BUILDING A BETTER TOMORROW

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR

ENDED JUNE 30, 2017











City of Ontario, California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017

Prepared By: Fiscal Services Department



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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Introductory Section





(909) 395-2000 FAX (909) 395-2070

PAUL S. LEON MAYOR

ALAN D. WAPNER
MAYOR PRO TEM

JIM W. BOWMAN
DEBRA DORST-PORADA
RUBEN VALENCIA
COUNCIL MEMBERS

December 21, 2017

SCOTT OCHOA CITY MANAGER

SHEILA MAUTZ CITY CLERK

JAMES R. MILHISER

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Ontario:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Ontario for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report provides a broad view of the City's financial activities for the 2016-17 Fiscal Year and its financial position as of June 30, 2017. Although addressed to the elected officials and the citizens of the City, this report has a number of other users. Foremost among these other users are bondholders of the City, financial institutions, credit rating agencies, educational institutions, and other governmental entities. In producing a CAFR, the City of Ontario has chosen to provide financial information that is significantly greater than that which is required under state law.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the information presented in the CAFR as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe that the information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position of the City and the results of its operations; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The management of the City has established a system of internal control that is designed to assure that the assets of the City are safeguarded against loss, theft, or misuse. The system of internal control also assures that the accounting system compiles reliable financial data for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives will be met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Ontario's financial statements have been audited by LSL CPAs and Advisors, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Ontario for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Ontario's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Ontario was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Ontario's separately issued Single Audit Report.

This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) included in this report on page 3 to obtain the most complete assessment of the City's current financial status and its future prospects.

Profile of the Government

Founded as a "Model Colony" in 1881 and one of California's first planned communities, the City of Ontario was incorporated in 1891. Located in western San Bernardino County at the base of the San Gabriel Mountains, the City of Ontario is approximately 35 miles inland from downtown Los Angeles and encompasses nearly 50 square miles. Strategically situated in the heart of Southern California and within the hub of Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernardino and Riverside Counties, Ontario is widely recognized as the "center of it all" and is home to an estimated 174,283 people and almost 12,000 businesses. Ontario is advantageously positioned with unique, convenient access to the major I-10, I-210, I-15 and State Route 60 freeway systems as well as the Ontario International Airport (ONT).

The City of Ontario operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The governing council is responsible, amongst other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring both the City's manager and attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with two council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and the four council members are elected at large.

The City of Ontario is a full-service city with approximately 1,207 full-time employees. Services provided include police and fire protection; development including the construction and maintenance

of streets, parks, water and sewer lines, traffic signals and other infrastructure; water, waste water and sanitation services; recreation and community services; and cultural and social programs. In addition to general government activities, the City Council also serves as the Board of Directors for the Ontario Industrial Development Authority, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority, Ontario Public Financing Authority and the Ontario Housing Authority. These activities have therefore been included as an integral part of the City of Ontario's financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.

The Ontario Municipal Code requires that the City Manager present the Annual Operating Budget to the City Council for approval. The Administrative Services Agency, under the direction of the Administrative Services/Finance Director, is responsible for compiling the estimated revenues and appropriations for the City Manager. Prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year, the City Council adopts the Annual Operating Budget at a public budget workshop.

The development of the Fiscal Year Annual Operating Budget begins in January with the dissemination of the budget preparation guidelines. The guidelines include policies and procedures to ensure that the preparation of the budget conforms to fiscal policies and guidelines established by the City Council. Before the Agency budget requests are submitted to the City Manager, the Administrative Services staff reviews and analyze all Agency requests. This review includes comparative analysis of historical and current expenditure levels. The City Manager and the Administrative Services staff then hold meetings with each Agency Head to discuss the budget requests and obtain additional information to assist in the assessment of the requests. A proposed budget is then submitted to City Council for consideration in June. The budget must be approved by City Council before the start of the new fiscal year: July 1st.

The City's budget policy is that all appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Outstanding encumbrance balances at fiscal year end require re-approval by City Council at the First Budget Update. City Council may amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. Budget reports are presented to City Council and the public on a quarterly basis. They include appropriations adjustments and revised revenue projections as needed. The City Manager may authorize budget transfers between line items, programs and agencies as long as the total budget does not exceed the amount approved by City Council. Budgetary changes between funds require City Council approval. The level of budgetary controls is set at the Agency level by fund to ensure compliance with the budget as approved by City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Additional information regarding the City's general budget policies can be found in the Required Supplementary Information.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The local economy is continuing to show signs of growth, with consumer confidence at high levels, combined with healthy gains in employment and home values. Consumers continue to be optimistic for the future, as reflected in the strong Consumer Confidence Index of 125.9 for October 2017; this at the highest levels since December 2000. Gross Domestic Product (GDP), the broadest measure of economic output, increased significantly at 3 percent for the third quarter of 2017. This is a major gain compared to the minimal increase of 0.7 percent reported for the first quarter of the year. In addition, the national labor market continues to create enough jobs to keep up with the population

and labor force growth; these job gains are reflected in a steady unemployment rate experienced in the State of California and locally in the Inland Empire region.

Home Values are improving as demonstrated by the strong gain of 7.5 percent compared to the prior year in the median sale price of single-family homes in the Inland Empire for September 2017. This increase in home values is mainly the result of home buyers being pushed out of the Los Angeles and Orange County housing markets due to the higher home prices in those regions. However, home sales declined slightly at 4 percent due to the reduced availability of homes for sale and more renters deciding to stay where they are at than purchase a home.

Sales tax revenue for the second quarter 2016 declined at 4.1 percent compared to the same quarter a year ago, primarily the result of the loss of a major sales tax producer in the City and the slowing of vehicle sales. Although the City experienced a decrease in sales tax revenue growth, the reduction is much smaller than the discouraging decline of 16.8 percent for the first quarter 2016. The weakening sales tax revenue appears to be leveling off, however, this trend of reduced or flat growth of sales tax revenue may continue through 2018.

The California State Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) is considerably underfunded, primarily due to the lower than projected earning rates combined with significant investment losses incurred during the Great Recession. All of this has contributed to dramatic increases to the City's CalPERS contribution rates. With the recent adoption of amortization and smoothing policy changes by the CalPERS Board to address the severity of the underfunding, significant employer contribution rate increases have already begun. CalPERS' proposed rates will increase by approximately 80 percent by Fiscal Year 2022-23.

The CalPERS Board approved in December 2016 lowering the discount rate assumption, the long-term rate of return, from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent over the next three years. This will increase employer contribution costs by approximately \$4.9 million to the City's General Fund beginning in Fiscal Year 2018-19 and, by Fiscal Year 2022-23, the increase is \$21.0 million. The City's CalPERS pension expense will increase an average of 12.5 percent over the next five years, while the projected General Fund revenue growth will only be approximately 4.0 percent. Without future major revenue growth and limits on expenditures, the City will be facing a significant constraint on operating budgets in upcoming fiscal years.

The overall economy is projected to grow moderately over the next couple of years due to continued stagnant wage growth, the potential negative impact to the domestic economy resulting from the unstable global economic landscape, and the Federal Reserve's current actions to taper back its bond purchases (quantitative easing), which has kept borrowing costs low. In addition, Ontario needs to be cognizant of a potential decline or flat growth in sales tax revenues for calendar years 2017 and 2018 due to the relocation of a major sales tax generator out of the City and the slowing of auto sales. This is only partially offset by new business attraction, as the City continues its dynamic economic development strategies to bring new businesses and jobs to Ontario. The City will also be experiencing rapidly increasing pension expenses that will far-out-pace the growth in revenue in the forthcoming fiscal years. Other major challenges the City continues to contend with locally are the rapidly rising cost of medical benefits for active employees and the unfunded liabilities for retiree medical benefits. Also, the City should be mindful that in providing City services, including law enforcement and fire suppression to Ontario International Airport Authority (OIAA), there is an absorption cost factor to consider. In order for the City to successfully manage these significant budget issues, it is recommended that Ontario practice fiscal discipline and establish proactive measures to safely navigate these upcoming fiscal challenges.

Long-Term Financial Plan

In addition to managing the City's money in a manner that ensures Ontario is financially stable, the City's long-term goals, efforts and actions include: focusing resources in Ontario's commercial and residential neighborhoods; investing in the City's infrastructure; maintaining the current high level of public safety; providing enhanced recreational, educational and cultural activities; and investing in the growth and evolution of the City's economy.

Ontario's commitment to infrastructure improvements is demonstrated by the City's five-year Capital Improvement Program that includes projects such as:

- \$ 32,094,475 in street and traffic improvements, and
- \$ 24,678,755 in public facilities, parks improvements, and
- \$ 14,100,000 in water, sewer, storm drain and miscellaneous improvement projects

The City of Ontario has, through prudent long-range policy decisions and sound fiscal management, maintained its position as an economic leader in Southern California. It is hoped that Ontario's well-balanced economic base will allow the City to ride out the on-going financial crisis with the least possible impacts to service levels. The City will continue to monitor key economic indicators, sources of revenues, and spending levels as part of its sound conservative fiscal approach.

During the next few years, the City of Ontario will continue to be faced with exciting new developments as well as formidable economic challenges. Through the combined leadership of City Council and the implementation of its prudent fiscal policies, the City has been able to enhance service levels to the community, invest in capital project to enhance public facilities and infrastructure, and continue programs that promote its standing as the economic leader in the Inland Empire and a formidable player in California and the nation. The development of the Ontario Ranch, completion of the soccer complex and a community events center as well as projects currently underway in the Civic Center and The Ontario Center, will provide a mixed retail-housing component as well as enhanced cultural opportunities for residents, while contributing to Ontario's reputation as the place to live, work, and play.

Relevant Financial Policies

Fund Balance Policy

The City's Fund Balance Policy, which was approved in June 2011, established the procedures for reporting unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund financial statements. Certain commitments and assignments of the fund balance will help ensure that there will be adequate financial resources to protect the City against unforeseen circumstances and events such as revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures. The policy also authorizes and directs the Administrative Services/Fiscal Services Department in preparing financial reports that accurately categorize fund balance as per Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

Included in the Fund Balance Policy is the 18 Percent Stabilization Plan. This is the goal of City Council to achieve a minimum of 18 percent of the annual general fund appropriations, as Assigned Fund Balance in the general fund. This is intended to be used for specific and defined emergency

events, such as an earthquake, to address immediate needs in resources without impacting City services and to minimize the potential for disruption of municipal services to its citizens. As of June 30, 2017, the City's General Fund had an assigned fund balance for the stability arrangement of \$45.35 million, which is approximately 20 percent of the General Fund Adopted Budget for Fiscal Year 2017-18.

This 20 percent of the General Fund is separate from the General Fund Contingency, also established in the Fund Balance Policy. The City's General Fund Contingency consists of amounts formally set aside and/or arrangements to maintain amounts for working capital needs, contingencies and contractual obligations. Committed amounts under General Fund Contingency include: Economic Uncertainties, Compensated Absences, Contractual Obligations, Public Safety Equipment, Communications/Computer Dispatch, City Facilities, and Events Center Capital Equipment.

Major Initiatives

Complete Community

Ontario is building a "Complete Community" that provides sustainable places to live, work and play. Ontario is evolving into an urban landscape of activity centers – complete with a full range of educational opportunities and health care providers, high paying jobs, a diverse mix of housing and rich in cultural and recreational amenities.

Ontario's Urban Lifestyle Project includes the Ontario Ranch – the 8,200 acre master planned development where new homes and commercial space are artfully woven into unique communities where families can gather at clubhouses, parks and retail centers.

Service to the Community

The City Manager continues to emphasize the importance of service to the community by implementing "We Think Ontario," an employee orientation program that lays out the City's business strategy and approach to serving the community. In addition, the "Approach to Public Service" is currently being implemented citywide through each City agency. This "Approach to Public Service" emphasizes that City employees "choose public service to make a positive impact on the community". The three principles behind this approach are the following:

- Be Committed to the Community Whatever job you do, do it well!
- *Achieve Excellence Through Teamwork* Take ownership of your job and support other team members.
- Do the Right Thing the Right Way Focus on what is important and never compromise integrity.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ontario for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twenty eighth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the annual certificate for excellence, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must also satisfy both generally acceptable accounting principles

and applicable legal requirements. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report conforms to the GFOA Certificate of Achievement Program and are submitting it for review and consideration.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Fiscal Services Department and the Administrative Services Senior Administrative Assistant who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor, City Council and the City Manager for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Ontario's finances.

Sincerely,

Grant D. Yee

Administrative Services/Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Ontario California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Jeffrey R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

City of Ontario

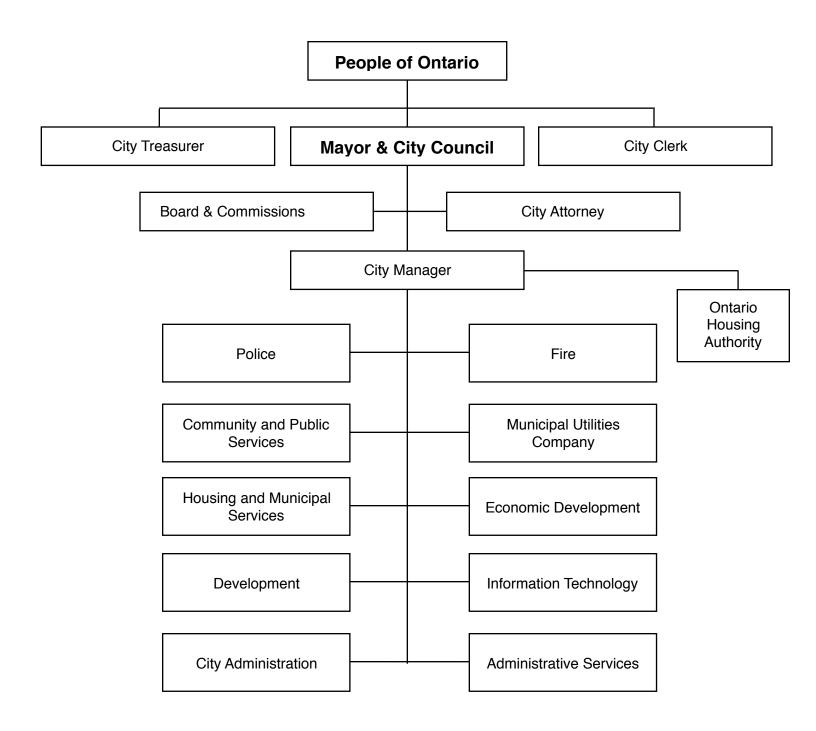
Elected Officials

Mayor	Paul S. Leon
Mayor Pro Tem	Alan D Wapner
	Jim W. Bowman
	Debra Dorst-Porada
	Ruben Valencia
City Treasurer	James R. Milhiser
City Treasurer	James R. Milhisei Sheila Mautz

Administration and Executive Management

City Manager/Executive Director of the Housing Authority	Scott Ochoa
Assistant City Manager	Al C. Boling
City Attorney	_
Police Chief	
Fire Chief	_
Community & Public Services Director	Mark Chase
Utilities General Manager	Scott Burton
Housing and Municipal Services Director	
Economic Development Director	
Development Director	Hassan Haghani
Information Technology Director	
Administrative Services/Finance Director	

City of Ontario



Financial Section





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ontario, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Ontario, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ontario, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ontario, California, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Quiet Home Program, Measure I, Ontario Housing Authority, the modified approach for the City's infrastructure assets, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratio, the schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, AB 1600 Development Impact Fee Annual Report, the Development Impact Fee Projects Expenditures, the Five-Year Revenue Test Using First in First out Method are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, AB 1600 Development Impact Fee Annual Report, the Development Impact Fee Projects Expenditures, the Five-Year Revenue Test Using First in First out Method are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ontario, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California

December 18, 2017

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Ontario's (City) financial performance provides an introduction and overview to the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This narrative discussion and analysis focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts; therefore, the information presented here should be considered in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Letter of Transmittal and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide

- Total assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.76 billion (net position). Of this amount, \$508.89 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- For the year ended June 30, 2017, total net position increased by \$101.53 million before a \$159.87 million restatement. Total revenues from all sources were \$456.42 million and total expenses for all functions/programs were \$354.88 million.
- Of total revenues, program revenues were \$279.55 million and general revenues were \$176.87 million. Program revenues are broken into three categories: Charges for Services, \$179.14 million; Operating Contributions and Grants, \$10.35 million; and Capital Contributions and Grants, \$90.05 million.

Fund Based

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the assigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$52.08 million. The assigned portion of \$45.35 million represents the City Council's goal to achieve a minimum of 18 percent of the annual general fund appropriations (stabilization policy).
- For the General Fund, actual resources (inflows) available for appropriation were \$349.96 million, which was less than the final budget of \$357.57 million by \$7.61 million. Actual charges (outflows) of \$234.68 million were \$11.51 million less than the final budget of \$246.19 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Ontario and its component units as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, 2) *Fund Financial Statements* and 3) *Notes to the Financial Statements*. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial picture. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The **Statement of Net Position** is measured as the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflow of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. This is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as an indicator of whether or not its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information on how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods; (e.g., uncollected taxes or earned but unused vacation leaves).

In both the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including General Government (City Council, City Manager's Department, Records Management, Management Services, Revenue Services, and Fiscal Services), Public Safety, Community Development, Library, and Public Works. Revenues from property taxes, transient occupancy tax (TOT), sales tax, parking tax, business license tax, etc., finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – The City charges a fee to customers to recover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, solid waste, and Information Technology (IT) Fiber operations are reported in this category.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include not only the City, known as the primary government, but also the legally separate component units. The Ontario Housing Authority, the Industrial Development Authority, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority, and the Ontario Public Financing Authority are known as Blended Component Units. Although legally separate, these component units function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements are designed to report information about groupings (funds) of related accounts, which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The City uses all three types, each using different accounting methods.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the *government-wide financial statements*, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the *government-wide financial statements*. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty individual governmental funds. These funds report financial transactions using the modified accrual accounting method. Information for six out of the twenty funds are presented separately in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The following six funds are considered to be major funds: General Fund, Quiet Home Program Fund, Measure I Fund, Ontario Housing Authority Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Impact Fees Fund. Data for other governmental funds (non-major) are combined into a single presentation as part of the additional required supplementary information. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements that follow the notes to the financial statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Project Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds are primarily used to account for when the City charges for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City. These funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, using an accrual basis of accounting. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities that is reported in the government-wide financial statements but provide more detail information, such as the statement of cash flows. The City uses internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as Equipment Services, Self-Insurance, Information Technology and Other Post Employment Benefit funds. Since these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. In these cases, the City has a fiduciary responsibility and is acting as a trustee. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position separately reports all of the City's fiduciary activities. The City excludes these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. However, the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements, and it is an integral part of the financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental and proprietary funds. These combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found immediately following the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This analysis will focus on the City's net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Management has included comparative data from fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 in its analysis.

Net Position (Table 1)
(in millions)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Government-Wide Totals			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 707.11	\$ 501.56	\$ 358.45	\$ 327.90	\$ 1,065.56	\$ 829.46		
Capital Assets	1,007.95	977.47	213.40	207.43	1,221.35	1,184.90		
Total Assets	1,715.06	1,479.03	571.85	535.33	2,286.91	2,014.36		
Deferred Charges on Refunding	-	-	0.97	1.02	0.97	1.02		
Deferred Pension Related Items	54.53	18.72	7.06	1.86	61.59	20.58		
Total Deferred Outflows	54.53	18.72	8.03	2.88	62.56	21.60		
Long-term Debt Outstanding	419.40	357.91	90.82	86.04	510.22	443.95		
Other Liabilities	52.80	55.40	15.99	13.57	68.79	68.97		
Total Liabilities	472.20	413.31	106.81	99.61	579.01	512.92		
Deferred Pension Related Items	8.42	21.37	0.36	1.40	8.78	22.77		
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	8.42	21.37	0.36	1.40	8.78	22.77		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in Capital Asset	940.35	908.31	143.66	136.34	1,084.01	1,044.65		
Restricted	168.76	156.44	-	1.53	168.76	157.97		
Unrestricted	179.85	(1.67)	329.05	299.34	508.90	297.66		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,288.96	\$ 1,063.07	\$ 472.71	\$ 437.20	\$ 1,761.67	\$ 1,500.27		

The City's Government-wide total net position was \$1.76 billion, with assets of \$2.29 billion, deferred outflows of \$62.56 million, liabilities of \$579.01 million and deferred inflows of \$8.78 million. The net investment in capital assets of \$1.08 billion represents 62 percent of the City's total net position. This is an increase of \$39.36 million from the previous year. The net investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, structures and improvements, furniture and equipment) component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any related outstanding debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are **not** available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another portion of the City's net position of \$168.76 million (10 percent of the total net position) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions in how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$508.90 million or 29 percent of the total net position (unrestricted position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors within the program areas.

Overall Financial Activities

Overall the City's financial position increased from the prior year by \$101.53 million (see Table 2 on the following page).

The overall cost of all governmental and business-type activities this year was \$354.88 million and was an overall net increase of \$41.64 million or 13 percent compared to the prior year. This is primarily due to increase in public safety personnel attributed to the Ontario International Airport (ONT) and increased CalPERS contribution rates; community development due to the acquisition of land and improvements for Celebration Park located in the Ontario Ranch; and public works due to various street and storm drain projects.

Total revenue of all governmental and business-type activities was \$456.41 million for this fiscal year; an increase of \$67.45 million or 17 percent. Program revenues were \$279.55 million and general revenues were \$176.87 million. The largest single revenue category was Charges for Services, at \$179.14 million, which is *program revenue*. This revenue goes directly against the expenses in recovering the costs of providing those services. Charges for Services revenue increased by \$14.64 million or 9 percent. Sales Taxes, which are considered *general revenues*, were the second largest revenue at \$86.17 million. The third largest revenue source was Capital Contributions and Grants, another *program revenue* source, at \$78.83 million. Capital Contributions and Grants revenue increased \$44.66 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Property Taxes at \$53.41 million was the fourth largest revenue category.

Changes in Net Position (Table 2) (in millions)

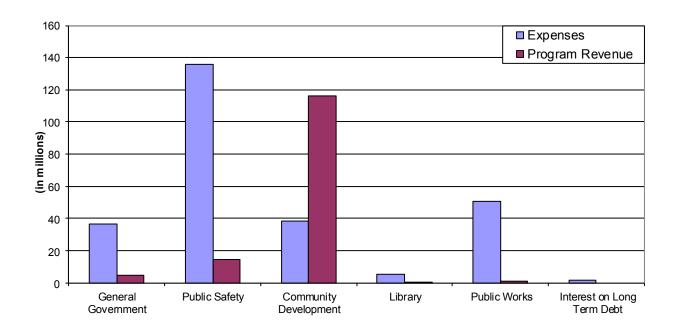
	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Government-Wide Totals			
	2017 2016		2017 2016				2017	2016				
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	53.85	\$	42.68	\$	125.29	\$	121.82	\$	179.14	\$	164.50
Operating Contributions and Grants		10.22		8.71		0.13		0.17		10.35		8.88
Capital Contributions and Grants		78.83		35.63		11.22		3.51		90.05		39.14
Sub-total Program Revenues		142.90		87.02		136.65		125.50		279.55		212.52
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes		53.41		60.34		-		-		53.41		60.34
Sales Taxes		86.17		78.53		-		-		86.17		78.53
Business License Taxes		7.17		6.95		-		-		7.17		6.95
Franchise Taxes		3.02		3.41		-		-		3.02		3.41
Transient Occupancy Taxes		13.89		13.09		-		-		13.89		13.09
Other Taxes		4.05		4.11		-		-		4.05		4.11
Motor Vehicle In-Lieu		0.08		0.07		-		-		0.08		0.07
Use of Money and Property		2.62		5.42		1.09		2.51		3.71		7.93
Gain on Sale of Capital Asset		1.95		-		-		-		1.95		-
Other		3.41		2.00		0.01		0.01		3.42		2.01
Sub-total General Revenues		175.77		173.93		1.10		2.52		176.87		176.44
Total Revenues	\$	318.67	\$	260.95	\$	137.75	\$	128.02	\$	456.41	\$	388.96
Expenses												
General government	\$	36.66	\$	40.01	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36.66	\$	40.01
Public safety		136.03		125.88		-		-		136.03		125.88
Community development		38.55		19.11		-		-		38.55		19.11
Library		5.03		4.85		-		-		5.03		4.85
Public works		50.70		38.10		-		-		50.70		38.10
Interest on long-term debt		1.63		1.71		-		-		1.63		1.71
Water		-		-		41.41		42.64		41.41		42.64
Sewer		-		-		17.21		15.97		17.21		15.97
Solid Waste		-		-		26.66		24.97		26.66		24.97
I.T. Fiber						0.99		_		0.99		-
Total Expenses	\$	268.60	\$	229.67	\$	86.28	\$	83.58	\$	354.88	\$	313.24
Change in Net Position before Transfers	\$	50.06	\$	31.28	\$	51.47	\$	44.44	\$	101.53	\$	75.72
Transfers		15.96		24.79		(15.96)		(24.79)		-		-
Change in Net Position	\$	66.02	\$	56.07	\$	35.50	\$	19.65	\$	101.53	\$	75.72
Restatement of Net Position		159.87		-		-		-		159.87		-
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,063.07		1,007.00		437.20		417.56		1,500.27		1,424.56
Net Position at End of Year	\$	1,288.97	\$	1,063.07	\$	472.71	\$	437.21	\$	1,761.67	\$	1,500.28

Governmental Activities

Under the governmental activities, the City's *net position* increased by \$66.03 million after a net difference between revenue and expense, transfers of \$15.96 million and restatement of \$159.87 million. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$268.60 million or 76 percent of the government-wide total expenses and was an increase of \$38.93 million or 17 percent.

