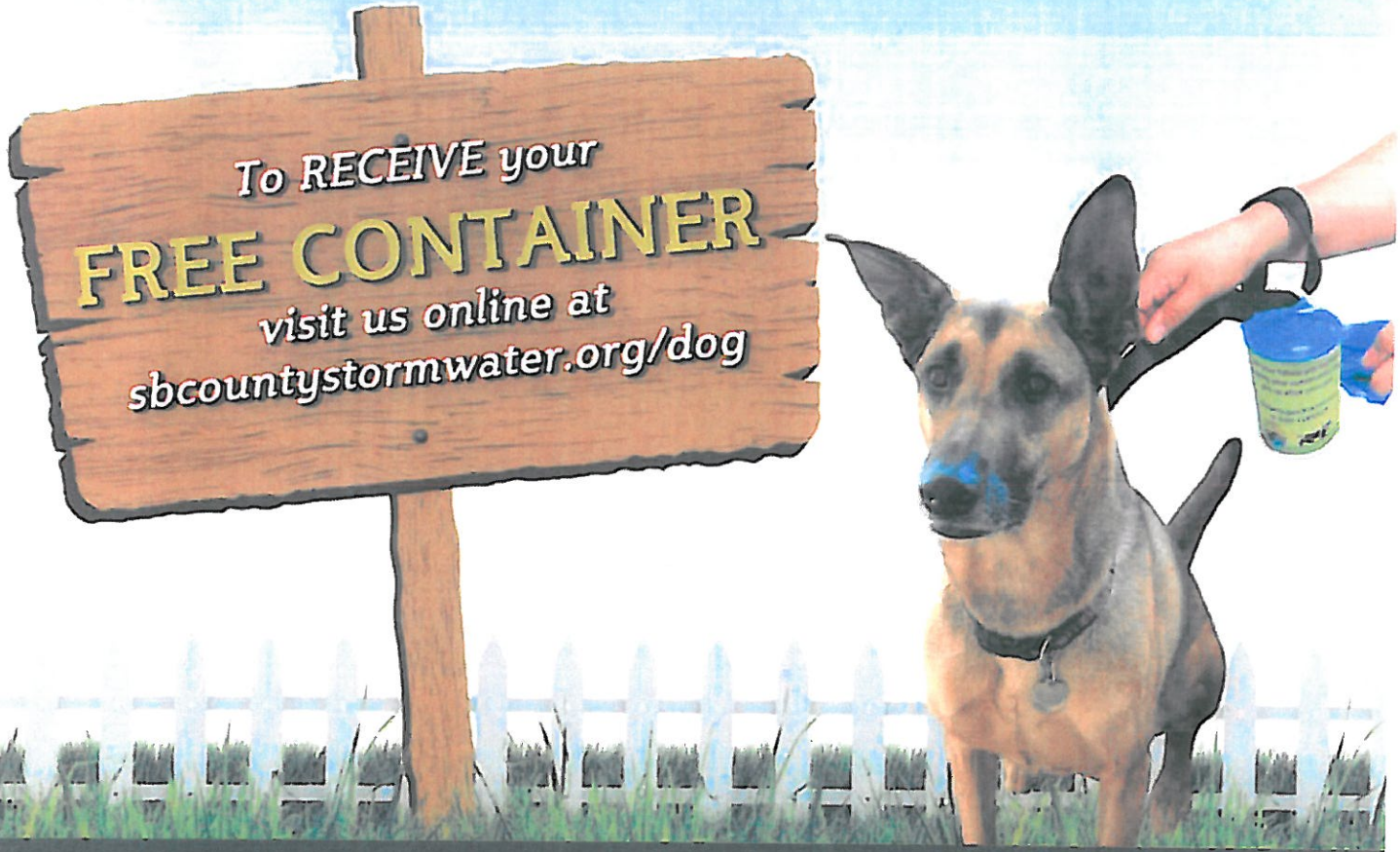
- Guarde algunas bolsas cerca de la correa de su perro o átelas a la correa;
- Use una cuchara para recojer el desecho;
- Lleve varias bolsas plásticas;
- Reutilice bolsas plásticas de comestibles o compre bolsas especiales para desechos de perros en las tiendas para mascotas;
- Asegúrese de tirar los desechos de su perro en un cesto de basura.

Aliente a sus vecinos y otros dueños de mascotas a hacer lo correcto y levantar los desechos de sus mascotas.

PET WASTE DISPOSAL

FREE
DOGGIE WASTE BAGS

Remember to pick up after your pet every time to keep San Bernardino County clean and healthy!



In the event of a spill or discharge to a storm drain or waterway, contact San Bernadino County Stormwater immediately: (877) WASTE18 | sbcountystormwater.org/report

sbcountystormwater.org

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