Graph 1 below presents the costs of each of the City's six governmental functions – general government, public safety, community development, library, public service and interest on long-term debt, as well the governmental program's revenues. The net cost (total cost less *program revenues*) is the amount that was paid from *general revenues*.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities (Graph 1)



Expenses in *General Government* were \$36.66 million or 14 percent of total Governmental Activities expenses. Of this amount, \$4.89 million was funded by program revenues, while the remaining \$31.77 million was funded by general revenues. General Government expenses decreased by \$3.35 million or 8 percent. This decrease was primarily the result of declining expenditures related to transition of the Ontario International Airport from Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA) to Ontario International Airport Authority (OIAA).

Public Safety expenses were \$136.03 million or 51 percent of the total Governmental Activities expenses. Of this amount, \$14.52 million was funded by program revenues while the remaining \$121.51 million was funded by general revenues. Public safety expenses increased \$10.15 million or 8 percent compared to the previous year attributed to the increased public safety grants and increase in public safety personnel to service Ontario International Airport (ONT).

Expenses in *Community Development* were \$38.55 million or 14 percent of the total Governmental Activities expenditures. These expenses increased by \$19.44 million due to the acquisition of the land and improvements for the Celebration Park located in Ontario Ranch. Program revenues relating to the funding of community development activities amounted to \$122.58 million. The majority of program revenues resulted from capital contributions and grants of \$77.99 million and charges for services of \$42.26 million.

The *Library* had expenses of \$5.03 million or 2 percent of the total Governmental Activities expenses. Of this amount \$0.13 million was funded by program revenues, while the remaining \$4.9 million was funded by general revenues.

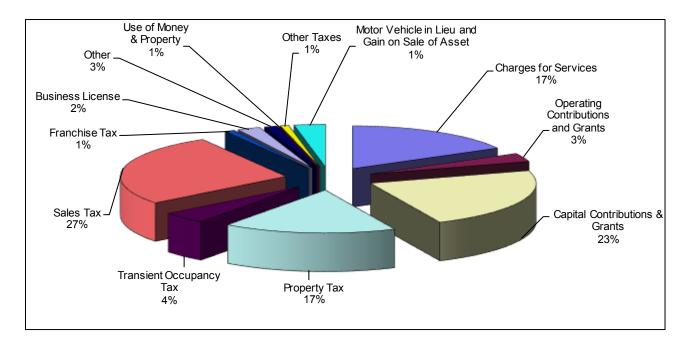
Public Works expenses were \$50.70 million or 19 percent of the total Governmental Activities expenses. Of this amount, \$0.76 million was funded by program revenues, while the remaining \$49.94 million was funded by general revenues. Public Works expenses increased by \$12.60 million due to various street and storm drain projects during the fiscal year.

Interest on long-term debt had expenses of \$1.63 million or less than 1 percent of Governmental Activities and is funded entirely by general revenues.

Graph 2 below present governmental activities revenue by source. Total revenue for governmental activities was \$318.67 million; an increase of \$57.22 million or 22 percent. The four largest revenue sources under Governmental Activities were the categories of Sales Taxes, Capital Contributions and Grants, Charges for Services and Property Taxes

Sales Tax revenue (general revenue) was \$86.17 million or 27 percent of total governmental activities revenue. It had an increase of \$7.64 million 10 percent compared to the previous year. Capital Contributions and Grants (program revenue) was \$78.83 million. It increased by \$43.20 million from the previous year due to Measure I project reimbursements for Vineyard Grade Separation project as well as bond proceeds for Community Facilities Districts (CFD) 24 and 28. Charges for Services (program revenue) was \$53.85 million or 17 percent of the total governmental activities revenue. The fourth largest revenue source was Property Tax revenue (general revenue) was \$53.41 million or 17 percent of total governmental activities revenue. Property Tax revenue decreased by \$6.93 million or 12 percent due to a one-time receipt of excess distribution from the Residual Property Tax Trust Fund in the prior year.

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities (Graph 2)



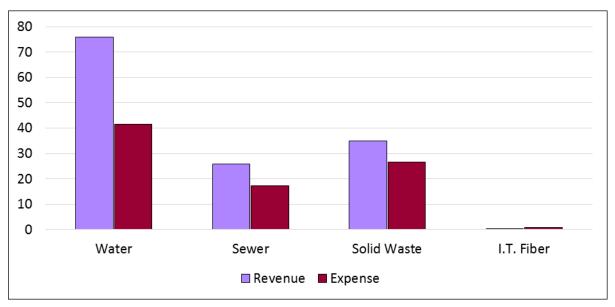
Business-type Activities

Net position for business-type activities at June 30, 2017 were \$472.71 million, with assets of \$571.85 million, deferred outflows of resources of \$8.03 million, liabilities of \$106.81 million and deferred inflows of resources of \$0.36 million. Unrestricted net position of \$329.05 million represented 70 percent of total business-type activities net position; this amount may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations. Net investment in capital assets of \$143.66 million represented 30 percent of the total net position from business-type activities. Compared to the prior year, the City's net position from business-type activities from the prior year increased by \$35.50 million.

Total revenues (excluding transfers) for the City's business-type activities were \$137.75 million, which represented an increase of \$9.73 million or 8 percent from the prior year. Program revenues amounted to \$136.65 million or 99 percent of total business-type related revenue. Program revenues increased by \$11.15 million or 9 percent. General revenues for business-type activities were \$1.10 million. Business-type activities incurred \$86.28 million of expenditures for the year. This is an increase of \$2.70 million or 3 percent compared to the prior year.

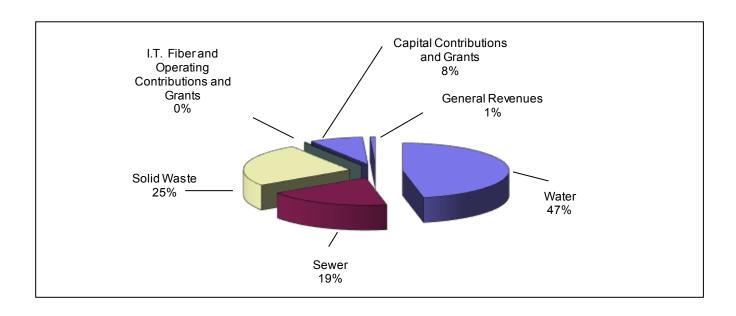
Graph 3 presents the costs of each of the City's business activities and the associated program revenue. Since business-type activities are primarily used when the City charges customers for the services it provides, program revenues (charges for services) should be similar to the costs of these programs and represent the major funding source for these activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities (Graph 3) (in millions)



Graph 4 presents revenues by source for business-type activities. *Charges for services account* for \$125.29 million or 91 percent of total business-type activities revenues (before transfers), while the remaining 9 percent is from *capital contributions and grants* (\$11.22 million), *operating contributions and grants* (\$0.13 million) and *general revenues* (\$1.10 million). Revenue from Water services is the largest revenue source with \$64.53 million or 47 percent of the total revenues from business-type activities; it had a decrease of \$1.12 million or 2 percent compared to the prior year due to water conservation efforts. The second largest revenue source was revenue from Solid Waste services at \$34.94 million or 25 percent of total business-type activities revenues. Solid Waste services revenue had an increase of \$1.91 million or 6 percent from the previous year due to increased developments in the City.

Revenues by Source – Business-Type Activities (Graph 4)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, the City had six major governmental funds: General Fund, Quiet Home Program Fund, Measure I Fund, Ontario Housing Authority Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Impact Fees Fund. The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is discussed in depth later in the MD&A. The special revenue fund for the Quiet Home Program accounts for revenues received primarily from federal sources and the Los Angeles World Airports which are designated for property acquisition, land use conversion and the noise insulation of residences within the airport contour. The special revenue fund for the Measure I Fund accounts for revenues from a one-half percent sales tax on all retail transactions within the County. The proceeds are to be used for transportation improvements, railroad grade separation projects, and traffic management programs. special revenue fund for the Ontario Housing Authority Fund accounts for low and moderate housing set aside funds to implement various programs and projects to assist in affordable housing. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial transactions of general capital improvements. The capital projects fund for the Impact Fees Fund accounts for developer-paid impact fees for infrastructure construction. Each major fund is discussed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$372.62 million. Approximately 13 percent or \$49.50 million of this total amount constitutes assigned/unassigned fund balance. The remainder fund balance of \$323.12 million is nonspendable (\$33.89 million), restricted (\$168.77 million), and committed (\$120.46 million). Comprising the nonspendable fund balance are: 1) Notes and loans (\$30.04 million); 2) Advances to other funds (\$3.50 million); 3) Prepaid costs, and Inventories (\$0.36 million). For the restricted fund balance (external enforceable limitations on usage), they are as follows: 1) Endowment and trusts (\$0.42 million); 2) Community development projects (\$92.15 million); 3) Public safety, police narcotics, and public services (\$17.62 million) 4) Affordable housing, and bond improvement projects (\$57.56 million); and 5) air quality control activities (\$1.01 million). Included in the committed fund balance (self-imposed limitations on usage) are as follows: 1) City facilities, infrastructure and capital replacement (\$98.40 million); 2) Compensated absences (\$14.35 million); 3) Capital projects (\$7.54 million); and 4) Future obligations (\$0.18 million).

Governmental Revenues

Revenues of governmental funds for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were \$299.61 million, with an increase of \$29.38 million or 11 percent compared to the previous fiscal year. This increase in government revenue is primarily attributable to the increases in the following categories of revenues: Contribution from Property Owners (\$24.68 million) due to receipt of bond proceeds relating to CFDs 24 and 28, and Charges for Service (\$14.82 million) due to increased Impact Fee revenues.

Table 3 below presents a summary of governmental fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative amounts from the prior year.

Comparison of Major Governmental Revenues (Table 3) Fiscal Years 2016-17 and 2015-16

	Amount FY 16-17		% of Total Revenues	Amount FY 15-16	% of Total Revenues	\$ Increase / (Decrease)		% Increase / (Decrease)
Property Tax	\$	53,414,598	17.83%	\$ 62,174,690	23.01%	\$	(8,760,092)	-14.09%
Sales Tax		86,168,797	28.76%	88,526,979	32.76%		(2,358,182)	-2.66%
Transient Occupancy Tax		13,886,637	4.63%	13,090,992	4.84%		795,645	6.08%
Parking Tax		3,181,926	1.06%	3,225,997	1.19%		(44,071)	-1.37%
Business License Tax		7,167,613	2.39%	6,954,932	2.57%		212,681	3.06%
Other Taxes		7,083,261	2.36%	4,294,922	1.59%		2,788,339	64.92%
Licenses & Permits		4,384,727	1.46%	3,845,404	1.42%		539,323	14.03%
Intergovernmental		35,412,862	11.82%	37,492,730	13.87%		(2,079,868)	-5.55%
Contribution from Property Owners		24,682,518	8.24%	-	0.00%		24,682,518	100.00%
Charges for Services		54,446,655	18.17%	39,628,058	14.66%		14,818,597	37.39%
Use of Money & Property		2,576,499	0.86%	5,339,722	1.98%		(2,763,223)	-51.75%
Fines and Forfeitures		1,189,956	0.40%	1,125,237	0.42%		64,719	5.75%
Miscellaneous		6,017,657	2.02%	 4,534,158	1.68%		1,483,499	32.72%
TOTAL	\$	299,613,706	100.00%	\$ 270,233,821	100.00%	\$	29,379,885	10.87%

Governmental Expenditures

Total expenditures for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were \$288.34 million, a decrease of \$1.38 million or less than 1 percent from the prior fiscal year. Increases in Public Safety of \$8.78 million was due to additional personnel hired to service Ontario International Airport (ONT). Increases in Public Works of \$2.83 million was due to increased storm drain projects. These increases were offset to decreases in General Government of \$3.79 million due to the decline in expenditures related to the transition of the airport to OIAA from LAWA, and Community Development of \$9.29 million, mainly attributed to public facility improvements in the prior fiscal years.

Table 4 presents a summary of governmental fund expenditures for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017 with comparative amounts from the prior year.

Comparison of Major Governmental Expenditures (Table 4) Fiscal Years 2016-17 and 2015-16

	Amount FY 16-17	% of T Expendi			Amount FY 15-16	% of Expend		•	Increase / Decrease)	% Increas
General Government	\$ 24,500,521	8	3.50%	\$	28,292,531		9.77%	\$	(3,792,010)	-13.40
Public Safety	136,721,141	47	.42%		127,942,682	4	4.16%		8,778,459	6.86
Community Development	95,398,612	33	3.09%		104,688,312	3	6.13%		(9,289,700)	-8.87
Library	4,654,465	1	.61%		4,568,202		1.58%		86,263	1.89
Public Works	23,834,203	8	3.26%	_	21,003,964		7.25%		2,830,239	13.47
Total Operating Expenditures	285,108,942	98	3.88%		286,495,691	9	8.89%		(1,386,749)	-0.48
Debt Service	3,232,190	1	.12%		3,225,753		1.11%		6,437	0.20
TOTAL	\$ 288,341,132	100	.00%	\$	289,721,444	1	00.0%	\$	(1,380,312)	-0.48

Proprietary Funds

The City's Proprietary funds consist of four Enterprise Funds and three Internal Service Funds. The Internal Service Funds are presented as *Governmental Activities* in the Proprietary Funds financial statements. Individual fund data is provided in the form of *combining statements*.

Operating revenues for Enterprise Funds include sales and service charges, interdepartmental charges and miscellaneous. Total operating revenues for all Enterprise Funds for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were \$120.24 million, while non-operating revenues were \$8.96 million. Operating expenses for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were \$86.27 million while non-operating expenses were \$3.43 million. During the fiscal year, the net amount transferred out to the City's Governmental Funds was \$15.96 million to support for the various governmental activities.

The City also has four internal service funds to allocate costs of the City's information systems, equipment services, risk management, and other post-employment benefits operations to the various departments. The interdepartmental charges for service (revenues) in Fiscal Year 2016-17 were \$39.24 million.

Fiduciary Funds

As mentioned earlier, the City uses Fiduciary Funds to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City, in which the City is acting as trustee. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position reports fifteen activities for which the City has a fiduciary responsibility. These include: the Redevelopment Financing Authority, a JPA formed between the City and the Agency to establish a vehicle to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of new and existing financial instruments; West End Communications Authority, a seven-member JPA that operates and maintains a consolidated 800MHZ communication system designed to serve public safety agencies; the Sanitary Collection Treatment Fund which collects sewer capital assessment fees on behalf of the Inland Empire Utilities Agency; the West End Fire and Emergency Response Commission, a JPA of five local fire departments to establish a hazardous materials response team, an urban search and rescue team and the servicing of joint authority breathing apparatus equipment used for emergency purposes; and the Private Purpose Trust Fund for the Successor Agency of the Former Redevelopment Agency, which was formed upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency. The successor agency is subject to the control of newly established oversight board and can only pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution. Furthermore, it will hold the remaining assets of the former Redevelopment Agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. The remaining nine are assessment/special assessment bond redemption funds and community facility district debt service funds used to collect assessments and administer the debt service of the districts.

GENERAL FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The fund balance of \$115.28 million as of June 30, 2017 had a decrease of \$7.74 million (after a fund balance restatement of negative \$1 million) or 6 percent compared to the prior year. Major factor contributing to the decrease was due to the absorption of unbillable costs per FAA regulations for providing law enforcement and fire suppression services at the Ontario International Airport (ONT). For Fiscal Year 2016-17, the absorption amount was \$6 million, primarily the result of initial start-up costs, restrictions on recouping capital outlay expenditures, and Los Angeles World Airport (LAWA) transition expenses Ontario International Airport Authority (OIAA) is responsible for. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both assigned/unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund operating expenditures. Assigned/unassigned fund balance represents 25 percent of total General Fund operating expenditures, while the total nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance amounts to 75 percent of the same amount.

Total fund balance of the General Fund consists of 4 components: (1) Nonspendable fund balance of \$33.89 million, which represents \$3.50 million in advances to other funds, \$0.21 million in prepaid, \$0.14 in inventory, and \$30.04 notes and loans; (2) Restricted fund balance of \$0.42, which represents endowment and trust; (3) Committed fund balance of \$28.88 million which represents compensated absences of \$14.35 million, infrastructure, city facilities and capital replacement of \$14.35 million, and future obligations of \$0.18 million; and (4) Assigned fund balance of \$52.08 million, which represents stability arrangement of \$45.35 million, continuing appropriations of \$4.78 million, and maintenance trust and equipment replacement of \$1.95 million.

For additional details of the City's General Fund Balance, please refer to Note 11 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

GENERAL FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, General Fund revenues were \$194.76 million, a decline of \$5.72 million or 3 percent from the prior fiscal year. Property tax dropped by \$6.93 million due to a one-time receipt of excess property tax relating to the Former Ontario Redevelopment Agency in the prior year; sales tax decreased \$2.36 million or 3 percent due to the business relocation of one the major sales tax contributor out of the City and the slowing of auto sales.

General Fund Revenues (Table 5)
Fiscal Years 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17

	FY 14-15	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	% of Total	\$ Increase / (Decrease) to Last Year	% of Increase (Decrease)
Property Tax	\$ 49,298,558	\$ 59,900,813	\$ 52,975,647	27.2%	\$ (6,925,166)	-11.6%
Sales Tax	84,294,827	88,526,979	86,168,797	44.2%	(2,358,182)	-2.7%
Transient Occupancy Tax	12,057,576	13,090,992	13,886,637	7.1%	795,645	6.1%
Other Taxes	11,337,041	14,475,851	14,235,877	7.3%	(239,974)	-1.7%
License & Permits	3,283,593	3,845,404	4,384,727	2.3%	539,323	14.0%
Intergovernmental	10,614,755	3,907,737	5,170,893	2.7%	1,263,156	32.3%
Charges for Services	11,200,618	9,102,731	9,960,386	5.1%	857,655	9.4%
Use of Money & Property	1,608,547	2,687,526	1,063,385	0.5%	(1,624,141)	-60.4%
Fines & Forfeitures	1,199,258	1,050,602	1,136,159	0.6%	85,557	8.1%
Miscellaneous	4,229,670	3,891,843	5,776,786	3.0%	1,884,943	48.4%
Totals	\$ 189,124,443	\$ 200,480,478	\$ 194,759,294	100.0%	\$ (5,721,184)	-2.9%

Following is an in-depth analysis of each of the revenue sources.

- Property Tax revenues decreased \$6.93 million or 12 percent, comprising 27 percent of total General Fund revenue. The decrease was due to a one-time receipt of excess property tax relating to the Former Ontario Redevelopment Agency in the prior year.
- Sales Tax revenues experienced a decrease of \$2.36 million or 3 percent from the prior year. Of the total General Fund revenue, 44 percent comes from sales taxes. This decline in revenue is due to the business relocation of one the major sales tax contributor out of the City and the slowing of auto sales.
- Transient Occupancy taxes (TOT) also increased by \$0.80 million or 6 percent; it comprises 7 percent of the City's total General Fund revenue base.
- Other tax revenues include Franchise Fee, Business License Tax, Property Transfer Tax and Parking Tax, comprising 7 percent of the City's total General Fund revenue. This revenue category reflected a slight decrease of \$0.24 million or 2 percent.
- License and Permit revenues experienced an increase of \$0.54 million or 14 percent from the prior year due to increased development and therefore increase licenses and permits in the City.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$1.26 million or 32 percent compared to the previous year due to increased grants in the fiscal year; it comprises 3 percent of the City's total General Fund revenue base.
- Charges for Services increased by \$0.86 million or 9 percent from the previous year.
- Revenues from the Use of Money and Property represent less than 1 percent of total General Fund revenue and experienced a decrease of \$1.62 million from the prior year.
- Fines and Forfeiture increased \$0.09 million and represents less than 1 percent of total General Fund revenues.
- Miscellaneous revenue, representing 3 percent of the General Fund revenue increased \$1.89 million.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total General Fund expenditures were \$208.82 million, an increase of \$5.63 million or 3 percent compared to the previous year.

General Fund Expenditures (Table 6) Fiscal Years 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17

	FY 14-15	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	% of Total	\$ Increase / (Decrease) to Last Year	% of Increase (Decrease)
General Government	\$ 66,907,233	\$ 27,927,390	\$ 24,500,521	11.7%	\$ (3,426,869)	-12.3%
Public Safety	114,392,311	126,156,617	134,053,016	64.2%	7,896,399	6.3%
Community Development	28,739,497	24,165,979	24,285,744	11.6%	119,765	0.5%
Library	4,368,241	4,568,202	4,654,465	2.3%	86,263	1.9%
Public Works	16,224,783	17,146,779	18,105,811	8.7%	959,032	5.6%
Debt Service	3,225,778	3,225,753	3,222,190	1.5%	(3,563)	-0.1%
Totals	\$ 233,857,843	\$ 203,190,720	\$ 208,821,747	100.0%	\$ 5,631,027	2.8%

- General Government expenditures were \$24.50 million, a decrease of \$3.43 million or 12 percent from the prior fiscal year. This decrease is the result of declining expenditures relating to the transition of the airport from LAWA to OIAA.
- Public Safety expenditures were \$134.05 million, an increase of \$7.90 million or 6 percent compared to the previous year. This increase is due to additional public safety personnel to service Ontario International Airport (ONT) as well as increased CalPERS contribution rates.
- Community Development expenditures of \$24.29 million or \$0.12 million more from the prior fiscal year.
- Library expenditures were \$4.65 million, an increase of \$0.09 or 2 percent, primarily in personnel services as a result of employment contracts and rising health and retirement benefit costs.
- Public Works expenditures were \$18.11 million, an increase of \$0.96 or 6 percent compared
 to the previous fiscal year. This is also primarily in personnel services as a result of
 employment contracts and rising health and retirement benefit costs.
- Debt Service expenditures were \$3.22 million, a very slight decrease of less than 1 percent.

QUIET HOME PROGRAM FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The Quiet Home Program Fund accounts for revenues received primarily from federal sources and the Los Angeles World Airports which are designated for specified airport noise mitigation programs, property acquisition, land use conversion and the noise insulation of residences. It is one of the six major funds included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. As of June 30, 2017, its fund balance was \$58.88. Total assets and liabilities of \$58.88 million and \$0.87 million respectively, remained constant as this program has been discontinued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) in the prior fiscal year. This fund still qualifies to be reported as a major fund as its asset exceeds 10 percent of total Governmental Funds assets and exceeds 5 percent of total Governmental and Enterprise Funds assets.

QUIET HOME PROGRAM FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, there was very minimal revenue reported under this fund. This is due to discontinuation of the Quiet Home Program.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, there was zero expenditure due to the discontinuation of the Quiet Home Program.

MEASURE I FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The Measure I Fund accounts for revenues from a one-half percent sales tax on all retail transactions within the County. The proceeds are to be used for transportation improvements, railroad grade separation projects, and traffic management programs. It is one of the six major funds included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2017. The fund balance of (\$11.28) million as of June 30, 2017 had an increase of \$2.02 million compared to the prior year. Total Assets were \$29.19 million, an increase of \$12.82 million or 78 percent. This is primarily the result of increase in accounts receivable of \$14.36 million. Total Liabilities of \$27.50 million, reflected a decrease of \$2.17 million resulted from decreases in Accounts Payable and Deposits Payable.

MEASURE I FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Measure I Fund revenues were \$16.66 million or \$2.30 million less compared to prior year at \$18.96 million. This is primarily due to decreased reimbursement amounts for Measure I funded projects.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Measure I Fund expenditures were \$14.66 million, a decrease of \$19.63 million or 57 percent compared to the prior year. The decline was due to completion of the North Vineyard Grade Separation project and South Milliken Grade Separation project.

ONTARIO HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The Ontario Housing Authority Fund accounts for financial transactions for the Ontario Housing Authority. It is one of the six major funds included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2017. The fund balance of \$22.92 million as of June 30, 2017 had a slight increase of \$0.20 million or less than one percent compared to the prior year. Total Assets were \$32.45 million, an increase of \$0.23 million. Total Liabilities were \$6 million, a very slight decrease from last fiscal year of \$6.02 million.

ONTARIO HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Ontario Housing Authority Fund revenues were \$0.73 million; a decrease of \$0.21 million or less than one percent compared to the prior year.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Ontario Housing Authority Fund expenditures were \$0.53, which is a slight increase compared to the prior fiscal year at \$0.52 million.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial transactions of general capital improvements. It is one of the six major funds included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2017. The fund balance of \$68.81 million as of June 30, 2017 reflected an increase of \$5.01 million or 8 percent compared to the prior year. Total Assets were \$72.41 million; an increase of \$7 million from the previous year, mainly attributable to the increase in cash of \$2.80 million and accounts receivable of \$3.12 million. Total Liabilities of \$2.40 million increased by \$0.79 million due to decreases in accounts payable by the same amount.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Capital Projects Fund revenues were \$10.94 million; a growth of \$7.39 million compared to the prior year. This is mainly attributable to the reimbursement from Union Pacific Railroad for the North Vineyard Grade Separation project and San Bernardino County Flood Control for the Francis Storm Drain project.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Capital Projects Fund expenditures were \$8.64 million; an increase of \$3.14 million due to the Francis Storm Drain project.

IMPACT FEES FUND - FUND BALANCE ANALYSIS

The Impact Fees Fund accounts for revenues from developer-paid impact fees for infrastructure or construction. It is one of the six major funds included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2017. The fund balance of \$90.29 million as of June 30, 2017 reflected an increase of \$5.02 million after a restatement of \$1 million. Total Assets were \$96.07 million; an increase of \$5.47 million from the previous year which is mainly attributable to the net increase in cash of \$11.17 million and (\$4.70) million in accounts receivable. Total Liabilities of \$5.78 million decreased \$0.55 million due to decrease in accounts payable.

IMPACT FEES FUND - REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Revenues

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Impact Fees Fund revenues were \$25.22 million; a decrease of \$2.72 million compared to the prior year due to prior year reimbursement to North Vineyard Grade Separation project.

Expenditures

For Fiscal Year 2016-17, total Impact Fees Fund expenditures were \$20.20 million compared to prior year of \$12.01 million, an increase of \$8.20 million compared to the prior year as a result of increased construction activity relating to the Sixth Street and Francis Storm Drain projects.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City budget several times. Budget revisions fall into three categories. The first category includes carry-forward encumbrances and capital projects that are approved shortly after the beginning of the year. The second category includes changes that the Council makes during the quarterly budget process. Finally, the Council approves supplemental appropriations through-out the year based on individual items that are brought forward by various departments. The General Fund budgetary comparison statement is located in the Basic Financial Statements.

Resources (Inflows)

The budgeted amount for *revenues* (resources available for appropriation) had an increase of \$29.36 million between the original budget of \$205.19 million and the final amended budget of \$234.55 million. The increase was mainly due to budget adjustments for Intergovernmental (\$10.72 million) and Charges for Service (\$10.49 million). Actual revenues were \$7.61 million less than the final amended budget.

Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The difference between the original budget and the final budget was an increase of \$42.88 million in appropriations. Public Safety was increased by \$14.14 million, mainly to fund the costs related to the public safety personnel to service the Ontario International Airport (ONT), increased CalPERS contribution rates and public safety grants. Transfers to Other Funds also increased by \$16.44 million, primarily to fund the Fiber Optics project and other capital projects.

Table 7 on the next page is a comparison of actual inflow and outflow with the final budget.

Budgetary Comparison for General Fund (Table 7) Fiscal Year 2016-17

(in millions)

	Budget Amounts			S	i				Favorable /	
		Original		Final	Va	ariance		Actuals	(Unf	avorable)
Resources (Inflows):										
Taxes	\$	150.70	\$	150.90	\$	(0.20)	\$	167.27	\$	16.37
Licenses and Permits		2.84		3.04		(0.20)		4.38		1.35
Intergovernmental		0.32		11.04		(10.72)		5.17		(5.87)
Charges for Services		10.80		21.28		(10.48)		9.96		(11.32)
Use of Money and Property		1.83		1.83		-		1.06		(0.76)
Fines and Forfeitures		1.11		1.11		-		1.14		0.03
Miscellaneous		2.57		5.11		(2.55)		5.78		0.66
Transfers from Other Funds		35.04		40.24		(5.20)		32.18		(8.06)
Total Resources	\$	205.19	\$	234.55	\$	(29.36)	\$	226.94	\$	(7.52)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):										
General Government	\$	18.82	\$	22.16	\$	(3.34)	\$	24.50	\$	(2.34)
Public Safety		130.46		144.60		(14.14)		134.05		10.55
Community Development		23.58		29.53		(5.95)		24.29		5.24
Library		4.93		4.90		0.03		4.65		0.24
Public Works		19.10		22.14		(3.04)		18.11		4.03
Debt Service		3.22		3.22		-		3.22		-
Transfers to Other Funds		3.21		19.64		(16.44)		25.86		(6.22)
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$	203.31	\$	246.19	\$	(42.88)	\$	234.68	\$	11.51

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets (Table 8) for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, is \$1.22 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. For more information, please refer to Note 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The Capital Assets of the City are those assets which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets (Table 8) (net of depreciation) (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			B	Business-Type Activities				Government-Wide Totals			
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$ 87	.45	\$	75.24	\$	17.77	\$	14.58	\$	105.22	\$	89.82
Structures and Improvements	270	.08		269.10		6.06		6.36		276.14		275.46
Furniture and Equipment	6	.18		5.87		1.05		1.07		7.23		6.94
Infrastructure	464	.87		470.36		117.94		123.23		582.80		593.59
Construction in Progress	179	.38		156.90		70.58		62.19		249.95		219.09
Total Net Position	\$ 1,007	.95	\$	977.47	\$	213.39	\$	207.43	\$	1,221.34	\$	1,184.90

Additional detail information is provided on Capital Assets in the *Notes to Financial Statements, Note 6.*

The City has elected to use the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for its Governmental Activities infrastructure reporting. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated under the following requirements:

- ➤ The City manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an asset management system with characteristics of (1) an up-to-date inventory; (2) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale; and (3) estimate annual amount to maintain and preserve at the established condition assessment level.
- ➤ The City documents that eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established disclosed assessment.

The City's streets are constantly deteriorating resulting from the following four factors: (1) traffic using the streets; (2) the sun's ultra-violet rays drying out and breaking down the top layer of pavement; (3) utility company/private development interests trenching operations; and (4) water damage from natural precipitation and other urban runoff. The City is continuously taking actions to arrest the deterioration through short-term maintenance activities such as pothole patching, street sweeping, and street paving.

The City expended \$9.90 million on street maintenance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 to delay deterioration. The City has estimated that the amount of annual expenditures required maintaining the City's streets at the minimum PCI rating of "Good" through the year of 2017 is a minimum of \$5.70 million per year. As of June 30, 2017, the City had approximately 108 million square feet of streets with a carrying amount of approximately \$298.87 million and a replacement cost of approximately \$330.81 million.

The City is also continuously taking actions to arrest the deterioration of other infrastructure assets through short-term maintenance activities. The City expended \$4.10 million on other infrastructure (sidewalks, traffic signals/street lights and catch basins/storm drains) maintenance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. These expenditures delayed deterioration and improved the overall condition through these maintenance efforts. It is estimated that it will cost approximately \$4.3 million per year to maintain other infrastructure assets at their present level. For more information, see Required Supplemental Information following the footnotes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the City had \$176.41 million in outstanding long-term debt. This debt consisted of revenue bonds, loans payable, advances from Successor Agency, compensated absences, claims and judgments, and unamortized bond premiums. For additional details of the City's long-term debt, please refer to Note 7 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Table 9 below is a summary of the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Long-Term Debt (Table 9)
(in millions)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Government-wide Totals				
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenue Bonds	\$	67.59	\$	69.15	\$	68.71	\$	70.03	\$	136.30	\$	139.18
Loan Payable		0.15		-		-		-		0.15		-
Advances from Successor Agency		1.60		1.60		-		-		1.60		1.60
Claims and Judgments		21.78		21.04		-		-		21.78		21.04
Compensated Absences		13.47		12.11		1.11		1.18		14.58		13.29
Unamortized Bond Premium		0.00		0.01		1.99		2.09		1.99		2.10
	\$	104.60	\$	103.91	\$	71.81	\$	73.30	\$	176.41	\$	177.21

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services/Finance Director, City of Ontario, 303 East "B" Street, Ontario, California 91762.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	!	Primary Governmen	t
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 440,999,493	\$ 211,193,704	\$ 652,193,197
Receivables:			_, _, ,,
Accounts	51,444,367	20,260,053	71,704,420
Taxes	385,182	-	385,182
Notes and loans	62,674,447	-	62,674,447
Accrued interest	1,298,429	598,865	1,897,294
Internal balances	(22,365,827)	22,365,827	4 000 005
Prepaid costs	1,032,276	6,089	1,038,365
Deposits	208,673	-	208,673
Due from other government	540,287	45 404 257	540,287
Inventories	779,670	45,184,357	45,964,027
Advances to Successor Agency	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Land held for resale	95,431,488	-	95,431,488
Other investments	38,309,604	-	38,309,604
Investment in joint venture Restricted assets:	-	58,676,015	58,676,015
Cash and investments	2,630,320	169,230	2,799,550
Cash with fiscal agent	30,239,924	369	30,240,293
Capital assets not being depreciated	565,685,106	88,347,140	654,032,246
Capital assets, net of depreciation	442,262,838	125,046,880	567,309,718
Total Assets	1,715,056,277	571,848,529	2,286,904,806
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		000.040	000 040
Deferred charges on refunding Deferred pension related items	54,530,859	966,316 7,060,618	966,316 61,591,477
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	54,530,859	8,026,934	62,557,793
Liabilities:		0,020,004	02,007,700
Accounts payable	13,729,351	9,292,431	23,021,782
Accrued liabilities	18,244,013	345,743	18,589,756
Accrued interest	1,075,084	-	1,075,084
Unearned revenue	6,516,338	152,954	6,669,292
Deposits payable	10,111,133	6,196,610	16,307,743
Due to other governments	3,120,030	-	3,120,030
Noncurrent liabilities:	-, -,		-, -,
Due within one year	6,651,000	1,464,000	8,115,000
Due in more than one year	97,945,768	70,346,927	168,292,695
OPEB obligations	102,032,229	-	102,032,229
Net Pension Liabilities	212,780,699	19,009,275	231,789,974
Total Liabilities	472,205,645	106,807,940	579,013,585
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred pension related items	8,415,200	361,275	8,776,475
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,415,200	361,275	8,776,475
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	940,354,455	143,660,797	1,084,015,252
Restricted for: Community development projects	108,125,346		108,125,346
Public safety		-	2,657,986
Capital projects	2,657,986 29,276,916	-	29,276,916
Debt service	23,210,310	369	29,276,916
Affordable housing	28,280,773	309	28,280,773
Other purposes	424,497	- -	424,497
Caron purposes		-	
Unrestricted	179,846,318	329,045,082	508,891,400

		Program Revenues							
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants					
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government Public safety	\$ 36,656,658 136,032,820	\$ 4,141,068 7,311,246	\$ 750,144 7,063,678	\$ - 149,810					
Community development Library Public works Interest on long-term debt	38,552,339 5,026,299 50,703,275 1,630,517	42,262,153 137,689 - -	2,330,436 805 75,647	77,988,908 - 687,166 					
Total Governmental Activities	268,601,908	53,852,156	10,220,710	78,825,884					
Business-Type Activities: Water Sewer Solid Waste I.T. Fiber	41,413,255 17,211,364 26,663,301 993,456	64,533,049 25,780,456 34,937,033 38,954	- - 133,279 -	11,223,634 - - -					
Total Business-Type Activities	86,281,376	125,289,492	133,279	11,223,634					
Total Primary Government	\$ 354,883,284	\$ 179,141,648	\$ 10,353,989	\$ 90,049,518					

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business licenses taxes

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

Gain on sale of other investments

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position										
F	Primary Government	t								
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total								
\$ (31,765,446) (121,508,086) 84,029,158 (4,887,805) (49,940,462) (1,630,517)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (31,765,446) (121,508,086) 84,029,158 (4,887,805) (49,940,462) (1,630,517)								
(125,703,158)		(125,703,158)								
- - - -	34,343,428 8,569,092 8,407,011 (954,502)	34,343,428 8,569,092 8,407,011 (954,502)								
	50,365,029	50,365,029								
(125,703,158)	50,365,029	(75,338,129)								
53,414,598 13,886,637 86,168,797 3,020,829 7,167,613 4,047,435 76,099 2,617,545 3,414,919 1,953,200 15,961,453	- - - - - 1,087,037 13,917 - (15,961,453)	53,414,598 13,886,637 86,168,797 3,020,829 7,167,613 4,047,435 76,099 3,704,582 3,428,836 1,953,200								
191,729,125	(14,860,499)	176,868,626								
66,025,967	35,504,530	101,530,497								
1,063,068,002	437,201,718	1,500,269,720								
159,872,322		159,872,322								
\$ 1,288,966,291	\$ 472,706,248	\$ 1,761,672,539								

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Sp	pecial Revenue Fur	unds Ontario			
	General	Quiet Home Program	Measure I	Ontario Housing Authority			
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 53,196,528	\$ 1,080,172	\$ 5,117,619	\$ 3,704,777			
Receivables:							
Accounts	24,238,656	-	22,368,879	-			
Taxes	359,610	-	-	40 540 550			
Notes and loans Accrued interest	42,413,324 550.105	-	- 12,986	10,548,556 10,047			
Prepaid costs	211,360	_	12,900	1,912			
Deposits	-	_	15,200	187,474			
Due from other governments	540,287	_	-	-			
Due from other funds	31,809,083	-	-	-			
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-			
Advances to Successor Agency	3,500,000	-	-	-			
Inventories	144,481	-	-	40,000,554			
Land held for resale	-	57,799,475	-	18,000,551			
Restricted assets: Cash and investments	_	_	1,678,302	_			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	- -	_	1,070,302	-			
Gaerrana invesamente with needs agente							
Total Assets	\$ 156,963,434	\$ 58,879,647	\$ 29,192,986	\$ 32,453,317			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,561,951	\$ 7,408	\$ 1,765,553	\$ 25,478			
Accrued liabilities	16,878,345	-	-	11,043			
Unearned revenues	5,617,144	863,419	-	-			
Deposits payable	8,434,626	-	-	6,395			
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-			
Due to other funds	-	-	25,734,248	- F 004 200			
Advances from other funds				5,961,399			
Total Liabilities	35,492,066	870,827	27,499,801	6,004,315			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable revenues	6,194,142	_	12,976,766	3,530,370			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,194,142		12,976,766	3,530,370			
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	33,893,841	-	-	-			
Restricted	424,497	58,008,820	-	22,918,632			
Committed	28,877,191	-	-	-			
Assigned	52,081,697	-	- (44.000.504)	-			
Unassigned			(11,283,581)				
Total Fund Balances	115,277,226	58,008,820	(11,283,581)	22,918,632			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 156,963,434	\$ 58,879,647	\$ 29,192,986	\$ 32,453,317			

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Capital Projects	Impact Fees	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 27,260,094	\$ 94,893,257	\$	22,117,530	\$	207,369,977
Receivables:	Ψ 21,200,094	Ψ 94,093,237	Ψ	22,117,330	Ψ	201,309,911
Accounts	3,403,178	297,286		988,339		51,296,338
Taxes	-	-		25,572		385,182
Notes and loans	_	_		9,712,567		62,674,447
Accrued interest	62,170	268,280		58,194		961,782
Prepaid costs	, -	-		3,547		216,819
Deposits	2,199	3,800		_		208,673
Due from other governments	_	-		_		540,287
Due from other funds	-	-		-		31,809,083
Advances to other funds	-	-		5,961,399		5,961,399
Advances to Successor Agency	-	-		-		3,500,000
Inventories	-	-		-		144,481
Land held for resale	19,580,412	-		51,050		95,431,488
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments	25,000	606,658		35,775		2,345,735
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	22,076,897			8,163,027		30,239,924
Total Assets	\$ 72,409,950	\$ 96,069,281	\$	47,117,000	\$	493,085,615
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,561,049	\$ 3,008,905	\$	652,322	\$	11,582,666
Accrued liabilities	-	-	•	1,213,424	,	18,102,812
Unearned revenues	_	-		35,775		6,516,338
Deposits payable	836,000	-		834,112		10,111,133
Due to other governments	-	-		3,120,030		3,120,030
Due to other funds	-	-		6,074,835		31,809,083
Advances from other funds		2,770,000				8,731,399
Total Liabilities	2,397,049	5,778,905		11,930,498		89,973,461
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenues	1,201,740			6,592,537		30,495,555
Offavallable revenues	1,201,740			0,392,337		30,493,333
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,201,740			6,592,537		30,495,555
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	_	_		_		33,893,841
Restricted	54,221,668	3,800		33,188,101		168,765,518
Committed	7,537,343	84,047,676		-		120,462,210
Assigned	7,052,150	6,238,900		906,904		66,279,651
Unassigned		-		(5,501,040)		(16,784,621)
	-			<u> </u>		
Total Fund Balances	68,811,161	90,290,376		28,593,965		372,616,599
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 72,409,950	\$ 96,069,281	\$	47,117,000	\$	493,085,615

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 372,616,599
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity: Capital assets \$ 1,	,176,179,206	
	(197,996,202)	978,183,004
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures. However, the net pension liability has a measurement date of June 30, 2016, and pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reclassified as deferred pension contributions.		21,746,852
Deferred outflows of resources reported for the pension plan for government-wide statemen		
Differences between expected and actual experiences Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	1,864,055	
investments	28,168,624	30,032,679
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental fund activity:		
Revenue bonds		(67,590,000)
Loan payable Advance from Successor Agency		(148,566)
Unamortized bond discount and premium		(1,600,000) (3,489)
Compensated absences		(12,876,333)
Bond insurance premium is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it is a prepaid item on the statement of net position.		176,345
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(1,075,084)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures, however in the statement of net position any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) are recorded as an		
asset or liability.		(102,032,229)
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures, however, in the		
statement of net position, the excess of the total pension liability over the plan fiduciary net position is reported as a net pension liability.		(204,615,314)
Deferred inflows of resources reported for the pension plan for government-wide statements		
Differences between expected and actual experiences Changes in assumptions	(1,451,854) (6,954,323)	(8,406,177)
Revenues are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		30,495,555
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position.		254,062,449
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 1,288,966,291

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds			
Pavanuas	General	Quiet Home Program	Measure I	Ontario Housing Authority	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 167,266,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	4,384,727	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	
Intergovernmental	5,170,893	_	16,644,048	57,756	
Contribution from property owners	-	_	-	-	
Charges for services	9,960,386	_	_	_	
Use of money and property	1,063,385	_	17,264	641,156	
Fines and forfeitures	1,136,159	_	-	-	
Miscellaneous	5,776,786	2,986		26,965	
Total Revenues	194,759,294	2,986	16,661,312	725,877	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	24,500,521	_	_	_	
Public safety	134,053,016	_	_	_	
Community development	24,285,744	_	14,645,285	517,405	
Library	4,654,465	_	- 11,010,200	-	
Public works	18,105,811	_	_	_	
Debt service:	10,100,011				
Principal retirement	1,555,000	_	_	10,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,667,190				
Total Expenditures	208,821,747		14,645,285	527,405	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(14,062,453)	2,986	2,016,027	198,472	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	32,183,311	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(25,859,833)				
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	6,323,478				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (7,738,975)	\$ 2,986	\$ 2,016,027	\$ 198,472	
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 124,016,201 (1,000,000)	\$ 58,005,834 	\$ (13,299,608)	\$ 22,720,160	
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances	123,016,201 (7,738,975)	58,005,834 2,986	(13,299,608) 2,016,027	22,720,160 198,472	
End of year	\$ 115,277,226	\$ 58,008,820	\$ (11,283,581)	\$ 22,918,632	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Capital Projects Funds			
Revenues:	Capital Projects	Impact Fees	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,635,874	\$ 170,902,832
Licenses and permits	Ψ -	Ψ -	ψ 3,033,074 -	4,384,727
Intergovernmental	7,069,455	_	6,470,710	35,412,862
Contribution from property owners	7,000,100	_	24,682,518	24,682,518
Charges for services	3,694,613	24,823,578	15,968,078	54,446,655
Use of money and property	178,022	400,177	276,495	2,576,499
Fines and forfeitures	170,022		53,797	1,189,956
Miscellaneous	_	_	210,920	6,017,657
	-			
Total Revenues	10,942,090	25,223,755	51,298,392	299,613,706
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	-	-	-	24,500,521
Public safety	1,342,947	-	1,325,178	136,721,141
Community development	7,298,623	16,535,438	32,116,117	95,398,612
Library	-	-	-	4,654,465
Public works	-	3,669,023	2,059,369	23,834,203
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	1,565,000
Interest and fiscal charges				1,667,190
Total Expenditures	8,641,570	20,204,461	35,500,664	288,341,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,300,520	5,019,294	15,797,728	11,272,574
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	2,711,878	- -	1,205,955 (3,728,341)	36,101,144 (29,588,174)
Total Other Firemains Occurre				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,711,878		(2,522,386)	6,512,970
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 5,012,398	\$ 5,019,294	\$ 13,275,342	\$ 17,785,544
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 63,798,763	\$ 84,271,082 1,000,000	\$ 15,318,623 -	\$ 354,831,055
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances	63,798,763 5,012,398	85,271,082 5,019,294	15,318,623 13,275,342	354,831,055 17,785,544
End of year	\$ 68,811,161	\$ 90,290,376	\$ 28,593,965	\$ 372,616,599

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

·		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 17,785,544
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlay Depreciation Disposition of capital assets	\$ 45,292,825 (17,040,880) (2,902,773)	25,349,172
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Whereas, issuance of long-term debt is a current financial resource in the governmental funds, but the issuance increase long-term debt in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and deferral on loss of refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Long-term debt repayments: Lease Revenue Bonds Loan Payable Bond Premium Amortization Bond Discount Amortization	1,555,000 10,000 28,395 (18,938)	1,574,457
Bond insurance premium are expenditures in governmental funds, but these costs are capitalized on the statement of net position.		(6,782)
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		33,998
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(1,396,686)
Governmental funds report Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the Actuarial Required Contribution (ARC) is an expense.		(11,565,401)
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(477,769)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		16,739,529
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds are reported with		
governmental activities.	-	17,989,905
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 66,025,967

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
				Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities- Internal
A	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	I.T. Fiber	Totals	Service Funds
Assets: Current:						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 123,104,153	\$ 47,814,727	\$ 33,386,042	\$ 6,888,782	\$ 211,193,704	\$ 233,629,516
Accounts Accrued interest	13,890,506 350,178	2,769,072 135,117	3,600,475 91,646	- 21,924	20,260,053 598,865	148,029 336,647
Prepaid costs	5,364	-	725	-	6,089	639,112
Inventories Other investments	45,023,735 -	160,622	- -	- -	45,184,357 -	635,189 38,309,604
Restricted: Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	- 369	169,230	- -	- -	169,230 369	284,585
Total Current Assets	182,374,305	51,048,768	37,078,888	6,910,706	277,412,667	273,982,682
Ioncurrent:						
Advances to other funds	-	-	2,770,000	-	2,770,000	-
Investment in joint venture Capital assets - net of	58,676,015	-	-	-	58,676,015	-
accumulated depreciation	172,791,775	30,127,256	6,286,405	4,188,584	213,394,020	29,764,940
Total Noncurrent Assets	231,467,790	30,127,256	9,056,405	4,188,584	274,840,035	29,764,940
Total Assets	413,842,095	81,176,024	46,135,293	11,099,290	552,252,702	303,747,622
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred charges on refunding	966,316	_	_	_	966,316	_
Deferred pension related items	2,544,734	1,187,964	3,049,362	278,558	7,060,618	2,751,328
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,511,050	1,187,964	3,049,362	278,558	8,026,934	2,751,328
Total Assets & Deferred Ouflow of Resources	\$ 417,353,145	\$ 82,363,988	\$ 49,184,655	\$ 11,377,848	\$ 560,279,636	\$ 306,498,950
iabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position iabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 5,005,967	\$ 2,453,865	\$ 1,654,913	\$ 177,686	\$ 9,292,431	\$ 2,146,685
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	130,153	43,997	160,283 152,954	11,310	345,743 152,954	141,201
Deposits payable	4,902,736	-	1,293,874	-	6,196,610	
Accrued compensated absences	33,000	8,000	41,000	7,000	89,000	48,000
Accrued claims and judgments	1 275 000	-	-	-	1 27E 000	4,501,000
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	1,375,000		2 202 204	405.000	1,375,000	
Total Current Liabilities	11,446,856	2,505,862	3,303,024	195,996	17,451,738	6,836,886
Ioncurrent: Accrued compensated absences	381,468	92,198	471,517	77,205	1,022,388	546,380
Accrued claims and judgments	-	-	, -	· -	-	17,283,000
Net pension liability Bonds, notes, and capital leases	8,626,896 69,324,539	2,147,177	7,955,739	279,463	19,009,275 69,324,539	8,165,385
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	78,332,903	2,239,375	9 427 256	256 669	89,356,202	25,994,765
Total Noticulient Liabilities	70,332,903	2,239,373	8,427,256	356,668	09,330,202	23,994,703
Total Liabilities	89,779,759	4,745,237	11,730,280	552,664	106,807,940	32,831,651
eferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred pension related items	361,275	_	_	_	361,275	9,023
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	361,275				361,275	9,023
Total Deferred lillows of Resources	301,273				301,273	3,023
et Position:	400.050.550	00 407 050	0.000.405	4 400 504	440,000,707	00.704.040
et investment in capital assets estricted for debt service	103,058,552 369	30,127,256	6,286,405	4,188,584 -	143,660,797 369	29,764,940
nrestricted	224,153,190	47,491,495	31,167,970	6,636,600	309,449,255	243,893,336
Total Net Position	327,212,111	77,618,751	37,454,375	10,825,184	453,110,421	273,658,276
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 417,353,145	\$ 82,363,988	\$ 49,184,655	\$ 11,377,848	\$ 560,279,636	\$ 306,498,950
Reconciliation of Net Position to the	Government-Wide	Statement of Net P	osition:			
Net Position per Statement of Ne	t Position - Proprieta	ry Funds			\$ 453,110,421	
Prior years' accumulated adjustm internal service funds activities i	ent to reflect the cor	nsolidation of			18,847,689	
Current years' adjustments to refl		of internal				
service activities related to ente	•				748,138	
Net Desition was Communicated	Vide Statement of N	let Position			\$ 472,706,248	

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
				Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities- Internal
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	I.T. Fiber	Totals	Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	Ф FF 057 040	Ф о <u>г</u> оод соо	Ф 00 707 700	ф 20.054	Ф 444.400.04 7	Ф 00 000 04E
Sales and service charges Interdepartmental charges	\$ 55,057,640 1,532,415	\$ 25,304,690 50,201	\$ 33,767,763 624,026	\$ 38,954	\$ 114,169,047 2,206,642	\$ 39,239,615
Miscellaneous	2,868,769	439,482	555,244	-	3,863,495	365,305
Total Operating Revenues	59,458,824	25,794,373	34,947,033	38,954	120,239,184	39,604,920
Operating Expenses:						
Administration and general	3,328,343	1,402,803	830,651	913,714	6,475,511	14,525,064
Source of supply	17,320,758	-	=	-	17,320,758	8,158,018
Pumping	4,773,373	-	-	-	4,773,373	-
Transmission/collection	11,181,669	2,268,378	26,191,313	-	39,641,360	-
Treatment	=	12,370,943	-	-	12,370,943	-
Cost of sales and services	-	-	-	79,742	79,742	-
Claims expense	-	-	-	-	-	5,951,363
Depreciation expense	4,250,979	1,234,829	126,330		5,612,138	3,886,516
Total Operating Expenses	40,855,122	17,276,953	27,148,294	993,456	86,273,825	32,520,961
Operating Income (Loss)	18,603,702	8,517,420	7,798,739	(954,502)	33,965,359	7,083,959
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Grant revenue	_	_	133,279	_	133,279	_
Interest revenue	583,995	215,635	144,693	32,030	976,353	568,174
Interest expense	(3,433,576)	210,000	144,000	02,000	(3,433,576)	500,174
Gain on value of stored water inventory	2,677,887	_	_	_	2,677,887	_
Gain on joint venture	5,174,909	_		_	5,174,909	
Gain (loss) on value of other investments	3,174,303	-	-	-	3,174,909	(208,187)
Gain on sale of other investments	- -	- -	-	-	- -	1,953,200
Total Nonoperating						
Revenues (Expenses)	5,003,215	215,635	277,972	32,030	5,528,852	2,313,187
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions	23,606,917	8,733,055	8,076,711	(922,472)	39,494,211	9,397,146
Capital contribution	11,223,634	-	_	-	11,223,634	_
Transfers in		_	-	11,743,517	11,743,517	11,532,000
Transfers out	(13,759,221)	(6,074,607)	(7,871,142)		(27,704,970)	(2,083,517)
Changes in Net Position	\$ 21,071,330	\$ 2,658,448	\$ 205,569	\$ 10,821,045	\$ 34,756,392	\$ 18,845,629
Net Position:						
Beginning of Year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 306,140,781	\$ 74,960,303	\$ 37,248,806	\$ 4,139 -	\$ 418,354,029 -	\$ 94,940,325 159,872,322
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	306,140,781	74,960,303	37,248,806	4,139	418,354,029	254,812,647
Changes in Net Position	21,071,330	2,658,448	205,569	10,821,045	34,756,392	18,845,629
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 327,212,111	\$ 77,618,751	\$ 37,454,375	\$ 10,825,184	\$ 453,110,421	\$ 273,658,276
Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position t	o the Statement of Ac	tivities:				
Changes in Net Position, per the Statemen Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Po		ds			\$ 34,756,392	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of continuous internal service funds activities related to	•				748,138	
Changes in Net Position of Business-Ty	ne Activities ner State	ment of Activities			\$ 35,504,530	
onanges in Net i Osition of Dusiness-Tyl	oo nouvillos per otate	on or Activities			Ψ 00,004,000	

	Business-Tv	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		
			Nonmajor Enterprise		Governmental Activities- Internal
Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	I.T. Fiber	Totals	Service Funds
\$ 52,576,840 (31,503,808) (3,604,767)	\$ 25,488,429 (14,209,439) (1,616,848)	\$ 34,829,940 (25,550,834) (1,095,634)	\$ 218,064 (79,742) (817,294)	\$ 113,113,273 (71,343,823) (7,134,543)	\$ 39,877,766 (13,879,753) (14,830,664)
17,468,265	9,662,142	8,183,472	(678,972)	34,634,907	11,167,349
(13,759,221)	(6,074,607) -	(7,871,142) 133,279	11,743,517 - -	(27,704,970) 133,279	11,532,000 (2,083,517) -
11,223,634			-	11,223,634	
(2,535,587)	(6,074,607)	(7,737,863)	11,743,517	(4,604,540)	9,448,483
(7,370,628) (1,320,000) (3,476,213)	(5,930) -	(8,204)	(4,188,584)	(11,573,346) (1,320,000)	(8,859,221)
(3,470,213)				(5,470,213)	
(12,166,841)	(5,930)	(8,204)	(4,188,584)	(16,369,559)	(8,859,221)
533,206	195,388	138,399	 10,111	877,104	22,220,450 451,424
				·	
533,206	195,388	138,399	10,111	877,104	22,671,874
3.299.043	3.776.993	575.804	6.886.072	14.537.912	34,428,485
					199,485,616
					\$ 233,914,101
	\$ 8,517,420	\$ 7,798,739	\$ (954,502)	\$ 33,965,359	\$ 7,083,959
4,250,979	1,234,829	126,330	-	5,612,138	3,886,516
			1,424		272,846 (202,273)
		(400)	-		(49,726)
1,534,456	356,467	640,887	177,686	2,709,496	(258,042)
(245,311)	(96,549)	(287,977)	11,310	(618,527)	(279,414)
- 272 000	-		-		-
272,909	-	01,212	-	334,121	739,669
(41,465)	(121,221)	11,654	84,205	(66,827)	(37,085)
10,352	3,725	11,340	905	26,322	10,899
(1,135,437)	1,144,722	384,733	275,530	669,548	4,083,390
\$ 17,468,265	\$ 9,662,142	\$ 8,183,472	\$ (678,972)	\$ 34,634,907	\$ 11,167,349
ities:					
\$ 5,174,908 2,677,887	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 5,174,908 2,677,887	\$ - -
-	-	-	-	-	(208,187)
56,840 99,477	- -	-	-	56,840 99,477	- -
	\$ 52,576,840 (31,503,808) (3,604,767) 17,468,265 (13,759,221)	Water Sewer \$ 52,576,840 (31,503,808) (3,604,767) \$ 25,488,429 (14,209,439) (1,616,848) 17,468,265 9,662,142 - - (13,759,221) (11,223,634 (6,074,607) (7,370,628) (1,320,000) (3,476,213) (5,930) (1,320,000) (3,476,213) - (12,166,841) (5,930) 533,206 195,388 3,299,043 3,776,993 119,805,479 44,206,964 \$ 123,104,522 \$ 47,983,957 \$ 18,603,702 \$ 8,517,420 4,250,979 (7,154,893) (7,154,893) (7,154,893) (305,944) 44 14,042 237,492 59,373 1,534,456 (245,311) (96,549) 	Water Sewer Solid Waste \$ 52,576,840 (31,503,808) (3,604,767) \$ 25,488,429 (14,209,439) (25,550,834) (1,095,634) \$ 34,829,940 (25,550,834) (1,095,634) 17,468,265 9,662,142 8,183,472 (13,759,221) 11,223,634 (6,074,607) 133,279 (7,871,142) 133,279 (2,535,587) (1,320,000) (3,476,213) (5,930) 1,320,000) (3,476,213) (8,204) 1,320,000) (3,476,213) (12,166,841) 533,206 195,388 138,399 3,299,043 119,805,479 3,776,993 44,206,964 32,810,238 32,810,238 \$ 123,104,522 44 \$ 47,983,957 44 \$ 33,386,042 \$ 18,603,702 44 \$ 8,517,420 14,042 408) 237,492 59,373 1,534,456 356,467 640,887 (245,311) (96,549) 272,909 	Water Sewer Solid Waste Enterprise Fund (1.T. Fiber) \$ 52,576,840 (31,503,908) (14,209,439) (25,550,834) (79,742) (3,604,767) (1,616,848) (1,095,634) (817,294) 218,064 (79,742) (817,294) 17,468,265 9,662,142 8,183,472 (678,972) (13,759,221) (6,074,607) (7,871,142) (13,759,221) (6,074,607) (7,737,863) (11,743,517) 11,743,517 (7,370,628) (5,930) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (3,476,213) (4,188,584) 138,399 (4,188,584) (4,188,584) 533,206 (195,388 (195,388 (195,388) (19	Water Sewer Solid Waste Enterprise Enterprise Fund I.T. Fiber Totals \$ 52,576,840 \$ 25,488,429 (31,503,808) (14,209,439) (22,550,834) (79,742) (71,343,823) (3,604,767) (1,616,848) (1,095,634) (817,294) (7.134,543) 17,468,265 9,662,142 8,183,472 (678,972) 34,634,907 17,468,265 9,662,142 8,183,472 (678,972) 34,634,907 11,743,517 (27,704,970) (7,871,142) (27,704,970) (13,759,221) (6,074,607) (7,871,142) (7,372,634) (1,223,634) (1,223,634) (1,223,634) (1,223,634) (1,232,000) (1,232,00

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Private- Purpose Trust Fund Successor
	Agency Funds	Agency of the Former RDA
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 16,524,757	\$ 4,927,713
Receivables:		
Taxes	21,103	-
Notes and leases	243,828,748	35,000
Accrued interest	22,604	1,772
Advances to City	-	1,600,000
Land held for resale	-	302,124
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	6,112,128	2,937,848
Total Assets	\$ 266,509,340	9,804,457
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 10,950	886,482
Accrued interest	· -	2,550,006
Deposits payable	-	305,887
Due to other governments	257,514,378	-
Due to City	540,287	-
Due to external parties/other agencies	8,443,725	-
Long-term liabilities:		
Due in one year	-	3,505,127
Due in more than one year	- _	58,416,352
Total Liabilities	\$ 266,509,340	65,663,854
Net Position:		
Held in trust for other purposes		(55,859,397)
Total Net Position		\$ (55,859,397)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency of the Former RDA
Additions:	Tomor RDA
Taxes	\$ 15,694,998
Interest and change in fair value of investments	9,001
Total Additions	15,703,999
Deductions:	
Administrative expenses	382,774
Contractual services	6,408,593
Interest expense	6,145,493
Total Deductions	12,936,860
Changes in Net Position	2,767,139
Net Position: Beginning of year	(58,626,536)
End of the Year	\$ (55,859,397)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Description of Entity

The reporting entity is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Ontario, California (the City) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity is based on the provision of GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statement No. 61. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the Government's operation, so data from these units are combined herein. The following criteria were used in the determination of blended units:

- 1. The members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Industrial Development Authority, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority, the Ontario Public Financing Authority and the Ontario Housing Authority.
- 2. The Authorities are managed by employees of the City.

The City of Ontario was incorporated December 10, 1891, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities.

Blended Component Units

The former Ontario Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) was activated November 1, 1977, pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000 entitled "Community Development Law." The primary purpose of the Agency was to encourage private redevelopment of property and to rehabilitate areas suffering from economic disuse arising from poor and inadequate planning, inadequate street layout and street access, lack of open space, landscaping and other improvements and facilities necessary to establish and maintain the economic growth of the City. The former Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of January 31, 2012, through the Supreme Court decision on Assembly Bill 1X 26. See Note 18 for more information on the dissolution.

The Industrial Development Authority was established August 18, 1981, pursuant to the California Industrial Development Financing Act (AB74). The law authorizes limited issuance of small-issue industrial development bonds to assist private industry. The sole function of the Authority is to review and approve the issuance of bonds to finance eligible projects. Separate financial statements are not available for the Industrial Development Authority.

The Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority was established November 5, 1991, pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5, Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code in order to jointly exercise powers of the Agency and the City, and to establish a vehicle to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of existing and new financial instruments. Separate financial statements are not available for the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Ontario Public Financing Authority was created by a joint exercise of joint powers agreement between the City of Ontario and the Ontario Housing Authority (the Members) on June 1, 2013. The purpose of the Authority is to assist in the financing of capital improvement projects of the Members and other activities of the Members as permitted under Articles 1, 2 and 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, as amended. Separate financial statements are not available for the Ontario Public Financing Authority.

The Ontario Housing Authority was established on December 2, 1997. The primary purpose of the Authority is to assist property owners in rejuvenating and improving substandard housing conditions within the City. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Ontario Housing Authority.

Since the City Council serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the primary government.

Other governmental agencies providing services either to the City in its entirety or to a portion thereof are:

State of California
Metropolitan Water District
Cucamonga Valley Water District
Chino Valley Unified School District
Chaffey Joint Union High School District
Mountain View School District
Chino Basin Water Conservation District

County of San Bernardino
Inland Empire Utilities Agency
Chaffey Community College District
Ontario-Montclair School District
Cucamonga School District
Monte Vista County Water District

Financial data for joint ventures that do not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity have been reported in the footnotes (see Note 13).

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Once it has been determined whether a fund is to measure changes in total economic resources or changes in current financial resources, the next issue to be addressed is the timing of the recognition of transactions and events. The technical term that describes the criteria governing the timing of the recognition of transactions and events is "basis of accounting."

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for sales taxes and grant revenue where the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 90 days and 180 days respectively of the end of current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds and a private purpose trust fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Private purpose trust fund funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Quiet Home Program Fund accounts for the Federal Aviation Administration and Los Angeles World Airport grant funds used for residential sound insulation and property acquisition of dwellings located in the airport contour.
- The Measure I Fund accounts for revenues from a one-half percent sales tax on all retail transactions within the County. The proceeds are to be used for transportation improvements, railroad grade separation projects, and traffic management programs.
- The Ontario Housing Authority Fund accounts for the financial transactions of the Ontario Housing Authority. Revenue sources for the Authority include rent proceeds from properties, housing loan repayments and agency fees.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial transactions of general capital improvements.
- The Impact Fees Fund accounts for revenues from developer-paid impact fees for infrastructure construction.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water distribution system.
- The Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for the financial transactions of the City's waste water collection system.
- The Solid Waste Enterprise Fund accounts for the collection and disposal of solid waste from industrial, commercial and residential users throughout the Ontario area.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for financial transactions related to repair, replacement
 and maintenance of City-owned equipment, the City's self-insurance programs, the
 City's general information systems and telecommunications hardware and software,
 and the City's defined benefit healthcare plan for its retired employees. These services
 are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement
 basis.
- Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve
 measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds account for assets held for
 specific uses that are not part of the City's operating activities; specifically, monies held
 by the City as an agent for property owners with special assessments and monies
 collected from individuals, private organization or other government who have made
 special deposits with the City for various purposes.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

 Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency and the allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former redevelopment agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds and of the Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

d. Assets, Deferred Inflows, Liabilities and Deferred Outflows, Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both unrestricted and restricted cash and investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is the quoted market price at June 30, 2017. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Functional Classifications

Expenditures of the Governmental Funds are classified by function. Functional classifications are defined as follows:

- General Government includes legislative activities, which have a primary objective
 of providing legal and policy guidelines for the City. Also included in this
 classification are those activities that provide management or support services
 across more than one functional area.
- Public Safety includes those activities that involve the protection of people and property.
- Community Development includes those activities that involve the enhancing of the general quality of life.
- Library includes those activities that involve the community library system.
- Public Works includes those activities that involve the maintenance and improvement of City streets, roads and parks.
- Debt Service includes those activities that account for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and fiscal charges.

Inventories, Prepaid Items and Land Held for Resale

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, except for water stock inventory which is valued at fair value at the end of the fiscal year. Inventories in the Internal Service Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, whereas in the Enterprise Funds, it represents water stock in the water utility fund and expendable supplies held for consumption in both water utility and sewer utility funds. Inventory costs are recorded as expenditure when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the purchases method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land purchased for resale is capitalized as inventory at acquisition costs or net realizable value if lower.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets and infrastructure are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 and \$50,000 respectively (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34, which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local government's basic financial statements. The City defines infrastructure as long-lived capital assets that normally can be preserved for a significant greater number of years than most capital assets (non-infrastructure assets). Infrastructure assets are normally stationary in nature and are of value only to the government entity. They are basic physical assets that allow the government entity to function. Examples include street systems, water purification and distribution systems, sewer collection and treatment systems, parks and recreation lands and improvement systems, storm water conveyance systems, bridges, tunnels, dams and buildings combined with the site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the government entity in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into concrete and asphalt pavements, concrete curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, street lights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land.

Subsystem detail is not presented in these basic financial statements; however, the City maintains detailed information on these subsystems.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has elected the Modified Approach for reporting its pavement system. In 1999, the City commissioned a physical condition assessment of the streets, which was completed and dated July 15, 1999. These streets, primarily asphalt concrete, were defined as all physical features associated with the operation of motorized vehicles that exist within the limits of right of way. This condition assessment will be performed every three years. Each street was assigned a physical condition on 17 potential defects. A Pavement Condition Index (PCI), a nationally recognized index, was assigned to each street and expressed in a continuous scale from 0 to 100, where 0 is assigned to the least acceptable physical condition and 100 is assigned the physical characteristics of a new street.

The following conditions were defined: excellent condition was assigned to those segments with a rating between 86 to 100, very good condition was assigned a rating between 71 to 85, good condition was assigned a rating between 56 to 70, fair condition was assigned a rating between 41 to 55, poor condition was assigned with a rating between 26 to 40, very poor condition was assigned with a rating between 11 to 25, and a failed condition was assigned to those segments with a rating between 0 to 10.

The City's policy, relative to maintaining the street assets, is to maintain the existing weighted average rate of "Good", which is a PCI index range between 56 and 70. This rating allows minor cracking and raveling of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at the posted speeds. A detailed description of the modified approach for the City's infrastructure capital assets can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section.

For all other capital assets, structures and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure and intangible assets, the City has elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Accordingly, these capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and structures	20 - 99
Vehicles	4 - 15
Other equipment	5 - 25
Intangible assets – software	5
Infrastructure	20 - 50

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is deferred charges on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. Deferred charges on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is deferred pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions made after the actuarial measurement date, this amount is deferred and will be expensed in the following fiscal year. The deferred outflows of resources for the difference between expected and actual experience and the deferred outflows for the net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments will be amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet or statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items. The item, unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from deferred loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The other item is deferred pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. This amount is the result of the differences between expected and actual experience and the changes in assumptions. These will be amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. City employees receive from 10 to 25 days' vacation each year, depending on the length of service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is essentially the difference between the assets, deferred inflows and deferred outflows and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. There are five separate components of fund balance, each of which identifies the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance (inherently nonspendable)
Restricted fund balance (externally enforceable limitations on use)
Committed fund balance (self-imposed limitations on use)
Assigned fund balance (limitation resulting from intended use)
Unassigned fund balance (residual net resources)

The City Council, as the City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the adoption of a resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however the amount can be determined subsequently.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. Pursuant to the City's fund balance policy established by the City Council by resolution, the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the City Manager or Finance Director for the purpose of reporting these amounts on the annual financial statements.

Pursuant to the City's fund balance policy, the City Council's goal is to achieve a minimum of 18% of the annual General Fund appropriation, as assigned fund balance in the General Fund. This is intended to be used for specific and defined emergency events, such as an earthquake, and to address immediate needs in resources without impacting City services. The General Fund is the only City fund that is able to report a positive unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. The City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Net Position

In the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is recognized on the modified accrual basis, that is, in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means then due or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of San Bernardino collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes are levied on both real and personal property as it exists on that date. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

Effect of New Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards:

GASB Statement No. 77 – *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the government's tax revenues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Deficit Fund Balances or Net Position

At June 30, 2017, the following funds had deficit fund balance amounts of:

Governmental Funds

Measure I	\$ (11,283,581)
Park Impact / Quimby	(5,281,737)
Building Safety	(219,303)

At June 30, 2017, the Successor Agency of the Former RDA had a deficit net position amount of \$(55,859,397).

b. Budget

Budget schedules are not presented for the Park Impact/Quimby Fund, NMC CFD Capital Project Fund, and the OMC CFD Capital Project Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 3: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2017, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 473,869,737
Business-type activities	211,363,303
Fiduciary funds	 30,502,446
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 715,735,486

The City of Ontario follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on monthly cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Deposits

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,661,307 and the bank balance was \$7,310,032. The \$3,648,725 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items. The City's restricted cash and investments consist of deposits and cash in escrow in the amount of \$2,799,500.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure a City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- United States Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds
- Banker's Acceptances with a maturity not to exceed 180 days
- Commercial paper rated "A1" by Standard and Poor's and "P1" by Moody's Investor Services, and issued by a domestic corporation having assets in excess of \$500 million and having an "A" or better rating on its long-term debentures as provided by Moody's or Standard and Poor's
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposits with a nationally or State chartered bank

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

- Repurchase Agreements with primary dealers of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, with which the City has entered into a master repurchase agreement.
- The Local Agency Investment Fund of the State of California
- Time Deposits
- Medium-Term Notes of a maximum of five years maturity issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States with a minimum rating of "A" by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's and in excess of \$500 million in shareholder equity. Purchase of medium-term notes may not exceed 30% of the cost value of the fund with no more than 15% of the cost value of the fund rated below "AA" by both Standard & Poor's and Moody's. No more than 3% of the fund (at time of purchase) may be invested in any one corporate name, including the parent corporation or subsidiaries.
- Obligations issued by various agencies of the Federal Government including, but not limited to, the Federal Farm Credit Bank System, the Federal Home Loan Bank System, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Student Loan Marketing Association as well as such agencies or enterprises which may be created. There is no percentage limitation on the dollar amount which can be invested in Agency issues in total, no more than 20% of the cost value of the portfolio may be invested in the securities of any one issuer
- Any U.S. Government Agency's Mortgage pass-through security, collaterized mortgage obligations, mortgage backed or other pay-through bond, equipment lease-backed certificate, or consumer receivable-backed bond of a maximum of five years maturity. Securities eligible for investment under this section shall be issued by an issuer having an "A" or higher rating for the issuer's unsecured debt, as provided by a nationally recognized rating service. The Securities must be rated "AAA" by both Moody's and Standard and Poor's. Purchase of securities authorized by this subdivision may not exceed 20% of the cost value of the fund.
- United States dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank, with a maximum remaining maturity of five years or less, and eligible for purchase and sale within the United States. Investments under this subdivision shall be rated "AA" or better by an NRSRO and shall not exceed 9% of the agency's moneys that may be invested pursuant to this section. Investment in these issues is further limited to a 3% allocation in anyone name.
- Registered state warrants or treasury notes or bonds of this state, including bonds
 payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned,
 controlled or operated by the state or by a department, board, agency or authority of
 the state.
- Bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within the State.

Investment Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

GASB Statement No. 31

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as of July 1, 1997. GASB Statement No. 31 establishes fair value standards for investments in participating interest earning investment contracts, external investment pools, equity securities, option contracts, stock warrants and stock rights that have readily determinable fair values. Accordingly, the City reports its investments at fair value in the balance sheet. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement.

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2017, the City's investment in medium-term notes consisted of investments with various corporations and were rated "A3" to "Aaa" by Moody's and "A-" to "AAA" by Standard & Poor's. Investment in government agencies issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Banks, and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation were rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AA+" by Standard & Poor's. Asset-Backed Securities were rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AAA" by Standard & Poor's.

All securities were investment grade and were legal under State and City law. Investments in U.S. Treasury securities are not considered to have credit risk; therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2017, the City's investments in external investment pools and money market mutual funds are unrated.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2017, none of the City's deposits or investments was exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City is in compliance with restrictions imposed by its investment policy, which limits certain types of investments. In accordance with the disclosure requirement of GASB Statement No. 40, the City has invested more than 5% of its investments in any one issuer, it is exposed to credit risk. Investments in Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal National Mortgage Association represented 8.7% and 10.5%, respectively of the City cash and investments at June 30, 2017 and are considered exposed to credit risk. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment policy states that weighted average of the City's portfolio will be limited to two and a half years. The only exception to these maturity limits shall be the investment of the gross proceeds of tax-exempt bonds. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

		_			
	6 months	nonths 6 months		3 to 5	Fair
	or less	to 1 year	years	years	Value
Investments:					
US Treasury	\$ -	\$ 24,890,625	\$150,518,643	\$ 29,724,620	\$205,133,888
Federal Government Agency	24,980,900	74,901,290	36,752,172	25,083,125	161,717,487
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	9,998,960	64,976,637	69,647,793	24,942,343	169,565,733
Asset-Backed Securities	-	91,118	12,374,809	15,975,664	28,441,591
Municipal Bonds	-	-	5,037,100	-	5,037,100
Collateral Mortgage Obligations	3,410,892	-	16,525,433	-	19,936,325
Commercial Paper	19,954,584	-	-	-	19,954,584
Local Agency Investment Fund	60,197,702				60,197,702
Total Cash Investments	118,543,038	164,859,670	290,855,950	95,725,752	669,984,410
Investments with Fiscal Agents:					
Money Market Funds	39,290,269				39,290,269
Total Investments with Fiscal Agent	39,290,269				39,290,269
Total Investments	\$157,833,307	\$164,859,670	\$290,855,950	\$ 95,725,752	\$709,274,679

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

			inve	stments not				
			N	leasured at			Level	
Investment Type	June	30, 2017		Fair Value	1		2	3
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 20	5,133,888	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 205,133,888	\$ _
Federal Government Agency	16	1,717,487		-		-	161,717,487	-
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	16	9,565,733		-		-	169,565,733	-
Asset-Backed Securities	2	8,441,591		=		-	28,441,591	-
Municipal Bonds		5,037,100		=		-	5,037,100	-
Collateral Mortgage Obligations	1	9,936,325		-		-	19,936,325	-
Commercial Paper	1	9,954,584		-		-	19,954,584	-
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	6	0,197,702		-		-	60,197,702	-
Investments with Fiscal Agent:								
Money Market Funds	3	9,290,269		39,290,269				
Total Investments	\$ 70	9,274,679	\$	39,290,269	\$		\$ 669,984,410	\$ -

Invoctments not

Note 4: Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2017 totaled \$62,674,447 and were recorded as follows:

General Fund	\$ 42,413,324
Community Development	9,712,567
Ontario Housing Authority	10,548,556
Total Notes and Loans Receivable	\$ 62,674,447

On March 20, 2014, the City entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Ontario International Airport Authority (OIAA) to document the understanding and responsibilities with respect to costs associated with the "Set ONTario Free" campaign and the services associated with the transfer of Ontario International Airport (ONT). There are no set terms for repayment of the balance. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

\$42,375,324

The City provides loans to City police officers to assist them in acquiring personal residence within the City or reducing an existing loan on an officer's residence within the City. The loans are non-interest bearing until maturity, and thereafter interest shall be 7% per annum. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017, as:

13,000

Note 4: Notes and Loans Receivable (Continued)

The City loaned \$25,000 to the Ontario Chamber of Commerce for the installation of military banners along Euclid Avenue. The loan is a zero interest loan with no deadline for repayment. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

25,000

In order to assist those individuals and families who are the most in need, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency's Combined Low and Moderate Housing Fund provided down payment assistance and deferred repayment loans to low and moderate income residents for the acquisition and rehabilitation of single-family homes, condominiums or townhouses located within the Ontario HUD Revitalization Target Area. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017 was:

2,396,530

On June 7, 1994, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency's Combined Low and Moderate Housing Fund loaned \$43,000 to a developer to finance the purchase of low and moderate income property located outside of redevelopment project areas. The note is non-interest bearing and was due in full on March 7, 1995. A new note was negotiated on November 11, 1996, and will mature on October 31, 2026. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

43,000

On June 7, 1994, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency's Combined Low and Moderate Housing Fund loaned \$39,000 to a developer to finance the purchase of low and moderate income property located outside of redevelopment project areas. The note is non-interest bearing and was due in full on March 7, 1995. A new note was negotiated on November 8, 1996, and will mature on October 31, 2026. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

39,000

On March 16, 1993, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency accepted a note receivable of \$112,000 from a developer as consideration for housing located outside of the redevelopment areas. The note is non-interest bearing and is due and payable upon the sale or transfer of property. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The unpaid principal balance at June 30, 2017, was:

77,000

On October 4, 1994, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned a developer, Cichon, \$135,030 to finance the cost of rehabilitation and construction of a low and moderate income residence located in the Center City Project Area. On December 5, 1995, the Agency loaned an additional \$4,647, bringing the total amount to \$139,677. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the Agency advanced an additional \$254. The note is a 25-year amortized loan and bears interest at 5% annually. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

35,111

Note 4: Notes and Loans Receivable (Continued)

On May 29, 1997, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency agreed to loan up to \$2,656,200 to Ontario Housing Investors, L.P. to finance development of residential improvements to the Ground Lease premises as defined in a disposition and development agreement dated March 19, 1996. The note bears interest at the rate of 3% per annum. The note is due and payable either: (a) on the first day of the first full calendar month following the date of the last disbursement of the agency loan proceeds, or (b) on the first day of the 15th full calendar month following the date of recordation of the Agency Loan Deed and Trust in the Official Records of the County. Upon dissolution of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency, the note receivable was transferred to the Ontario Housing Authority. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

4,150,313

On September 11, 2003, the former Ontario Redevelopment Agency and Ontario Housing Investors entered into a Residual Receipts promissory note in the amount of \$487,408. The loan bears interest of 7% per annum and requires principal and interest payments from residual receipts. On May 1, 2007, the Authority agreed to provide a gap loan in the amount of \$168,469. The loan has a 40-year term and a 6% simple interest per annum. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

981,776

On February 15, 2005, the City Council approved the Ontario OPEN (Ownership Program Enhancing Neighborhoods) House Program to assist low income first time homebuyers. This program was funded with American Dream Down Payment Initiative (ADDI) funds from HUD. As of June 30, 2017, 4 households have been assisted with these funds. The receivable at June 30, 2017, was:

35,040

Pursuant to the disposition and development agreement dated August 12, 2003, between the Ontario Housing Authority and the Ontario Senior Housing, Inc., the Authority accepted a promissory note for the principal amount of \$950,000. This promissory note bears a rate of 0% per annum and is secured by a deed of trust. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

950,000

The City uses Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME funds in a custodial capacity to provide housing rehabilitation loans and grants to eligible applicants. The City makes deferred loans to low and moderate income families based on income and residency guidelines. These loans have been secured by a note and deed of trust. The deferred loan is due and payable when the title of the property changes. The balance at June 30, 2017, was:

3,120,030

Pursuant to the disposition and development agreement between the Ontario Housing Authority and D Street Senior Housing, Inc., the Authority approved a gap loan in the amount of \$1,276,909 to provide new housing development opportunities to address regional needs. The Agency gap loan is a zero percent residual receipts note that will be paid from available cash flow over the term of the affordable covenant period of the project. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

1,200,909

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 4: Notes and Loans Receivable (Continued)

Pursuant to the disposition and development agreement between the Ontario Housing Authority and Ontario Senior Housing Partners, LP, the Agency approved a gap loan in the amount of \$5,155,500 to provide new housing development opportunities to address regional needs. The Agency gap loan will have a 55 year term with an interest rate of 1% simple interest. The loan will be paid back utilizing 85% of the residual cash flow. Any remaining balance at the end of the 55 year term is due and payable. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

5,240,825

The Ontario Housing Authority was approved a maximum of \$1,590,300 BEGIN (Building Equity and Growth In Neighborhoods) funds provided by the California Department of Housing and Community Development. BEGIN funds are used for down payment assistance loans to moderate households in the form of a deferred payment loan with a 30-year term and a 3% deferred simple interest per annum, the receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

299,435

On February 21, 2014, the Ontario Housing Authority entered into a HOME loan agreement with Mercy House Living Centers. The loan was made in the amount of \$1,000,000 to be used to finance the purchase price of property and up to \$523,858 in rehabilitation costs. The rehabilitation costs balance of \$523,858 was placed in a bank account where Mercy House is allowed to draw monies, as needed, to rehabilitate the property. As these monies are drawn from the bank, the amount is added to the loans receivable balance. As of June 30, 2017, Mercy House drew monies in the amount of \$167,895. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017, was:

1,523,858

The Ontario Housing Authority entered into two CalHome Mortgage Assistance Program totaling \$108,200 to assist in the purchase of single family residences. The loans have simple interest at the rate of 1% with repayment occurring either 30 years from the date of recordation, upon sale or transfer of the property, or if they fail to occupy the home as a primary residence. The receivable balance at June 30, 2017 was:

168,296

Total Notes and Loans

<u>\$62,674,447</u>

Notes and leases receivable in the Redevelopment Financing Authority agency fund in the amount of \$141,728,748 represents receivable made to the City and the Former Redevelopment Agency from the proceeds of debt issued to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of existing and new financial instruments.

Notes and leases receivable in the Ontario Public Financing Authority agency fund in the amount of \$102,100,000 represents receivable made to the City from the proceeds of debt issued to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of existing and new financial instruments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

	Due to Ot		
		Nonmajor	
Due from Other Funds	Measure I	Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ 25,734,248	\$ 6,074,835	\$ 31,809,083

The interfund balances at June 30, 2017, were the results of routine interfund transactions not cleared prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Advances To/From Other Funds

	Advances from	n Other Funds	
	Ontario		
	Housing		
	Authority	Impact Fees	
Advances to Other Funds	Fund	Fund	Total
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Solid Waste	\$ 5,961,399	\$ - 2,770,000	\$ 5,961,399 2,770,000
Total	\$ 5,961,399	\$ 2,770,000	\$ 8,731,399

The Solid Waste fund loaned \$2,770,000 to the Impact Fees fund for the OPD facility construction.

During prior years, the Community Development Fund has loaned \$5,961,399 to the Ontario Housing Authority for the acquisition, relocation and rehabilitation of various properties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

	Transfers Out									
Transfers In	General Fund	Water		Sewer	Solid Waste		Internal Service Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 13,739,221	\$	6,054,607	\$ 7,821,142	\$	840,000	\$	3,728,341	\$ 32,183,311
Capital Projects Fund	2,711,878	-		-	-		-		-	2,711,878
Nonmajor										
Governmental Funds	1,205,955	-		-	-		-		-	1,205,955
Nonmajor										
Enterprise Funds	10,500,000	-		-	-		1,243,517		-	11,743,517
Internal Service Funds	11,442,000	20,000		20,000	50,000				_	11,532,000
Total	\$ 25,859,833	\$ 13,759,221	\$	6,074,607	\$ 7,871,142	\$	2,083,517	\$	3,728,341	\$ 59,376,661

The General Fund transferred \$2,711,878 to the Capital Project Fund to fund various public facility improvement projects. The General Fund transferred \$11,172,000 to the OPEB Fund to fully fund the annual required contribution.

The Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund transferred \$13,739,221, \$6,054,607 and \$7,821,142, respectively, to the General Fund to cover the cost of operations. In addition, the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Funds transferred a combined total of \$90,000 to the Internal Service Funds to cover computer and radio replacements.

Transfers from Internal Service Funds to the General Fund are for computer and radio replacement transfers. Nonmajor Governmental interfund transfers to the General Fund are for street maintenance, traffic management and paint/striping.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 6: Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported all capital assets including infrastructure in the government-wide financial statements. The City elected to use the "modified approach" for its infrastructure street pavement system as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. As a result, no accumulated depreciation or depreciation expense has been recorded for this system. A more detailed discussion of the "modified approach" is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report. All other capital assets including other infrastructure systems were reported using the basic approach, whereby accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense has been recorded.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Infrastructure - pavement system	\$ 75,239,054 310,343,655	\$ 49,155 * (11,480,415) **	\$ 75,288,209 298,863,240	\$ 12,157,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,445,823 298,863,240
Construction in progress	156,895,950		156,895,950	31,532,382	(3,185,773)	(5,866,516)	179,376,043
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	542,478,659	(11,431,260)	531,047,399	43,689,996	(3,185,773)	(5,866,516)	565,685,106
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure - other systems Structures and improvements	234,134,067 386,689,283	11,480,415 ** 109,411 *	245,614,482 386,798,694	9,797,883	(2,286,119)	654,410 5,212,106	246,268,892 399,522,564
Furniture and equipment	28,686,065	109,411	28,686,065	947,066	(120,878)	5,212,100	29,512,253
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated	649,509,415	11,589,826	661,099,241	10,744,949	(2,406,997)	5,866,516	675,303,709
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Infrastructure - other systems	74,115,035	-	74,115,035	6,149,617	-	-	80,264,652
Structures and improvements	117,586,099	767,316 **	118,353,415	13,376,927	(2,286,221)	-	129,444,121
Furniture and equipment	22,819,439	(767,316) **	22,052,123	1,400,853	(120,878)		23,332,098
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	214,520,573		214,520,573	20,927,397	(2,407,099)		233,040,871
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	434,988,842	11,589,826	446,578,668	(10,182,448)	102	5,866,516	442,262,838
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 977,467,501	\$ 158,566	\$ 977,626,067	\$ 33,507,548	\$(3,185,671)	\$ -	\$1,007,947,944

^{*} Adjustment was for property and land improvements acquired in prior years for the Ontario Housing Authority.

^{**} Adjustment was made to agree balances to Capital Assets reports at June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 6: Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Beginning Adjustments * Balance		Increases Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciate Land Construction-in-progress	ed: \$ 14,579,681 62,194,113	\$ -	\$ 14,579,681 62,194,113	\$ 3,192,331 8,381,560	\$ (545)	\$ 17,771,467 70,575,673
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	76,773,794	<u> </u>	76,773,794	11,573,891	(545)	88,347,140
Capital assets, being depreciated: Structures and improvements Furniture and equipment Infrastructure	9,206,042 2,086,974 217,508,076	- - -	9,206,042 2,086,974 217,508,076	- - -	- - -	9,206,042 2,086,974 217,508,076
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	228,801,092		228,801,092			228,801,092
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Furniture and equipment Infrastructure	2,851,038 1,016,574 94,274,462	43,424 974,738 (1,018,162)	2,851,038 1,016,574 94,274,462	296,761 19,033 5,296,344	- - -	3,147,799 1,035,607 99,570,806
Total Accumulated Depreciation	98,142,074		98,142,074	5,612,138		103,754,212
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	130,659,018		130,659,018	(5,612,138)	<u>-</u> _	125,046,880
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 207,432,812	\$ -	\$ 207,432,812	\$ 5,961,753	\$ (545)	\$ 213,394,020

^{*} Adjustment was made to agree balances to Depreciation Activity Detail report at June 30, 2017.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 669,203
Public safety	2,920,672
Community development	5,403,880
Library	448,142
Public works	7,598,984
Equipment Services	3,773,446
Information Technology	113,070
	\$ 20,927,397
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 4,250,979
Sewer	1,234,829
Solid waste	126,330
	\$ 5,612,138

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 7: Long-Term Debt

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a. Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended June 30, 2017:

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	July 1, 2016	Adjustment	Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017	One Year
Revenue Bonds Loan Payable	\$ 69,145,000	\$ - 158,566	\$ 69,145,000 158,566	\$ -	\$ 1,555,000 10.000	\$ 67,590,000 148,566	\$ 525,000 12,000
Advances from		100,000	,		10,000	2,222	12,000
Successor Agency	1,600,000	-	1,600,000	-	-	1,600,000	-
Claims and Judgments	21,044,331	=	21,044,331	5,087,893	4,348,224	21,784,000	4,501,000
Compensated Absences	12,111,112		12,111,112	2,928,805	1,569,204	13,470,713	1,613,000
Total	\$103,900,443	\$ 158,566	\$104,059,009	\$8,016,698	\$ 7,482,428	104,593,279	\$6,651,000
			Unamortize	ed bond premiur	n and discount	3,489	
						\$104,596,768	

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There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Revenue Bonds

2001 Lease Revenue Bonds

In August 2001, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$31,705,000 to provide funds to finance the cost of acquisition, construction, and installation of certain capital improvements, including public safety, City library, public recreation and redevelopment improvements, facilities and equipment. The bonds dated August 1, 2001, and issued at a premium of \$417,024 are payable from the rental payments to be made by the City of Ontario for the right to the use of certain property and facilities pursuant to a lease agreement dated November 1, 2001.

In April 2012, the City redeemed \$19,215,000 of the outstanding balance at a premium of 1%. The remaining bonds will mature in annual installments up to August 2018. The balance at June 30, 2017, including the unamortized bond premium of \$14,848, amounted to \$709,848. The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	2001 Lease Revenue Bonds				
	Principal Interest		nterest		
2017-2018 2018-2019	\$	695,000	\$	36,488 18,244	
Total	\$	695,000	\$	54,732	

Note 7: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2007 Lease Revenue Bonds

In August 2007, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$37,535,000 to provide funds to finance the cost of acquisition, construction, and installation of certain capital improvements, including a soccer/sports complex, City Hall Improvements and such other public facilities as may from time to time be designated by the City. The bonds dated August 1, 2007, and issued at a premium of \$440,617 mature in 2036, and are payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 2008, from certain rental payments to be made by the City for the right to the use of properties and facilities pursuant to the 2001 Lease Agreement and First Amendment to the Lease Agreement, dated September 1, 2007. The balance at June 30, 2017, including the unamortized bond premium of \$293,737, amounted to \$33,798,737. The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	2007 Lease Revenue Bonds				
	Principal				Interest
2017 - 2018	\$	525,000		\$	1,577,315
2018 - 2019		550,000			1,550,440
2019 - 2020		575,000			1,522,315
2020 - 2021		605,000			1,492,059
2021 - 2022		635,000			1,459,509
2022 - 2027		3,690,000			6,785,663
2027 - 2032		8,800,000			5,594,435
2032 - 2037		18,125,000	_		2,120,213
Total	\$	33,505,000	=	\$	22,101,949

2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

In August 2013, the Ontario Public Financing Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$33,390,000 to finance construction of City public facilities. The bonds dated August 20, 2013, and issued at a discount of \$380,848 mature in 2043, and are payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing April 2014, from base rental payments to be made by the City for the right to the use certain real property and improvements of the City pursuant to a Lease Agreement, dated September 1, 2013. The balance at June 30, 2017, including the unamortized bond discount of \$(305,096) amounted to \$33,084,904.

Note 7: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	2013 Lease Revenue Bonds			
	Priı	Principal		Interest
2017 - 2018	\$	-	\$	1,648,806
2018 - 2019		-		1,648,806
2019 - 2020		525,000		1,640,931
2020 - 2021		580,000		1,624,356
2021 - 2022		630,000		1,605,419
2022 - 2027	4,	100,000		7,589,447
2027 - 2032	5,	830,000		6,479,359
2032 - 2037	7,	465,000		4,824,319
2037 - 2042	9,	640,000		2,589,666
2042 - 2043	4,	620,000		251,550
Total	\$ 33,	390,000	\$	29,902,659

Loan Payable

On May 19, 2015, the Ontario Housing Authority (Authority) negotiated the purchase of a property and assumed a promissory note and deed from Housing Opportunities Group Inc. (HOGI). In 2002, HOGI entered into a promissory note secured by a subordinated deed of trust with the Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board (Board). HOGI agreed to assign the Authority such property and promissory note with a balance of \$158,566, effective September 11, 2015. Monthly payments in the amount of \$1,000, shall commence one year after the effective date. The loan is payable within 20 years from the effective date at zero interest. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 amounted to \$148,566.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding loan as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	Loan Payable				
	F	Principal		Interest	
2017 - 2018	\$	12,000	\$	_	
2018 - 2019		12,000		-	
2019 - 2020		12,000		-	
2020 - 2021		12,000		-	
2021 - 2022		12,000		-	
2022 - 2027		60,000		-	
2027 - 2032		28,566		-	
2032 - 2036				-	
Total	\$	148,566	\$		

Note 7: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Advances from the Successor Agency

During previous fiscal year, the former Redevelopment Agency advances the Capital Projects fund \$1,600,000 for the purchase of property adjacent to Ontario Mills. There is no repayment schedule for the advances.

Claims and Judgments

The City's liability regarding self-insurance is described in Note 10 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years from the Self Insurance Fund.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements. For the governmental activities, the liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund.

b. Long-Term Debt - Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in Proprietary Fund long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
2013 Water Revenue Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 70,030,000 1,178,215	\$ - 179,850	\$ 1,320,000 246,677	\$ 68,710,000 1,111,388	\$ 1,375,000 89,000
Total	\$ 71,208,215	\$ 179,850	\$ 1,566,677	69,821,388	\$ 1,464,000
		Unamortized	Bond Premium	1,989,539	
				\$ 71,810,927	

Revenue Bonds

2013 Water Revenue Bonds

In September 2013, the Ontario Public Financing Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$74,545,000 to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the water enterprise of the City of Ontario, and refinance an installment payment obligation of the City and the related City of Ontario Certificates of Participation (2004 Water System Improvement Project). The bonds dated September 10, 2013, and issued at a premium of \$2,362,578 mature in 2043, and are payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing January 2014, from certain revenues consisting primarily of installment payments to be made by the City to the Ontario Public Financing Authority under an Installment Purchase Agreement dated September 1, 2013 between the City and the Authority. The balance at June 30, 2017, including the unamortized bond premium of \$1,989,539 amounted to \$70,699,539.

Note 7: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	2013 Water Revenue Bonds			
		Principal		Interest
2017 - 2018	\$	1,375,000	\$	3,423,413
2018 - 2019		1,430,000		3,368,413
2019 - 2020		1,485,000		3,311,213
2020 - 2021		1,545,000		3,251,813
2021 - 2022		1,620,000		3,174,563
2022 - 2027		9,390,000		14,585,463
2027 - 2032		12,030,000		11,953,250
2032 - 2037		15,485,000		9,406,738
2037 - 2042		19,780,000		6,006,000
2042 - 2046		4,570,000		1,038,500
Total	\$	68,710,000	\$	59,519,366

Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements. For the business-type activities, the liability will be paid in future years from the Proprietary Funds.

c. Special Assessment Bonds

The City has entered into a number of Special Assessment Bond programs. The City of Ontario is not obligated in any manner for the Special Assessment Bonds as the bonds are secured by unpaid assessments against the property owners. Accordingly, the City is only acting as an agent for the property owners/bondholders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments. Special Assessment Bonds payable at June 30, 2017, totaled \$35,735,000. This amount is not reported in the City's financial statements. The construction phase is reported in the Capital Projects Funds. Likewise, amounts recorded in the Agency Funds represent only debt service activities, i.e., collection from property owners and payment to bondholders.

Note 7: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

d. Other Bond and Loan Programs

The City has entered into a number of bond programs to provide low-interest financing for various residential and industrial developments within the City. Although the City has arranged these financing programs, these debts are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City. Neither the faith or credit, nor the taxing power of the City, or any political subdivision of the City is pledged to repay the indebtedness. Generally, the bondholders may look only to assets held by trustees for security on the indebtedness. Accordingly, since these debts do not constitute an obligation of the City, they are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The bond programs are as follows:

	Interest	Date	Date Series		utstanding Balance
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	% Rate	Issued	Matures	at Ju	une 30, 2017
Ontario Redevelopment Agency Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Seasons at					
Gateway Plaza 1996 Series A	5.60 - 6.50	1996	2026	\$	915,000
Ontario Redevelopment Agency Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Seasons at					
Gateway Plaza 1996 Series B	Variable	1996	2026		740,000
Total				\$	1,655,000

Note 8: Pension Plan

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

The City of Ontario contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

The plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follow:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
	Tier 1 *	PEPRA (Tier 2)			
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after			
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting					
schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 52 yrs			
Monthly benefits, as	2.000% - 2.500%,	1.000% - 2.500%,			
a % of eligible	50 yrs - 55+ yrs,	52 yrs - 67+ yrs,			
compensation	respectively	respectively			
Required employee contribution rates	8.000% (a)	6.250%			
Required employer contribution rates	16.583%	16.583%			

⁽a) City contributed 0% to employee contribution rate of 8.0%

		Safety Police Plan	
_	Tier 1 *	Tier 2	PEPRA (Tier 3)
Hire date	Prior to July 1, 2012	On July 1, 2012 and prior to Janaury 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after
Benefit formula Benefit vesting	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs
Monthly benefits,	3.000%	2.400% - 3.000%,	2.000 - 2.700%,
as a % of eligible	50 yrs - 55+ yrs,	50 yrs - 55+ yrs,	50 yrs - 57+ yrs,
compensation	respectively	respectively	respectively
Required employee contribution rates	9.000% (b)	9.000% (b)	12.000%
Required employer contribution rates	41.622%	41.622%	41.622%

⁽b) City contributed 3.0% to employee contribution rate of 9.0%

		Safety Fire Plan	
	Tier 1 *	Tier 2	PEPRA (Tier 3)
Hire date	Prior to July 1, 2012	On July 1, 2012 and prior to Janaury 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting			
schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs
Monthly benefits,	3.000%	2.400% - 3.000%,	2.000 - 2.700%,
as a % of eligible	50 yrs - 55+ yrs,	50 yrs - 55+ yrs,	50 yrs - 57+ yrs,
compensation	respectively	respectively	respectively
Required employee contribution rates	9.000% (c)	9.000% (c)	10.500%
Required employer contribution rates	35.705%	35.705%	35.705%

⁽c) City contributed 3.0% to employee contribution rate of 9.0%

^{*}Closed to new entrants

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2016 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plans:

	Number of members			
	Miscellaneous	Safety Police	Safety Fire	
Description	Plan	Plan	Plan	
Active members	665	239	134	
Transferred members	323	23	13	
Terminated members	250	23	14	
Retired members and beneficiaries	782	229	136	
Total	2,020	514	297	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERSL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the City to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the contributions that were recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability were \$6,655,129, \$8,627,418, and \$5,300,820 for the Miscellaneous Plan, the Safety Police Plan and the Safety Fire Plan, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2016 using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard updated procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2015 Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll Growth 3.00% Investment Rate of Return* 7.50%

Mortality Rate Table** Derived using CalPERS' Membership

Data for all Funds

Change of Assumptions

There were no changes of assumption for the June 30, 2016 measurement date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

^{*} Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation.

^{**} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2015.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (1)	Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.0	0.99	2.43
Inflation Sensitive	6.0	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	10.0	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	10.0	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	1.0	-0.55	-1.05
(4) A	1.6 0.2		

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in Net Pension Liability for each Plan follows:

		Inci	rease (Decrease)		
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		let Pension	
Miscellaneous Plan	Liability		Net Position		Liability	
Balance at: 6/30/2016 (Valuation Date of 6/30/15)	\$ 288,274,6	68 \$	237,214,267	\$	51,060,401	
Changes recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost	6,785,1	57	-		6,785,157	
Interest on TPL	22,042,7	54	-		22,042,754	
Changes in benefit terms		-	-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,960,0	90	-		2,960,090	
Changes in assumptions		-	-		-	
Plan to plan resource movement		-	221		(221)	
Contributions from the employer		-	6,655,129		(6,655,129)	
Contributions from the employees		-	3,496,228		(3,496,228)	
Net investment income		-	1,288,913		(1,288,913)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(12,973,5	36)	(12,973,536)		-	
Administrative expense		-	(144,267)		144,267	
Net changes during 2015-16	18,814,4	65	(1,677,312)		20,491,777	
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Measurement Date of 6/30/16)	\$ 307,089,1	33 \$	235,536,955	\$	71,552,178	

Increase (Decrease)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	otal Pension	P	lan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
Safety Police Plan		Liability	1	Net Position		Liability
Balance at: 6/30/2016 (Valuation Date of 6/30/15)	\$	299,430,362	\$	219,560,042	\$	79,870,320
Changes recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		6,630,087		-		6,630,087
Interest on TPL		22,805,001		-		22,805,001
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,866,294		-		1,866,294
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-
Contributions from the employer		-		8,627,418		(8,627,418)
Contributions from the employees		-		2,185,576		(2,185,576)
Net investment income		-		1,073,635		(1,073,635)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(13,014,228)		(13,014,228)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(133,344)		133,344
Net changes during 2015-16		18,287,154		(1,260,943)		19,548,097
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Measurement Date of 6/30/16)	\$	317,717,516	\$	218,299,099	\$	99,418,417

	Increase (Decrease)					
Safety Fire Plan	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pen			let Pension Liability		
Balance at: 6/30/2016 (Valuation Date of 6/30/15)	\$ 223,52	25,480	\$	178,188,055	\$	45,337,425
Changes recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost	4,01	11,720		-		4,011,720
Interest on TPL	17,00	07,366		-		17,007,366
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,05	59,569		-		2,059,569
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Plan to plan resource movement		-		(221)		221
Contributions from the employer		-		5,300,820		(5,300,820)
Contributions from the employees		-		1,513,475		(1,513,475)
Net investment income		-		890,970		(890,970)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(10,54	14,779)		(10,544,779)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(108,343)		108,343
Net changes during 2015-16	12,53	33,876		(2,948,078)		15,481,954
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Measurement Date of 6/30/16)	\$ 236,05	59,356	\$	175,239,977	\$	60,819,379

⁽¹⁾ The fiduciary net position includes receivables for employee service buybacks, deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense. This may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of each Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.65%) or 1% point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

	Disc	count Rate - 1% (6.65%)	Cur	rent Discount Rate (7.65%)	Di	scount Rate +1% (8.65%)
Miscellaneous Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	112,864,295	\$	71,552,178	\$	37,733,289
Safety Police Plan's Net Pension Liability		143,911,866		99,418,417		63,630,872
Safety Fire Plan's Net Pension Liability		92,017,118		60,819,379		35,457,885
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	348,793,279	\$	231,789,974	\$	136,822,046

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves. Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. See CalPERS website for additional information.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2016), the combined net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan, the Safety Police Plan and the Safety Fire Plan was \$176,268,146. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2016, (the measurement date), the City of Ontario incurred an aggregate pension expense of \$25,534,128 for the plans. Note that no adjustments have been made for contributions subsequent to the measurement date. As of June 30, 2017, the City of Ontario has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

Note 8: Pension Plan (Continued)

Miscellaneous Plan \$ 7,726,588 \$ - Difference between expected and actual experience 1,104,243 - Change in assumptions - (1,798,934) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 12,773,549 - Miscellaneous Plan Total 21,604,380 (1,798,934) Safety Police Plan 11,021,424 - Contributions made after the measurement date 11,227,459 - Difference between expected and actual experience 1,227,459 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan - (2,312,044) - Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) - Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total </th <th></th> <th>erred Outflows of Resources</th> <th>Deferred Inflows of Resources</th>		erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience 1,104,243 - Change in assumptions - (1,798,934) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 12,773,549 - Miscellaneous Plan Total 21,604,380 (1,798,934) Safety Police Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 11,021,424 - Difference between expected and actual experience 1,227,459 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Miscellaneous Plan	 	
experience 1,104,243 - Change in assumptions - (1,798,934) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 12,773,549 - Miscellaneous Plan Total 21,604,380 (1,798,934) Safety Police Plan - - Contributions made after the measurement date 11,021,424 - Difference between expected and actual experience 1,227,459 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan - (1,451,854) Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Contributions made after the measurement date	\$ 7,726,588	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Miscellaneous Plan Total Safety Police Plan Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Safety Police Plan Total Safety Police Plan Total Contributions made after the measurement date 1,227,459 - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual experience between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	•	1,104,243	-
earnings on pension plan investments 12,773,549 - Miscellaneous Plan Total 21,604,380 (1,798,934) Safety Police Plan Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience 11,021,424 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan - 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Change in assumptions	-	(1,798,934)
Safety Police Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 11,021,424 - Difference between expected and actual experience 1,227,459 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)		 12,773,549	<u>-</u> _
Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Safety Police Plan Total Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Safety Fire Plan Total Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Safety Fire Plan Total 11,021,424 1,227,459 - (3,129,944) 11,938,519 - (3,129,944) 11,938,519 - (1,451,854) - (1,451,854) - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Miscellaneous Plan Total	21,604,380	(1,798,934)
Difference between expected and actual experience 1,227,459 - Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Safety Police Plan		
Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Contributions made after the measurement date	11,021,424	-
Change in assumptions - (3,129,944) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	•	1 227 459	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Safety Police Plan Total Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Safety Fire Plan Total 11,938,519 - 24,187,402 (3,129,944) 6,271,125 - (1,451,854) (1,451,854) - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	•	1,227,100	(2.420.044)
earnings on pension plan investments 11,938,519 - Safety Police Plan Total 24,187,402 (3,129,944) Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)		-	(3,129,944)
Safety Fire Plan Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	· ·	 11,938,519	
Contributions made after the measurement date 6,271,125 - Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Safety Police Plan Total	24,187,402	(3,129,944)
Difference between expected and actual experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Safety Fire Plan		
experience - (1,451,854) Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Contributions made after the measurement date	6,271,125	-
Change in assumptions - (2,395,743) Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Difference between expected and actual		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 - Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	experience	-	(1,451,854)
earnings on pension plan investments 9,528,570 Safety Fire Plan Total 15,799,695 (3,847,597)	Change in assumptions	-	(2,395,743)
	, ,	9,528,570	_
	Safety Fire Plan Total	15,799,695	(3,847,597)
	•	\$ 	

Amounts of \$7,726,588, \$11,021,424, and \$6,271,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Mi	scellaneous	Safety - Police		Safety - Fire			
		Deferred	Deferred		I	Deferred		
Year ended	ed Outflows/(Inflows) of Outflows/(Inflows) of		Outflows/(Inflows) of		Outflo	ws/(Inflows) of		
June 30:	F	Resources	F	Resources	R	esources		
2017	\$	298,541	\$	827,321	\$	(7,902)		
2018		2,507,564		827,323		(7,903)		
2019		5,938,575		4,955,419		3,084,996		
2020		3,334,178		3,425,971		2,571,398		
2021		-		-		40,384		
Thereafter								
Total	\$	12,078,858	\$	10,036,034	\$	5,680,973		

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The City has established the City of Ontario Retiree Healthcare Plan, a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan, which is administered by the City, provides health insurance for its retired employees according to the Personnel Rules and Regulations for each of the seven employee groups. The City pays monthly health insurance benefits subjects to caps which vary by bargaining group. The authority to do so is included annually in the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and each of its employee groups and ultimately passed by Council action.

Funding Policy

The City funds retiree health benefits on a pay as you go basis, paying for retiree benefits from the City's Other Post Employment Benefits internal service fund. For fiscal year 2016-2017, the City paid a total of \$4,213,032 for retiree health insurance.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements with additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City under an actuarial valuation. The City has elected not to transfer assets into an irrevocable trust fund, but set aside contribution to its Other Post Employment Benefits agency fund. For fiscal year 2016-2017, the City contributed \$19,476,041 to its internal service fund.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

	Fiscal Year
	Ended
	 lune 30, 2017
Annual required contribution	\$ 19,596,000
Interest on OPEB obligation	3,618,673
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (7,436,240)
Annual OPEB cost	15,778,433
Contributions made	4,213,032
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	11,565,401
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 90,466,828
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 102,032,229

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016-2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

				Percentage of			
Fiscal Year			Annual	Annual OPEB		Net OPEB	
	Ended	OPEB cost		Cost Contributed	Obligation		
	6/30/2015	\$	17,281,490	21.0%	\$	78,963,331	
	6/30/2016		15,260,957	24.6%		90,466,828	
	6/30/2017		15,778,433	29.0%		102,032,229	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. This is the latest information available.

Schedule of Funding Progress for OPEB (Amounts in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actua Valu Ass	e of	of (AAL) AAL		Funded Ratio	_	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	
6/30/2012 6/30/2014 6/30/2016	\$	-	\$ 157,012 173,250 249,328	\$ (157,012) (173,250) (249,328)	- % - % - %	\$	70,513 68,509 82,831	222.7 % 252.9 % 301.0 %	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and a general inflation rate of 3.0%. Annual healthcare cost trend 6.0% to 6.7%, reduced by decrements of 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% after 2021. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2017, was seventeen years. As of the actuarial valuation date, the City had 1,042 active participants and 520 retirees receiving benefits.

Note 10: Self-Insurance Program

On December 22, 1974, the City initiated a program of self-insurance for workers' compensation liability claims. The City will pay all claims up to \$750,000 per claim; amounts in excess of \$750,000 are covered through an outside insurance carrier.

On January 1, 1975, the City initiated a program of self-insurance for unemployment liability claims. By this action, the City will pay all claims based on the individual reimbursement account method, as provided by the State of California.

On April 6, 1979, the City initiated a program of self-insurance for general liability claims. At present, the City will pay all claims up to \$1,000,000 per claim arising from general liability claim actions brought against the City. Amounts in excess of \$1,000,000 per claim are covered by the Authority for California Cities Excess Liability (ACCEL).

ACCEL is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. ACCEL pools catastrophic general liability, automobile liability and public officials errors and omissions losses. ACCEL members share risk from \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000, and insurance in layers exceeding \$5,000,000.

The City has not experienced a significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Additionally, the amount of settlements has not exceeded budgeted coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The City has entered into contracts with third-party administrators who supervise the general liability and worker's compensation programs. When it is probable that a claims liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated through historical trends and calculation of incurred but not reported claims (IBNR), the City accrues the estimated liability in an internal service fund for expected claims and judgments.

The following is a summary of the changes in the claims liability over the past two fiscal years:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Year Balance		Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Ending Balance	
2015-2016 2016-2017	\$	18,465,220 21,044,331	\$ 4,191,212 5,087,893	\$	1,612,101 4,348,224	\$	21,044,331 21,784,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 11: Fund Balances

a. Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances in governmental funds at June 30, 2017, have been classified as follows:

			Gov	ernmental Fund	is		
	General	Quiet Home Program	M easure I	Ontario Housing Authority	Capital Projects	Impact Fees	Other Governmental Funds
	General	Program	Wieasure	Authority	Fiojects	IIIIpact Fees	Fullus
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$ 144,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid costs	211,360	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes and loans	30,038,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to other funds	3,500,000						-
Total Nonspendable	33,893,841			_		_	-
Restricted							
Endowment/Trust	424,497	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	-						
projects	-	58,008,820	-	-	19,582,611	3,800	14,554,827
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	156,236
Police narcotics	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,501,750
Affordable housing	-	-	-	22,918,632	5,362,141	-	-
AQMD activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,011,545
Public services	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,963,743
Bond improvement projects	-	-	-	-	29,276,916	-	-
Total Restricted	424,497	58,008,820		22,918,632	54,221,668	3,800	33,188,101
Committed	.2.,	00,000,020		22,0 10,002	0 1,22 1,000	- 0,000	
M useum bo ard	65,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
Whispering Lakes Golf Course	61,763	_	_	_	_	_	_
City facilities project	5,796,428						
Public safety equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
	5,634,235	-	-	-	-	-	-
Communications/computer	4000.004						
dispatch	1,330,224	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences	14,345,207	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects		-	-	-	7,537,343	-	-
Contractual obligations	179,302	-	-	-	-	-	-
City infrastructure		-	-	-	-	84,047,676	-
Events center capital							
equipment	1,136,685	-	-	-	_	-	-
Ontario motor speedway	328,347	_	_	-	_	_	_
Total Committed	28,877,191				7,537,343	84,047,676	
Assigned	20,077,191				7,557,545	04,047,070	
Equipment replacement	434,374	_			_	_	
Continuing appropriations	4,777,321			_	7,052,150	6,238,900	906,904
Stability arrangement	45,349,722	-	-	-	7,002,00	0,230,900	300,904
Maintenance trust	1,520,280	_	-	-	_	-	-
Total Assigned	52,081,697				7,052,150	6,238,900	906,904
=	52,00 1,097				1,002,60	0,230,900	·
Unassigned			(11,283,581)				(5,501,040)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 115,277,226	\$ 58,008,820	\$ (11,283,581)	\$ 22,918,632	\$ 68,811,161	\$ 90,290,376	\$ 28,593,965

Note 12: Fund Balance and Net Position Restatements

a. Restatement of Fund Balance

General Fund:

To properly record expenditures incorrectly posted in the Impact Fees Fund.

\$ (1,000,000)

Impact Fees Fund:

To properly record expenditures incorrectly posted in the Impact Fees Fund.

1,000,000 \$ -

b. Restatement of Net Position

Internal Service Funds:

Other Post Employment Benefits Fund

To change the reporting fo the OPEB Fund from an Agency Fund to an Internal Service Fund.

\$ 159,872,322

Government-wide Statements:

To change the reporting of the OPEB Fund from an Agency Fund to an Internal Service Fund.

\$ 159,872,322

To record land and land improvements acquired in the prior year.

158,566

To record a loan payable obtained in the prior year, related to the property noted above.

(158,566)

\$ 159,872,322

Note 13: Joint Ventures

Water Facilities Authority

On February 19, 1980, the Water Facilities Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City of Chino, the City of Ontario, the City of Upland, the City of Chino Hills and the Monte Vista Water District. It was formed for the purpose of acquisition and construction of facilities directly benefiting the participants by supplying potable water to the inhabitants within the boundaries of its members. Thus, each participant has an ongoing financial interest in the Authority.

The governing Board of Directors consists of one member appointed from each participating agency and has approval of all budget and finance activities. The City's investment in the Authority has been recorded under the equity method of accounting and is shown as an investment in joint venture in the Water Enterprise Fund.

On September 30, 1997, the Authority issued \$24,455,000 in 1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation (COPs) to refund \$25,820,000 of then outstanding 1986 COPs. The 1997 Refunding COPs carry interest rates from 4.0% to 5.3% and will be repaid in various principal increments with the final payment due on October 1, 2015. Each participant in the joint venture has pledged gross revenues from its respective Enterprise Fund and has agreed to restrictive covenants that establish rates and charges for each respective water enterprise fund at levels sufficient to maintain net revenues equal to at least 1.25 times the

Note 13: Joint Ventures (Continued)

aggregate amount of each respective party's installment payments to the Authority as well as any parity debt that shall become due and payable within the succeeding twelve months. Each City has an ongoing financial responsibility as each has assumed a portion of the Authority's debt. The City of Ontario's percentage share of the installment payment is 41.51681% and the outstanding balance was paid in full during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2017, the City's investment in the Authority, including its share of Authority's debt, was \$8,747,434.

Audited financial information of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is summarized as follows:

Water Facilities Authority Net Position: Total assets Total deferred outflows Total liabilities Total deferred inflows	\$ 30,086,807 380,121 (5,133,190) (68,899)
Total net position	\$ 25,264,839
Water Facilities Authority Changes in Net Position: Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 16,944,966 16,900,283
Operating gain (loss) before depreciation and amortization	44,683
Depreciation and amortization	1,115,295
Operating revenue (loss)	(1,070,612)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Capital contributions	 1,214,876 372,746
Change in net position	517,010
Beginning net position	24,747,829
Ending net position	\$ 25,264,839

The current participants and their financial contributions through June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Amount	Percent
City of Chino City of Chino Hills City of Ontario City of Upland Monte Vista Water District	\$ 6,656,906 5,422,174 14,529,089 8,401,611 6,836,261	15.9% 12.9% 34.6% 20.0% 16.2%
Non-Participant	117,703	0.3%
Total	\$ 41,963,744	100%

Financial statements of the Water Facility Authority can be obtained from the offices of Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc., 4201 Brockton Avenue, Suite 100, Riverside, CA 92501.

Note 13: Joint Ventures (Continued)

Chino Basin Desalter Authority

On January 15, 2002, the Chino Basin Desalter Authority (the Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City of Ontario and other neighboring government agencies. This agreement was formed to successfully manage the groundwater resources in the Chino Basin.

The governing Board of Director consists of one representative appointed from each participating agency and has the power and responsibility to adopt budgets, operating plans and finance activities to further the purpose of the Authority. As of June 30, 2017, the City's investment in the Authority was \$49,928,581.

On June 22, 2016, the Chino Basin Desalter Authority issued the Desalter Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A in the amount of \$67,105,000 to refund the Desalter Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A. The new revenue refunding bond has various debt payment schedules tailored to each CDA member agency, based on their respective election. This provision affords each member the ability to prepay their share of debt service.

The financial information of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is summarized as follows:

Chino Basin Desalter Authority Net Position:

Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 317,875,187 121,466,301
Total net position	\$ 196,408,886
Chino Basin Desalter Authority Changes in Net Position:	
Operating revenues	\$ 38,098,746
Operating expenses	 38,295,396
Operating income (loss)	(196,650)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	132,465
Income (loss) before contributions	(64,185)
Capital contributions	10,474,148
Change in net position	10,409,963
Beginning net position	185,998,923
Ending net position	\$ 196,408,886

Note 13: Joint Ventures (Continued)

The current participants and their financial contributions through June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Amount		Percent
Jurupa Community Services District	\$	8,308,575	36.6%
City of Chino Hills	,	3,699,455	16.3%
City of Chino		4,403,254	19.4%
City of Norco		881,752	3.9%
City of Ontario		4,224,502	18.6%
Santa Ana River Co.		1,054,698	4.6%
Western Municipal Water District		130,920	0.6%
Total	\$	22,703,156	100.00%

Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained from the CDA Treasurer's office located at 6075 Kimball Avenue, Chino, CA 91710.

West End Communications Authority

The "Authority" governed by a seven-member board is a joint exercise of powers between the following entities as created by a joint powers:

City of Chino	City of Upland
City of Montclair	Rancho Cucamonga Fire Protection District
City of Rancho Cucamonga	Chino Valley Independent Fire Protection District
City of Ontario	

The purpose of the Authority is to provide a cooperative voluntary association to establish operate and maintain a consolidated 800MHZ communication system designed to serve public safety agencies throughout the western end of San Bernardino County, California. The City has an ongoing financial interest in the residual assets of the Authority upon disbandment.

The following is a summary of the West End Communications Authority financial information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

West End Communication Authority Net Position:		
Total assets	\$	895,165
Total liabilities		
Total net position	\$	895,165
West End Communication Authority Changes in Net Positio	n:	
Operating revenues	\$	-
Operating expenses		_

Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	-
Operating revenue (loss)		-
General revenue	-	3,827
Change in net position		3,827
Beginning net position		891,338
Ending net position	\$	895,165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 13: Joint Ventures (Continued)

Separate financial statements of the West End Communications Authority are available upon request from the City of Ontario, Fiscal Services Department, 303 East "B" Street, Ontario, California 91764.

West End Fire and Emergency Response Commission

On January 23, 1989, the West End Fire and Emergency Response Commission was created under the Joint Exercise Powers Agreement between the Fire Departments of the City of Ontario, Upland, Montclair, Rancho Cucamonga and Chino. The governing board of directors consists of the Fire Chief from each city. The purpose of the Authority is to establish a hazardous materials response team. It has been amended to include an Urban Search and Rescue Team and the servicing of joint authority breathing apparatus equipment for emergency purposes.

The following is a summary of the West End Fire and Emergency Response Commission financial information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Total assets Total liabilities	\$	495,011 10,950
Total net position	\$	484,061
West End Fire and Emergency response Commission Changes in N	et P	osition:
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	50,000 80,312
Operating revenue (loss)		(30,312)
General revenue		1,913
Change in net position		(28,399)
Beginning net position		512,460
Ending net position	\$	484,061

Separate financial statements of the West End Fire and Emergency Response Commission are available upon request from the City of Ontario, Fiscal Services Department, 303 East "B" Street, Ontario, California 91764.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 14: Other Investments

Other investments of \$38,309,604 at June 30, 2017 in the Other Post-Employment Benefits internal service fund represents water rights/stored water, air quality credits and land/land rights purchased to generate a revenue stream to fund post-employment benefits.

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

				Level		
Investment Type	Totals	1		2		3
Water Rights	\$ 31,126,089	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 31,126,089
Air Quality Credits	478,479		-		-	478,479
Stored Water	6,611,005		-		-	6,611,005
Land & Land Rights	94,031					 94,031
Total Investments	\$ 38,309,604	\$		\$		\$ 38,309,604

Note 15: Contingencies

Liabilities

Claims and suits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. Based upon information received from the City Attorney and the self-insurance administrator, the estimated liability under such claims would be adequately covered by self-insurance designations and insurance coverage.

Grant

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Proposition 218

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November, 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase and extend taxes, assessments and fees. Any new, increased or extended taxes, assessments and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future by the voters. Therefore, the City's ability to finance the services for which the taxes, assessments and fees were imposed may be significantly impaired. At this time, it is uncertain how Proposition 218 will affect the City's ability to maintain or increase the revenue it receives from taxes, assessments and fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 16: Commitments

Construction Commitments

The following material construction commitments existed at June 30, 2017:

		Ex	penditures								
	Contract	to	date as of	F	Remaining		Ca	pital	Impact		
Project Name	Amount	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Co	mmitments	Measure I	Proj	ects	Fees	Wa	ater
S. Milliken Grade Separation	\$5,174,356	\$	51,191	\$	5,123,165	\$4,098,532	\$	-	\$1,024,633	\$	-
S. Milliken Grade Separation	10,049,390		8,656,761		1,392,629	1,072,324		-	320,305		-
S. Milliken Grade Separation	49,936,295		44,635,052		5,301,243	4,240,994		-	1,060,249		-
Francis St. Storm Drain	10,398,901		5,569,997		4,828,904	-	4,152	2,857	676,047		-
6th St. Storm Drain	6,774,054		3,058,953		3,715,101	-		-	3,715,101		-
Chino Basin Desalter Facility Expansion	2,688,789		2,276,534		412,255	-		-	-	412	,255

Note 17: Tax Abatements

The City entered into various tax abatement agreements with local businesses. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City abated taxes totaling \$4,237,276 under this program. The City has the following tax abatement agreements:

- A sales tax abatement with a retail and internet services company to operate within the
 City and generate additional local sales tax revenues, property taxes, employment
 benefits, and other tangible and intangible benefits. The City agreed to rebate quarterly
 50% of local sales tax revenues received for 15 years. In fiscal year 2016-17, the
 abatement amounted to \$214,149.
- A Professional Agreement with a consultant to assist the City in sales tax consulting services related to Operating Covenant Agreements. The consultant will invoice the City on a quarterly basis and will receive a 5% fee each year on the first \$5,000,000 of local sales and use tax received by the City. Payments will continue for a 20 year term of the Operating Covenant Agreement the City entered into with the retailer of equipment and merchandise of health care products and services. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$270,776.
- An Operating Covenant Agreement with a retailer of equipment and merchandise of health care products and services to establish its only regional sales office in California within the City for not less than 20 years. The establishment of such retailer will generate local sales tax revenue, create high paying/management jobs and provide opportunity for additional job growth. The City agreed to rebate quarterly 50% of sales tax revenues attributable to taxable sales. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$1,571,772.
- An Operating Covenant Agreement with an automotive dealership which agreed to operate the entirety of its dealership facilities within the City for a period of 26 years. The dealership will generate substantial tax revenue, create potential for additional job growth and stimulate the economy. The City agreed to rebate 50% of sales tax revenues in excess of \$700,000 during the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2018. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$568,915.

Note 17: Tax Abatements (Continued)

- The City entered into a Professional Agreement with a consultant to provide sales tax audit and information services to the City. The audit services will detect and correct taxpayer reporting errors and generate new revenue without causing additional tax liability to businesses. The City agreed to pay quarterly 20% of new sales and use tax revenues received as a result of corrections identified by the consultant. In fiscal year 2016-17, the amount paid was \$420,495.
- Operating Covenant Agreement with a retailer of consumer products to establish its warehouse and distribution center in the City and remain in the City for no less than 41 years. The establishment of such retailer in the City will generate substantial revenue, create new jobs, revitalize the City, and result in community and public improvements. The City agreed to refund quarterly 55% of sales tax revenues attributable to annual taxable sales up to \$500 million and 60% of sales tax revenues over \$500 million of annual taxable sales. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$408,889.
- Operating Covenant Agreement with an internet services provider to ensure that it maintains its existing facility in the City, expands its operations by increasing the size of its sales office and sales force by 100-150 new employees. This will generate substantial revenue for the City, create 100-150 new jobs, maintain 250 jobs, stimulate the economy, and result in community and public improvements. The City agreed to rebate quarterly 50% of sales tax revenues in excess of \$45,000. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$181,464.
- Operating Covenant Agreement with a retailer of consumer products to ensure that it maintains its existing warehouse and distribution center in the City and expands its operations within the City. This will generate substantial revenue for the City, possibly create job growth, continue to stimulate the economy and result in community and public improvements. For the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019, provided the City receives not less than \$1.2 million of sales tax revenue from the retailer, the City agreed to make annual payments in the amount of \$600,000 payable within 120 days following the end of each calendar year. In fiscal year 2016-17, the abatement amounted to \$600,000.
- A sales tax abatement for the operation of an automotive dealership within the City. The dealership will create significant employment opportunities, property tax revenues, sales tax revenues, and other ancillary benefits. The City agreed to make quarterly payments of the first three quarters within each calendar year in an amount equal to 50% of sales tax revenue which exceeds \$60,067. The fourth quarter of each calendar year is an adjustment period. In fiscal year 2016-17 the abatement amounted to \$816.

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Ontario that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2012-001.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies are only allocating revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

a. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2017, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 4,927,713
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 2,937,848
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,865,561

b. Notes Receivable

On October 19, 1993, the Ontario Redevelopment Agency accepted a note receivable of \$35,000 from a developer as part of a transaction involving the sale of property. The note bears interest at 0% annually and was due in full on June 20, 1995. A new note was negotiated on November 8, 1996, and will mature on October 31, 2026. The unpaid principal balance at June 30, 2017, was \$35,000.

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

c. Advances to City

During prior fiscal year, the Former RDA loaned \$1,600,000 to the Capital Project Fund for the purchase of property adjacent to Ontario Mills.

d. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2017:

	 Balance July 1, 2016	-	Accrued Interest	Ac	Iditions		Deletions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2017	Oue Within One Year
1993 Tax Allocation Bonds 1995 Tax Allocation Bonds 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds Loans Payable Advance from City	\$ 43,688,940 3,863,160 5,182,766 10,249,576 3,500,000	\$	- - 142,535 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	1,901,649 168,151 2,164,900 512,181	\$	41,787,291 3,695,009 3,160,401 9,737,395 3,500,000	\$ 2,131,891 188,509 645,401 539,326
Total	\$ 66,484,442	\$	142,535	\$		\$	4,746,881		61,880,096	\$ 3,505,127
				U	namortized	d Bo	nd Premium		41,383	
								\$	61,921,479	

1993 Tax Allocation Bond

The 1993 Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$45,708,900 were issued on June 11, 1993, to finance redevelopment activities related to Project Area #1. The Agency sold the bonds to the Financing Authority at a purchase price equal to the principal amount of the bonds plus a premium. The investment by the Authority in the bonds is held in an agency fund. The terms were negotiated in a prior year and reduced the outstanding principal balance by \$800. Additionally, the maturity date was extended two years to August 1, 2025. The interest is paid semi-annually at the stated rate of 12%. The balance at June 30, 2017, amounted to \$41,787,291.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	1993 Tax Allocation Bonds					
		Principal		Interest		
2017 - 2018	\$	2,131,891	\$	4,886,562		
2018 - 2019		3,705,175		4,536,338		
2019 - 2020		4,154,633		4,064,749		
2020 - 2021		4,648,466		3,536,563		
2021 - 2022		5,213,685		2,944,834		
2022 - 2026		21,933,441		4,851,990		
Total	\$	41,787,291	\$	24,821,036		

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

1995 Tax Allocation Bonds

On August 15, 1995, the Ontario Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,041,700 in 1995 Tax Allocation Bonds. The bonds were sold to the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority at par plus premium. All proceeds of the 1995 Bonds will be used to finance redevelopment projects related to Project Area #1. The 1995 Bonds were issued on parity with the Agency's existing Project Area #1 1992 and 1993 Tax Allocation Bonds. The 1995 Bonds were issued with an interest rate of 12.00%, provided that the interest rate for the period from August 1, 1995 through July 1, 1996, shall be 10.55% per annum, the interest rate for the period from August 1, 1996 through July 31, 1997, shall be 11.70% per annum, and the interest for the period from August 1, 1997 through July 31, 1999, shall be 11.86% per annum. Interest is paid semi-annually each year and commenced February 1, 1996, until final maturity on August 1, 2025. The balance at June 30, 2017, amounted to \$3,695,009.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	1995 Tax Allocation Bonds					
		Principal		Interest		
2017 - 2018	\$	188,509	\$	485,004		
2018 - 2019		327,625		485,004		
2019 - 2020		367,367 48				
2020 - 2021		411,034		485,004		
2021 - 2022		461,015		485,004		
2022 - 2026		1,939,459		1,697,514		
Total	\$	3,695,009	\$	4,122,534		

2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds

In February 2002, the Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$35,290,000 to provide funds to concurrently refund on a current basis a portion of the Authority's 1992 Revenue Bonds and certain outstanding tax allocation bonds of the Agency, and to finance redevelopment activities within the Agency's Project Area #1, Center City and Cimarron redevelopment projects. The bonds issued at a premium of \$1,702,231, consist of \$17,472,433 capital appreciation bonds maturing annually through 2017 and \$9,795,000 interest bonds with interest payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year and maturing in 2021. The bonds are secured by a pledge and a lien on a portion of the taxes levied on all taxable property within the related project of the Agency. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017, amounted to \$3,160,401 and was made up of \$3,090,000 original issue and \$70,401 accreted interest. The unamortized bond premium was \$41,383.

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, including interest, are as follows:

	20	2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds					
		Principal		nterest			
2017 - 2018	\$	645,401	\$	132,759			
2018 - 2019		600,000		105,213			
2019 - 2020		630,000		76,000			
2020 - 2021		610,000		46,550			
2021 - 2022		675,000		16,031			
Total	\$	3,160,401	\$	376,553			

Loans Payable

Pursuant to a loan agreement dated February 1, 2002, the Ontario Redevelopment Agency issued the Ontario Redevelopment Project #1 2002 Housing Set-Aside Loan in the amount of \$15,145,000 to finance low and moderate income activities of the Agency within or of the benefit to the Ontario Redevelopment Agency Project Area #1. The loan matures in 2029 and is payable from Housing Tax Revenues allocated to the Agency. Interest is paid semi-annually at a rate of 5.30% per annum. The balance at June 30, 2017, amounted to \$9,737,395. At June 30, 2017, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

2002 FNMA Housing Set-Aside Loan

	Loan				
		Principal		Interest	
2017 - 2018	\$	539,326	\$	501,790	
2018 - 2019		567,911		472,448	
2019 - 2020		598,010		441,551	
2020 - 2021		629,705		409,017	
2021 - 2022		663,079		374,758	
2022 - 2027		3,881,306		1,292,881	
2027 - 2030		2,858,058		232,429	
Total	\$	9,737,395	\$	3,724,874	

Advance from City

The General Fund made an advance in the amount of \$3,500,000 to the Successor Agency of the Former Redevelopment Agency to assist the Agency in implementation of the redevelopment plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 18: Successor Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate-Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$91,425,093 with annual debt service requirements as indicated on the previous pages. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the Successor Agency for the payment of obligations incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency was \$15,694,998 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$10,907,942.

Note 19: Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2017 the Ontario Public Financing Authority issued its 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$26,810,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.000% to 5.000% to refund the outstanding Ontario Redevelopment Financing Authority 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budgetary Comparison Information

General Budget Policies

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the year. All amendments made during the year are included in the budgetary amounts reported herein. The "appropriated budget" covers all City expenditures, including capital improvement projects carried forward from the prior year, which is re-appropriated each year. Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Appropriations that are encumbered lapse at year-end and then are added to the following year budgeted appropriations.
- 4. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items. Budget comparisons are not presented for the Proprietary Funds, as the City is not legally required to adopt a budget for these type funds.
- 5. Capital projects are budgeted through the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for capital projects authorized, but not constructed or completed during the year, are re-appropriated in the following year's budget.
- 6. Under Article XIII-B of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from the proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller or returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules, or an excess in one year may be offset by a deficit in the following year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, based on calculations by City staff, proceeds of taxes did not exceed appropriations.

Further, Section 5 of Article XIII-B allows the City to designate a portion of fund balance for general contingencies to be used for any purpose. On August 10, 1996, the City Council passed Resolution 96-073 setting aside all unappropriated fund balances in the General Fund as a contingency fund.

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$ 123,016,201	\$ 123,016,201	\$ 123,016,201	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	, -,,-	, -,, -	, -,, -	•
Taxes	150,700,000	150,900,000	167,266,958	16,366,958
Licenses and permits	2,835,000	3,035,000	4,384,727	1,349,727
Intergovernmental	324,000	11,043,970	5,170,893	(5,873,077)
Charges for services	10,795,390	21,280,353	9,960,386	(11,319,967)
Use of money and property	1,825,140	1,825,140	1,063,385	(761,755)
Fines and forfeitures	1,108,800	1,108,800	1,136,159	27,359
Miscellaneous	2,566,000	5,114,117	5,776,786	662,669
Transfers in	35,038,670	40,242,325	32,183,311	(8,059,014)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	328,209,201	357,565,906	349,958,806	(7,607,100)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):	320,203,201	337,303,300	343,330,000	(1,001,100)
General government				
	389,935	403,915	361,417	42,498
Mayor and City council	43,705	43,705	32,099	11,606
Planning commissioners	,	,	,	
City treasurer/City clerk	108,511	108,511	86,913	21,598
Records management	984,836	984,836	930,814	54,022
City attorney	389,900	389,900	215,426	174,474
Office of the City manager	1,287,662	1,198,695	1,009,897	188,798
General government	577,892	800,664	679,075	121,589
AS administration	1,420,724	1,554,984	914,113	640,871
Fiscal services	2,090,393	2,177,333	2,171,030	6,303
Management services	2,907,921	2,915,721	2,712,507	203,214
Billing and collection	3,439,927	3,440,886	3,361,272	79,614
Business license	343,228	343,228	336,818	6,410
Central services	336,643	336,643	234,977	101,666
Human Resources	2,208,952	2,788,582	2,785,576	3,006
Economic development	2,286,380	4,669,380	8,668,587	(3,999,207)
Public safety				
Police administration	1,252,718	1,242,719	1,208,567	34,152
Traffic support services	3,543,103	3,697,344	3,695,536	1,808
COPS/Multi enforcement team	6,214,408	6,693,705	6,587,323	106,382
Patrol	36,073,831	34,850,126	34,015,324	834,802
Extra duty - other	477,000	477,000	459,033	17,967
Canine	1,229,584	1,353,422	1,352,120	1,302
Air support	3,727,130	3,737,130	3,735,793	1,337
Crime analysis and prevention	791,088	791,088	738,190	52,898
Communications/records	5,658,236	5,540,274	5,159,177	381,097
Personnel recruit & training	2,246,060	2,645,321	2,641,279	4,042
Police investigation management	3,463,874	8,015,743	5,144,066	2,871,677
Detective division	7,799,197	8,292,588	8,290,434	2,154
Narcotics	4,406,016	4,614,109	4,612,347	1,762
ID/evidence	1,874,101	1,849,101	1,830,495	18,606
Fire administration	799,031	864,496	863,073	1,423
Fire prevention bureau	2,429,409	3,133,113	2,365,417	767,696
Emergency services	35,787,823	36,223,094	36,112,398	110,696
Personnel training and development	656,057	969,850	788,739	181,111
E.M.S technical services	1,295,074	1,151,540	1,000,344	151,116
Emergency management	418,957	419,137	371,782	47,355
• •	1,819,890	·		225,999
Operations support services Code enforcement admin.	3,441,131	2,057,872 3,466,131	1,831,873 3,246,594	219,537
SWAT	297,678	430,678	385,055	45,623
Office of the police chief	2,579,704	2,727,960	2,747,412	
•				(19,452)
Police projects	41,000	3,565,229	1,570,628	1,994,601
Fire projects	-	945,068	66,706	878,362
Municipal services project	-	420,000	-	420,000
Fire communications	2,137,067	2,137,247	2,033,244	104,003
Airport fire operations	_	2,290,127	1,200,067	1,090,060

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Dudget Amounte			Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
Community dayslanment	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Community development Community and public services admin.	968,720	930,683	000 760	41,914
·	432,658	432,658	888,769 429,963	2,695
Sports/fitness Special events/facility rental	299,038	371,235	326,420	44,815
Community programs	1,803,816	1,918,328	1,912,803	5,525
Development administration	753,883	872,883	207,546	665,337
Planning administration	660,326	660,446	611,012	49,434
Planning land development	1,964,342	2,645,533	2,075,087	570,446
Advanced long range planning	1,215,706	1,371,352	1,163,512	207,840
Building	3,401,844	3,873,041	3,344,601	528,440
Engineering administration	352,866	343,866	279,129	64,737
Engineering authinistration Engineering land development	2,277,670	2,542,359	2,081,897	460,462
Transportation	499,239	499,239	440,770	58,469
Engineer and signal operation	3,029,015	3,038,015	3,037,887	128
Traffic management	137,497	137,497	106,250	31,247
Field services	405,653	440,742	436,012	4,730
Museum	715,974	754,034	714,608	39,426
	1,877,080	1,959,317		94,630
Community outreach Senior services	523,603	532,988	1,864,687 532,721	94,030 267
Youth/teen services	822,239	797,854	777,522	20,332
	022,239	191,034	111,522	20,332
Museum projects	20,555	20,555	14 775	5,780
CIP design administration	1,202,456	·	14,775	395.426
Successor project management	1,202,430	1,204,862 1,003,494	809,436	,
Planning projects	-	1,003,494	277,153	726,341 40,724
Community & public services projects	-		980,133 750,000	1,118,000
Engineering projects	215.002	1,868,000		65,376
Town Square Park	215,002	288,427	223,051	05,570
Library Library administration	759,983	739,917	728,979	10,938
Ovitt Family Community Library	3,532,462	3,519,725	3,360,303	159,422
Branch library	611,474	611,474	566,378	45,096
Library projects	24,000	24,071	(1,195)	25,266
Public works	24,000	24,071	(1,193)	25,200
Roadway maintenance	1,614,270	1,555,462	1,175,988	379,474
Paint striping and sign maintenance	954,878	942,878	840,311	102,567
Sidewalk	1,669,078	1,669,078	1,578,818	90,260
Street lighting maintenance	517,879	587,879	443,116	144,763
Parks and maintenance supervision	692,293	675,254	506,241	169,013
Park maintenance	3,545,236	3,616,591	3,311,370	305,221
Parkway tree trimming	917,458	918,458	914,608	3,850
Public grounds maintenance	2,798,466	3,006,799	2,648,060	358,739
Civic center grounds maintenance	189,766	189,766	161,471	28,295
Municipal services admin.	432,998	432,998	415,206	17,792
Public facilities building maintenance	4,530,744	4,741,289	4,423,350	317,939
Community events	45,132	58,940	51,251	7,689
Graffiti	440,342	560,342	498,745	61,597
Facility maintenance	750,000	1,100,000	1,054,609	45,391
Storm water / NPDES	700,000	2,084,688	82,667	2,002,021
Debt service:		2,004,000	02,007	2,002,021
Principal retirement	1,555,000	1,555,000	1,555,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	1,667,190	1,667,190	1,667,190	_
Transfers out	3,207,933	19,643,491	25,859,833	(6,216,342)
Total Charges to Appropriations	203,311,540	246,187,750	234,681,580	11,506,170
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$124,897,661	\$ 111,378,156	\$ 115,277,226	\$ 3,899,070

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE QUIET HOME PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 58,005,834	\$ 58,005,834	\$ 58,005,834	\$ -
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	1,052,902	1,052,902	- 2,986	(1,052,902) 2,986
Amounts Available for Appropriations	59,058,736	59,058,736	58,008,820	(1,049,916)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow): Community development	1,052,902	1,052,902		1,052,902
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,052,902	1,052,902		1,052,902
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 58,005,834	\$ 58,005,834	\$ 58,008,820	\$ 2,986

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE I YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ (13,299,608)	\$(13,299,608)	\$ (13,299,608)	\$ -
Intergovernmental	2,871,273	42,748,879	16,644,048	(26,104,831)
Use of money and property	46,988	46,988	17,264	(29,724)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	(10,381,347)	29,496,259	3,361,704	(26,134,555)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Community development	7,631,202	47,728,756	14,645,285	33,083,471
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,631,202	47,728,756	14,645,285	33,083,471
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (18,012,549)	\$(18,232,497)	\$ (11,283,581)	\$ 6,948,916

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ONTARIO HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 22,720,160	\$ 22,720,160	\$ 22,720,160	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	
Intergovernmental	-	-	57,756	57,756
Use of money and property	498,803	498,803	641,156	142,353
Miscellaneous	27,000	27,000	26,965	(35)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	23,245,963	23,245,963	23,446,037	200,074
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Community development	1,257,478	1,319,306	517,405	801,901
Debt service:				
Principal retirement			10,000	(10,000)
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,257,478	1,319,306	527,405	791,901
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 21,988,485	\$ 21,926,657	\$ 22,918,632	\$ 991,975

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Modified Approach for City Infrastructure Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets including the street system; water purification and distribution system; wastewater collection and treatment system; park and recreation lands and improvement system; storm water conveyance system; and buildings combined with site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be divided into curb and gutters. sidewalks. medians. streetlights. traffic concrete control (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land. Subsystem detail is not presented in these basic financial statements; however, the City maintains detailed information on these subsystems.

The City has elected to use the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting for its Street Pavement System. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated under the following requirements:

- The City manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an asset management system with characteristics of (1) an up-to-date inventory; (2) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scales; and (3) estimate annual amount to maintain and preserve at the established condition assessment level.
- The City documents that the eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established and disclosed condition assessment level.

In April, 2017, the City completed a study to update the physical condition assessment of the streets. The prior assessment study was completed in May, 2016. The streets, primarily surfaced with asphalt and concrete, were defined as all physical features associated with the operation of motorized vehicles that exist within the limits of right of way. City owned streets are classified based on land use, access and traffic utilization into the following four classifications: arterial, collector local, and alley. Currently, 50% of the City's arterial and collectors and 25% of the local streets and alleys are being assessed each year. Each street and its related subsystems were assigned a physical condition based on 17 potential defects. A Pavement Condition Index (PCI), a nationally recognized index, was assigned and expressed in a continuous scale from 0 to 100, where 0 is assigned to the least acceptable physical condition and 100 is assigned the physical characteristics of a new street. The following conditions were defined in the 2010 study:

Condition	<u>Rating</u>
Excellent	86-100
Very Good	71-85
Good	56-70
Fair	41-55
Poor	26-40
Very Poor	11-25
Failed	0-10

The City's policy is to maintain the existing weighted average rating of "Good". This rating allows for minor cracking and raveling of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at the posted speeds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Modified Approach for City Infrastructure Capital Assets (Continued)

As of May 2016, the City's average street and its related subsystem's PCI rating was 76.3, with the detail condition as follows:

Condition	% of Streets
Excellent to Very Good	82.4%
Good to Fair	12.8%
Poor to Failed	4.8%

The following is the condition assessment for the most recent years since implementation:

Report's Date	PCI Index
May, 2016	78.3
March, 2015	74.7
January, 2013	70.6
May 14, 2012	71.1
March 18, 2010	69
February 18, 2008	65
January 11, 2007	67
February 21, 2006	68
April 11, 2005	65
February 28, 2002	71
July 15, 1999	69

As of March 2015, the City had some of its streets rated below a "fair" rating. The City will require several years to rehabilitate these segments of the streets.

The City's streets are constantly deteriorating resulting from the following four factors: (1) traffic using the streets, (2) the sun's ultra-violet rays drying out and breaking down the top layer of pavement, (3) utility company/private development interests trenching operations, and (4) water damage from natural precipitation and other urban runoff. The City is continuously taking actions to arrest the deterioration through short-term maintenance activities such as pothole patching, street sweeping, and street paving. The City expended \$9.9 million on street maintenance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. These expenditures delayed deterioration, however the overall condition of the streets was not improved through these maintenance expenditures. The City has estimated that the amount of annual expenditures required maintaining the City's streets at the average PCI rating of "Good" through the year 2017 is a minimum of \$5.7 million per year. A schedule of estimated annual amount required to maintain and preserve the City's streets at the current level compared to actual expenditures for street maintenance for the last five years is presented below.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had approximately 108,338,174 square feet (525.5 centerline miles) of streets with a carrying amount of \$298,868,830 and a replacement cost of approximately \$330,805,376.

The City is also continuously taking actions to arrest the deterioration of other infrastructure assets through short-term maintenance activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City expended \$4.1 million on infrastructure maintenance for sidewalks, catch basin/storm drains, and traffic signal/street lightings. These expenditures delayed deterioration and improved the overall condition of these infrastructures. It is estimated that it will cost approximately \$4.3 million per year to maintain these other infrastructure assets at their present level as shown on the schedule presented on the next page.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Modified Approach for City Infrastructure Capital Assets (Continued)

INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

ESTIMATED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES FIVE YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2014	 2015	2016		2017		 2018
<u>Streets</u>							
Estimated	\$ 6,195	\$ 7,049	\$	10,205	\$	11,747	\$ 21,596
Actual	6,171	7,049		8,082		9,862	-
<u>Sidewalks</u>							
Estimated	1,410	1,527		1,599		1,669	1,701
Actual	1,410	1,527		1,506		1,580	-
Storm Drain							
Estimated	1,310	1,426		1,122		1,830	1,735
Actual	1,428	1,436		1,646		1,661	-
Traffic Signal/Street Lights							
Estimated	2,308	2,813		3,001		1,022	853
Actual	2,280	2,911		2,846		816	-

MISCELLANEOUS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY			
Service Cost Interest	\$ 6,439,440 19,741,927	\$ 6,295,399 20,680,719	\$ 6,785,157 22,042,754
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	(2,539,125)	2,960,090
Changes in Assumptions	-	(5,069,730)	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of employee Contributions	(11,000,119)	(11,779,873)	(12,973,536)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	15,181,248	7,587,390	18,814,465
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	265,506,030 \$ 280,687,278	280,687,278 \$ 288,274,668	288,274,668 \$ 307,089,133
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 200,007,270	\$ 200,274,000	\$ 307,009,133
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			
Contribution - Employer	\$ 4,901,729	\$ 5,932,946	\$ 6,655,129
Contribution - Employee	2,619,805	3,288,408	3,496,228
Net Investment Income	35,255,810	5,225,720	1,288,913
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(11,000,119)	(11,779,873)	(12,973,536)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	(670)	221
Administrative Expense		(270,392)	(144,267)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	31,777,225	2,396,139	(1,677,312)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	203,040,903	234,818,128	237,214,267
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 234,818,128	\$ 237,214,267	\$ 235,536,955
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 45,869,150	\$ 51,060,401	\$ 71,552,178
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	83.66%	82.29%	76.70%
Covered Payroll	\$ 38,282,148	\$ 39,204,131	\$ 43,085,834
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	119.82%	130.24%	166.07%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes in benefits.

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: There were no changes in assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

SAFETY POLICE PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY			
Service Cost	\$ 6,239,776	\$ 6,095,464	\$ 6,630,087
Interest	20,403,337	21,492,971	22,805,001
Changes of Benefits Terms Difference Between expected and Actual Experience	-	- (435,228)	- 1,866,294
Changes in Assumptions	-	(5,448,420)	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of employee Contributions	(11,427,473)	(12,128,407)	(13,014,228)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	15,215,640	9,576,380	18,287,154
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	274,638,342	289,853,982	299,430,362
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 289,853,982	\$ 299,430,362	\$ 317,717,516
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			
Contribution - Employer	\$ 6,579,735	\$ 7,869,101	\$ 8,627,418
Contribution - Employee	1,562,761	2,077,172	2,185,576
Net Investment Income	32,668,031	4,795,601	1,073,635
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(11,427,473)	(12,128,407)	(13,014,228)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	607	-
Administrative Expense		(246,269)	(133,344)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	29,383,054	2,367,805	(1,260,943)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	187,809,183	217,192,237	219,560,042
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 217,192,237	\$ 219,560,042	\$ 218,299,099
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 72,661,745	\$ 79,870,320	\$ 99,418,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension			
Liability	74.93%	73.33%	68.71%
Covered Payroll	\$ 21,107,423	\$ 21,416,900	\$ 23,375,007
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	344.25%	372.93%	425.32%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes in benefits.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

SAFETY FIRE PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY			
Service Cost Interest	\$ 4,207,185 15,722,984	\$ 3,826,254 16,115,504	\$ 4,011,720 17,007,366
Difference Between expected and Actual Experience	-	(5,049,828)	2,059,569
Changes in Assumptions	-	(3,893,081)	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of employee Contributions	(9,226,093)	(10,326,665)	(10,544,779)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	10,704,076	672,184	12,533,876
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	\$ 222,952,206	\$ 222,853,296	223,525,480 \$ 236,050,356
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 222,853,296	\$ 223,525,480	\$ 236,059,356
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			
Contribution - Employer	\$ 4,097,660	\$ 4,950,167	\$ 5,300,820
Contribution - Employee	1,181,692	1,673,250	1,513,475
Net Investment Income	26,898,837	3,958,046	890,970
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(9,226,093)	(10,326,665)	(10,544,779)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	(221)
Administrative Expense		(200,094)	(108,343)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	22,952,096	54,704	(2,948,078)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	155,181,255	178,133,351	178,188,055
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 178,133,351	\$ 178,188,055	\$ 175,239,977
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 44,719,945	\$ 45,337,425	\$ 60,819,379
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.93%	79.72%	74.24%
Covered Payroll	\$ 15,672,135	\$ 14,881,781	\$ 15,700,218
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	285.35%	304.65%	387.38%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes in benefits.

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: There were no changes in assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Miscellaneous Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 4,901,729 (4,901,729) \$ -	\$ 5,932,946 (5,932,946) \$ -	\$ 6,655,129 (6,655,129) \$ -	\$ 7,726,588 (7,726,588) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 38,282,148	\$ 39,204,131	\$ 43,085,834	\$ 46,593,469
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.80%	15.13%	15.45%	16.58%
Safety Police Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 6,579,735 (6,579,735) \$ -	\$ 7,869,101 (7,869,101) \$ -	\$ 8,627,418 (8,627,418) \$ -	\$ 11,021,424 (11,021,424) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 21,107,423	\$ 21,416,900	\$ 23,375,007	\$ 26,602,363
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	31.17%	36.74%	36.91%	41.43%
Safety Fire Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 4,097,660 (4,097,660) \$ -	\$ 4,950,167 (4,950,167) \$ -	\$ 5,300,820 (5,300,820) \$ -	\$ 6,271,125 (6,271,125) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 15,672,135	\$ 14,881,781	\$ 15,700,218	\$ 17,573,194
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	26.15%	33.26%	33.76%	35.69%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2014

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Assets valuation method

Inflation

Salary increases Payroll growth

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

Market value

Varies by entry age and service

7.50% net of pension investment and administrative expenses, including inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

	Special Revenue Funds							
	s 	pecial Gas Tax		Park Impact / Quimby		Community Development		set Seizure
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	3,203,794	\$	_	\$	342,845	\$	3,804,807
Receivables:	Ψ	3,203,794	Ψ	-	Ψ	342,043	Ψ	3,004,007
Accounts		-		-		819,227		-
Notes and loans		-		-		9,712,567		-
Accrued interest		8,520		5,154		-		11,565
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		3,547
Advances to other funds Land held for resale		-		-		5,961,399		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		51,050		-
Cash and investments		_		_		35,775		_
Cash and investments with fiscal agents						-		
Total Assets	\$	3,212,314	\$	5,154	\$	16,922,863	\$	3,819,919
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	210,845	\$	2,696	\$	129,449	\$	36,112
Accrued liabilities	·	9,722	•	-	•	-	,	60,280
Unearned revenues		-		-		35,775		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		206,473
Due to other governments		-		-		3,120,030		-
Due to other funds				5,284,195		540,233		
Total Liabilities		220,567		5,286,891		3,825,487		302,865
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues						6,592,537		
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		_		_		6,592,537		_
Fund Balances: Restricted for:						, ,		
Community development projects		2,991,747		-		6,504,839		-
Public safety		-		-		-		156,236
Police narcotics		-		-		-		2,501,750
AQMD activities		-		-		-		-
Public services		-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Continuing appropriations		_		_				859,068
Unassigned		-		(5,281,737)		_		-
Total Fund Balances		2,991,747		(5,281,737)		6,504,839		3,517,054
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,212,314	\$	5,154	\$	16,922,863	\$	3,819,919
. C.a. Elabilitio and I alla Balalloo	<u> </u>	J,= .=,∪ .=r		5,10-7	_	. 0,022,000	-	3,0.0,0.0

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Mobile Source Air Pollution		Special Assessment/Fee Districts		Building Safety		orm Drain intenance
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	1,061,525	\$	5,422,015	\$	_	\$	569,892
Receivables:	Ψ	1,001,323	Ψ	3,422,013	Ψ	-	Ψ	309,092
Accounts		55,142		_		_		113,970
Notes and loans		-		_		_		-
Accrued interest		3,022		8,621		-		1,671
Taxes		-		5,541		6,955		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Total Assets	\$	1,119,689	\$	5,436,177	\$	6,955	\$	685,533
Liabilities and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:	_		_		_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	62,605	\$	75,917	\$	5,007	\$	64,343
Accrued liabilities		136		1,110,749		15,643		16,894
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		- 04 500
Deposits payable		-		-		-		21,539
Due to other governments Due to other funds		-		-		205 609		-
Due to other runds				<u>-</u>		205,608		
Total Liabilities		62,741		1,186,666		226,258		102,776
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred inflows of Resources								_
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		4,247,078		-		582,757
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Police narcotics		-		-		-		-
AQMD activities		1,011,545		-		-		-
Public services		-		-		-		-
Assigned to:		45 400		0.400				
Continuing appropriations Unassigned		45,403 -		2,433		(219,303)		-
Total Fund Balances		1,056,948		4,249,511		(219,303)		582,757
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,119,689	\$	5,436,177	\$	6,955	\$	685,533
. Juli Elabilitios and I alia Dalaliots	Ψ	1,110,000		0,400,111		5,555	Ψ	555,555

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Historic Preservation		NMC Public Services		NMC CFD		OMC CFD	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	219 560	Φ	E 255 046	ď	1 202 006	\$	101 152
Receivables:	Ф	218,560	\$	5,355,046	\$	1,392,096	Ф	101,152
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Notes and loans		_		_		_		_
Accrued interest		616		14,624		4,098		298
Taxes		_		-		12,965		111
Prepaid costs		-		-		· -		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Total Assets	\$	219,176	\$	5,369,670	\$	1,409,159	\$	101,561
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,650	\$	_
Accrued liabilities		-	·	-		· -		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds						43,547		1,252
Total Liabilities						69,197		1,252
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		-
								-
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		-						
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		219,176		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Police narcotics		-		-		-		-
AQMD activities		-		-		-		-
Public services		-		5,369,670		1,339,962		100,309
Assigned to:								
Continuing appropriations		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-			_			
Total Fund Balances		219,176		5,369,670		1,339,962		100,309
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	219,176	\$	5,369,670	\$	1,409,159	\$	101,561

	Capital Projects Funds					
	NM	NMC CFD		MC CFD		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	•	F04 F70	Φ.	404.000	Φ.	00 447 500
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	521,576	\$	124,222	\$	22,117,530
Accounts		_		_		988,339
Notes and loans		_		_		9,712,567
Accrued interest		1		4		58,194
Taxes				-		25,572
Prepaid costs		_		_		3,547
Advances to other funds		_		_		5,961,399
Land held for resale		_		_		51,050
Restricted assets:						01,000
Cash and investments		_		_		35,775
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	8	3,153,801		9,226		8,163,027
-					_	
Total Assets	\$ 8	3,675,378	\$	133,452	\$	47,117,000
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	39,698	\$	_	\$	652,322
Accrued liabilities	*	-	*	_	Ψ	1,213,424
Unearned revenues		_		-		35,775
Deposits payable		481,878		124,222		834,112
Due to other governments		_		, -		3,120,030
Due to other funds				-		6,074,835
Total Liabilities		521,576		124,222		11,930,498
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues		_		_		6,592,537
					-	0,002,007
Total Deferred inflows of Resources						6,592,537
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Community development projects		-		9,230		14,554,827
Public safety		-		-		156,236
Police narcotics		-		-		2,501,750
AQMD activities		-		-		1,011,545
Public services	8	3,153,802		-		14,963,743
Assigned to:						006.004
Continuing appropriations		-		-		906,904
Unassigned	<u></u>					(5,501,040)
Total Fund Balances	8	3,153,802		9,230		28,593,965
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8	3,675,378	\$	133,452	\$	47,117,000

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue					
	Special Gas Tax	Park Impact / Quimby	Community Development	Asset Seizure		
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Contribution from property owners Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$ - 3,214,489 - - 15,524 -	\$ - - 12,871,052 4,883 -	\$ - 2,111,684 - 190,479 -	\$ - 921,504 - 12,853 - 1,539		
Total Revenues	3,230,013	12,875,935	2,302,163	935,896		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Community development Public works	3,370,605 	8,307,751 	177,419 1,141,117 780,333	1,147,759 - 		
Total Expenditures	3,370,605	8,307,751	2,098,869	1,147,759		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(140,592)	4,568,184	203,294	(211,863)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Transfers in	(2,134,008) 900,000	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,234,008)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,374,600)	4,568,184	203,294	(211,863)		
Fund Balances: Beginning of year	4,366,347	(9,849,921)	6,301,545	3,728,917		
End of year	\$ 2,991,747	\$ (5,281,737)	\$ 6,504,839	\$ 3,517,054		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Mobile Source Air Pollution	Special Assessment/ Fee Districts	Building Safety	Storm Drain Maintenance		
Revenues:	•	Φ 4.000.704	Φ.	Φ.		
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 216,922	\$ 1,060,704	\$ -	\$ - 6,111		
Contribution from property owners	210,922	-	-	0,111		
Charges for services	-	-	756,236	1,305,477		
Use of money and property	5,070	13,506	-	2,985		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	52,897	900		
Miscellaneous	3,830	189,592		15,959		
Total Revenues	225,822	1,263,802	809,133	1,331,432		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Community development Public works	193,706 	384,563 679,676	1,007,472	1,114,706 599,360		
Total Expenditures	193,706	1,064,239	1,007,472	1,714,066		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	32,116	199,563	(198,339)	(382,634)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Transfers in	(10,846)	(275,649) 305,955	(45,738) -	- -		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,846)	30,306	(45,738)	_		
(0363)	(10,040)	30,300	(43,730)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,270	229,869	(244,077)	(382,634)		
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year	1,035,678	4,019,642	24,774	965,391		
End of year	\$ 1,056,948	\$ 4,249,511	\$ (219,303)	\$ 582,757		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Historic Preservation		NMC Public Services	NMC CFD	OMC CFD	
Revenues: Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,516,457	\$ 58,713	
Intergovernmental Contribution from property owners		-	-	-	-	
Charges for services		16,688	1,018,625	-	-	
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures		979	23,507	4,001	343	
Miscellaneous						
Total Revenues		17,667	1,042,132	2,520,458	59,056	
Expenditures:						
Current: Public safety		_	_	_	_	
Community development		-	-	50,233	14,898	
Public works						
Total Expenditures				50,233	14,898	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		17,667	1,042,132	2,470,225	44,158	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					,	
Transfers out Transfers in		-	-	(1,232,800)	(29,300)	
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)				(1,232,800)	(29,300)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		17,667	1,042,132	1,237,425	14,858	
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year		201,509	4,327,538	102,537	85,451	
End of year	\$	219,176	\$ 5,369,670	\$ 1,339,962	\$ 100,309	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Capital Pro		
	NMC CFD	OMC CFD	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	¢	\$ -	¢ 2625.074
Intergovernmental	\$ -	-	\$ 3,635,874 6,470,710
Contribution from property owners	24,682,518	-	24,682,518
Charges for services	24,002,010	_	15,968,078
Use of money and property	2,350	15	276,495
Fines and forfeitures	· -	-	53,797
Miscellaneous			210,920
Total Revenues	24,684,868	15	51,298,392
Expenditures: Current:			
Public safety	-	-	1,325,178
Community development	16,531,066	-	32,116,117
Public works			2,059,369
Total Expenditures	16,531,066		35,500,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,153,802	15	15,797,728
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	-	_	(3,728,341)
Transfers in			1,205,955
Total Other Financing Sources			
(Uses)	-		(2,522,386)
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,153,802	15	13,275,342
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of year		9,215	15,318,623
End of year	\$ 8,153,802	\$ 9,230	\$ 28,593,965

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 4,366,347	\$ 4,366,347	\$ 4,366,347	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):	. , ,				
Intergovernmental	3,724,089	3,776,058	3,214,489	(561,569)	
Use of money and property	25,407	25,407	15,524	(9,883)	
Miscellaneous	250,000	250,000	-	(250,000)	
Transfers in	900,000	900,000	900,000		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	9,265,843	9,317,812	8,496,360	(821,452)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):					
Community development	4,282,034	5,712,895	3,370,605	2,342,290	
Transfers out	2,503,722	2,503,722	2,134,008	369,714	
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,785,756	8,216,617	5,504,613	2,712,004	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,480,087	\$ 1,101,195	\$ 2,991,747	\$ 1,890,552	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 6,301,545	\$ 6,301,545	\$ 6,301,545	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	4,666,635	4,854,991	2,111,684	(2,743,307)
Use of money and property	<u> </u>		190,479	190,479
Amounts Available for Appropriations	10,968,180	11,156,536	8,603,708	(2,552,828)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Public safety	178,297	178,297	177,419	878
Community development	2,977,066	3,520,013	1,141,117	2,378,896
Public works	1,692,128	1,452,398	780,333	672,065
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,847,491	5,150,708	2,098,869	3,051,839
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 6,120,689	\$ 6,005,828	\$ 6,504,839	\$ 499,011

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET SEIZURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 3,728,917	\$ 3,728,917	\$ 3,728,917	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	-	921,504	921,504
Use of money and property	-	-	12,853	12,853
Miscellaneous			1,539	1,539
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,728,917	3,728,917	4,664,813	935,896
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Public safety	595,821	2,130,283	1,147,759	982,524
Total Charges to Appropriations	595,821	2,130,283	1,147,759	982,524
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,133,096	\$ 1,598,634	\$ 3,517,054	\$ 1,918,420

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MOBILE SOURCE AIR POLLUTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,035,678	\$ 1,035,678	\$ 1,035,678	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	200,000	200,000	216,922	16,922
Use of money and property	8,305	8,305	5,070	(3,235)
Miscellaneous			3,830	3,830
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,243,983	1,243,983	1,261,500	17,517
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	360,211	-	360,211
Community development	34,174	353,565	193,706	159,859
Public works	-	42,550	· -	42,550
Transfers out	12,704	12,704	10,846	1,858
Total Charges to Appropriations	46,878	769,030	204,552	564,478
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,197,105	\$ 474,953	\$ 1,056,948	\$ 581,995

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL ASSESSMENT/FEE DISTRICTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 4,019,642	\$ 4,019,642	\$ 4,019,642	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):						
Taxes	1,069,295	1,069,295	1,060,704	(8,591)		
Use of money and property	42,544	42,544	13,506	(29,038)		
Miscellaneous	-	-	189,592	189,592		
Transfers in	338,433	338,433	305,955	(32,478)		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,469,914	5,469,914	5,589,399	119,485		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):						
Community development	628,524	628,524	384,563	243,961		
Public works	738,575	738,575	679,676	58,899		
Transfers out	327,777	327,777	275,649	52,128		
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,694,876	1,694,876	1,339,888	354,988		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,775,038	\$ 3,775,038	\$ 4,249,511	\$ 474,473		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUILDING SAFETY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts Original Final			 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	24,774	\$	24,774	\$ 24,774	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):		-		•	•		
Charges for services		860,000		860,000	756,236		(103,764)
Fines and forfeitures		50,000		50,000	 52,897		2,897
Amounts Available for Appropriations		934,774		934,774	833,907		(100,867)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):							
Community development		1,139,744		1,139,744	1,007,472		132,272
Transfers out		54,611		54,611	 45,738		8,873
Total Charges to Appropriations		1,194,355		1,194,355	1,053,210		141,145
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	(259,581)	\$	(259,581)	\$ (219,303)	\$	40,278

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM DRAIN MAINTENANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 965,391	\$ 965,391	\$ 965,391	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	-	-	6,111	6,111	
Charges for services	1,235,000	1,235,000	1,305,477	70,477	
Use of money and property	8,533	8,533	2,985	(5,548)	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	900	900	
Miscellaneous			15,959	15,959	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,208,924	2,208,924	2,296,823	87,899	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):					
Community development	1,148,645	1,213,645	1,114,706	98,939	
Public works	527,840	681,245	599,360	81,885	
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,676,485	1,894,890	1,714,066	180,824	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 532,439	\$ 314,034	\$ 582,757	\$ 268,723	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HISTORIC PRESERVATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts Original Fina			ınts Final	A	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	201,509	\$	201,509	\$	201,509	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						16 600		16 600
Charges for services		4 747		4 747		16,688		16,688
Use of money and property		1,747		1,747		979		(768)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		203,256		203,256		219,176		15,920
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	203,256	\$	203,256	\$	219,176	\$	15,920

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NMC PUBLIC SERVICES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 4,327,538	\$ 4,327,538	\$ 4,327,538	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	-	-	1,018,625	1,018,625
Use of money and property	35,110	35,110	23,507	(11,603)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,362,648	4,362,648	5,369,670	1,007,022
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 4,362,648	\$ 4,362,648	\$ 5,369,670	\$ 1,007,022

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NMC CFD YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget .	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 102,537	\$ 102,537	\$ 102,537	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	2,132,100	2,132,100	2,516,457	384,357
Use of money and property	2,082	2,082	4,001	1,919
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,236,719	2,236,719	2,622,995	386,276
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Community development	24,300	36,300	50,233	(13,933)
Transfers out	1,097,800	1,232,800	1,232,800	
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,122,100	1,269,100	1,283,033	(13,933)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,114,619	\$ 967,619	\$ 1,339,962	\$ 372,343

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OMC CFD YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 85,451	\$ 85,451	\$ 85,451	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	77,800	77,800	58,713	(19,087)
Use of money and property	559	559	343	(216)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	163,810	163,810	144,507	(19,303)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Community development	48,500	48,500	14,898	33,602
Transfers out	29,300	29,300	29,300	
Total Charges to Appropriations	77,800	77,800	44,198	33,602
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 86,010	\$ 86,010	\$ 100,309	\$ 14,299

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 63,798,763	\$ 63,798,763	\$ 63,798,763	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	\$ 03,790,703	\$ 03,790,703	\$ 03,790,703	φ -
Intergovernmental	1,614,127	11,610,228	7,069,455	(4,540,773)
Charges for services	-	-	3,694,613	3,694,613
Use of money and property	107,226	107,226	178,022	70,796
Miscellaneous	-	169,976	-	(169,976)
Transfers in	1,969,500	2,711,878	2,711,878	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	67,489,616	78,398,071	77,452,731	(945,340)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Public safety	125,000	7,060,571	1,342,947	5,717,624
Community development	3,458,627	23,721,411	7,298,623	16,422,788
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,583,627	30,781,982	8,641,570	22,140,412
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 63,905,989	\$ 47,616,089	\$ 68,811,161	\$ 21,195,072

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE IMPACT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated Resources (Inflows):	\$ 85,271,082	\$ 85,271,082	\$ 85,271,082	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	24,823,578	24,823,578
Use of money and property	574,034	658,865	400,177	(258,688)
Transfers in		214,525		(214,525)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	85,845,116	86,144,472	110,494,837	24,350,365
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Public safety	7,051,360	10,830,523	-	10,830,523
Community development	1,215	18,165,401	16,535,438	1,629,963
Public works	130,000	5,657,685	3,669,023	1,988,662
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,182,575	34,653,609	20,204,461	14,449,148
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 78,662,541	\$ 51,490,863	\$ 90,290,376	\$ 38,799,513

	Equipment Services	Self Insurance	Information Technology	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals
Assets:	<u> </u>	Och modranec	recimology	Delicitio	101015
Current:					
Cash and investments	\$ 37,884,184	\$ 36,922,043	\$ 18,707,419	\$ 140,115,870	\$ 233,629,516
Receivables: Accounts	29,354	_	118,675	_	148,029
Accrued interest	-	_	-	336,647	336,647
Prepaid costs	-	24,699	609,078	5,335	639,112
Inventories	635,189	-	-	-	635,189
Other investments Restricted:	=	-	-	38,309,604	38,309,604
Cash and investments	-	284,585	-	_	284,585
Total Current Assets	38,548,727	37,231,327	19,435,172	178,767,456	273,982,682
Total Gullent Assets	30,340,727	37,231,327	13,433,172	170,707,430	270,302,002
Noncurrent:					
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	19,922,669		9,842,271		29,764,940
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,922,669		9,842,271		29,764,940
Total Assets	58,471,396	37,231,327	29,277,443	178,767,456	303,747,622
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred pension related items	1,237,535	165,511	1,348,282		2,751,328
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,237,535	165,511	1,348,282		2,751,328
Total Assets & Deferred					
Ouflow of Resources	\$ 59,708,931	\$ 37,396,838	\$ 30,625,725	\$ 178,767,456	\$ 306,498,950
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position Liabilities:					
Current: Accounts payable	\$ 612,086	\$ 992,285	\$ 541,099	\$ 1,215	\$ 2,146,685
Accrued liabilities	61,375	7,761	72,065	Ψ 1,213	141,201
Accrued compensated absences	14,000	1,000	33,000	-	48,000
Accrued claims and judgments		4,501,000			4,501,000
Total Current Liabilities	687,461	5,502,046	646,164	1,215	6,836,886
Noncurrent:					
Accrued compensated absences	159,043	12,842	374,495	-	546,380
Accrued claims and judgments	-	17,283,000	· -	-	17,283,000
Net pension liability	3,370,484	520,426	4,274,475		8,165,385
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,529,527	17,816,268	4,648,970		25,994,765
Total Liabilities	4,216,988	23,318,314	5,295,134	1,215	32,831,651
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred pension related items	-	9,023	-	-	9,023
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,023			9,023
i otal Deletted Illiows of Nesources		3,023		<u>-</u>	9,023
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	19,922,669	44.000.504	9,842,271	470 700 041	29,764,940
Unrestricted	35,569,274	14,069,501	15,488,320	178,766,241	243,893,336
Total Net Position	55,491,943	14,069,501	25,330,591	178,766,241	273,658,276
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 59,708,931	\$ 37,396,838	\$ 30,625,725	\$ 178,767,456	\$ 306,498,950

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Equipment Services	Self Insurance	Information Technology	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 11,038,348 268,917	\$ 9,818,093	\$ 8,907,783 72,388	\$ 9,475,391 24,000	\$ 39,239,615 365,305
Total Operating Revenues	11,307,265	9,818,093	8,980,171	9,499,391	39,604,920
Operating Expenses: Administration and general Source of supply Claims expense Depreciation expense	3,605,638 3,517,972 - 3,773,446	2,686,313 - 5,951,363 -	4,020,081 4,640,046 - 113,070	4,213,032 - - -	14,525,064 8,158,018 5,951,363 3,886,516
Total Operating Expenses	10,897,056	8,637,676	8,773,197	4,213,032	32,520,961
Operating Income (Loss)	410,209	1,180,417	206,974	5,286,359	7,083,959
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue Gain (loss) on value of other investments Gain on sale of other investments Total Nonoperating	(122,373)			690,547 (208,187) 1,953,200	568,174 (208,187) 1,953,200
Revenues (Expenses)	(122,373)			2,435,560	2,313,187
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	287,836	1,180,417	206,974	7,721,919	9,397,146
Transfers in Transfers out	270,000	- -	90,000 (2,083,517)	11,172,000	11,532,000 (2,083,517)
Changes in Net Position	\$ 557,836	\$ 1,180,417	\$ (1,786,543)	\$ 18,893,919	\$ 18,845,629
Net Position: Beginning of Year, as originally reported Restatements Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	\$ 54,934,107 - 54,934,107	\$ 12,889,084 	\$ 27,117,134	\$ - 159,872,322 159,872,322	\$ 94,940,325 159,872,322 254,812,647
Changes in Net Position	557,836	1,180,417	(1,786,543)	18,893,919	18,845,629
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 55,491,943	\$ 14,069,501	\$ 25,330,591	\$ 178,766,241	\$ 273,658,276

	Equipment Services	Self Insurance	Information Technology	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 11,698,750	\$ 9,818,093	\$ 8,861,532	\$ 9,499,391	\$ 39,877,766
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(3,476,412)	(4,423,782)	(6,277,319)	297,760	(13,879,753)
Cash paid to employees for services	(3,735,085)	(2,730,516)	(4,152,031)	(4,213,032)	(14,830,664)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	4,487,253	2,663,795	(1,567,818)	5,584,119	11,167,349
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:					
Cash transfers in	270,000	_	90.000	11,172,000	11,532,000
Cash transfers out			(2,083,517)		(2,083,517)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	070 000		(4.000.547)	44 470 000	0.440.400
Non-Capital Financing Activities	270,000		(1,993,517)	11,172,000	9,448,483
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,159,575)	-	(1,699,646)	-	(8,859,221)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(7.450.555)		(4.000.040)		(0.050.004)
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(7,159,575)		(1,699,646)		(8,859,221)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Proceeds from the sales of other investments				22,220,450	22,220,450
Interest received	(122,373)			573,797	451,424
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(122,373)			22,794,247	22,671,874
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	(2,524,695)	2,663,795	(5,260,981)	39,550,366	34,428,485
	(=,-= -,,	_,,	(=,===,===,	,,	- 1, 1=0, 100
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	40,408,879	34,542,833	23,968,400	100,565,504	199,485,616
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 37,884,184	\$ 37,206,628	\$ 18,707,419	\$ 140,115,870	\$ 233,914,101
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 410,209	\$ 1,180,417	\$ 206,974	\$ 5,286,359	\$ 7,083,959
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation	3,773,446	-	113,070	-	3,886,516
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	391,485	(00.000)	(118,639)	204 644	272,846
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense (Increase) decrease in inventories	333 (49,726)	(23,803)	(480,414)	301,611	(202,273) (49,726)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	90,953	811,715	(1,156,859)	(3,851)	(258,042)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(119,548)	(19,114)	(140,752)	(0,00.)	(279,414)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	-	739,669	-	-	739,669
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(14,696)	(25,763)	3,374	-	(37,085)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	4,797	674	5,428		10,899
Total Adjustments	4,077,044	1,483,378	(1,774,792)	297,760	4,083,390
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 4,487,253	\$ 2,663,795	\$ (1,567,818)	\$ 5,584,119	\$ 11,167,349
Non Cook Investing Conital and Financing Assisting					
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities Gain (loss) on value of other investments	: \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (208,187)	\$ (208,187)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Re	development Financing Authority	Com	West End nmunications Authority	Distr	ssessment rict 106 Bond edemption		Sanitary Collection Treatment
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	48,923	\$	892,649	\$	927,454	\$	11,293,675
Receivables: Taxes		_		_		_		
Notes and leases		141,728,748		-		-		-
Accrued interest		774		2,516		2,558		_
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,054,119		-		447,454		-
Total Assets	\$	142,832,564	\$	895,165	\$	1,377,466	\$	11,293,675
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other governments	Ψ.	142,832,564	Ψ	895,165	Ψ	-	*	11,293,675
Due to City		-		-		-		-
Due to external parties/other agencies						1,377,466		
Total Liabilities	\$	142,832,564	\$	895,165	\$	1,377,466	\$	11,293,675

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

(CONTINUED)

		ssessment Bond demption	Dist	essment rict 100C Bond demption	Distri	sessment ct 103 Bond demption	Distric	essment et 104 Bond lemption
Assets:			_		_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	585,932	\$	43,471	\$	184,876	\$	53,558
Receivables:								
Taxes Notes and leases		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		1,651		123		521		151
Restricted assets:		1,001		120		021		101
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		_		_		-
_								
Total Assets	\$	587,583	\$	43,594	\$	185,397	\$	53,709
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to City Due to external parties/other agencies	\$	- - - 587,583	\$	- - - 43,594	\$	- - - 185,397	\$	- - - 53,709
	_				_		_	
Total Liabilities	\$	587,583	\$	43,594	\$	185,397	\$	53,709

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Dist	ssessment rict 108 Bond edemption	Distri	sessment ct 107 Bond demption	and R	st End Fire Emergency esponse mmission	NM	C CFD Debt Service
Assets:		•						
Cash and investments	\$	1,189,594	\$	137,573	\$	402,752	\$	104,403
Receivables:								00.500
Taxes		-		-		-		20,569
Notes and leases Accrued interest		4,356		388		1,172		6,274
Restricted assets:		4,330		300		1,172		0,274
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,369,968		-		-		1,725,615
Total Assets	\$	2,563,918	\$	137,961	\$	403,924	\$	1,856,861
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,950 392,974	\$	-
Due to other governments Due to City		-		-		392,974		324,143
Due to external parties/other agencies		2,563,918		137,961		_		1,532,718
Total Liabilities	\$	2,563,918	\$	137,961	\$	403,924	\$	1,856,861

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	OMC CFD Debt Service		Fina	o Public incing hority	 Total
Assets:			_		
Cash and investments	\$	659,897	\$	-	\$ 16,524,757
Receivables:		534			24 402
Taxes Notes and leases		554	102	100,000	21,103 243,828,748
Accrued interest		2,120	102,	100,000	22,604
Restricted assets:		2,120			22,004
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,514,972		_	6,112,128
Total Assets	\$	2,177,523	\$ 102,	100,000	\$ 266,509,340
Liabilities:	_				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,950
Due to other governments		- 216,144	102,	100,000	257,514,378 540,287
Due to City Due to external parties/other agencies		1,961,379		-	8,443,725
Due to external particulation agention	-	1,001,070			 0,170,720
Total Liabilities	\$	2,177,523	\$ 102,	100,000	\$ 266,509,340

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

YEAR ENDE	D JUNE	30, 2017
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		Balance 7/1/2016		Additions		Deductions		Balance 6/30/2017
Redevelopment Financing Authority								_
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	48,795	\$	33,753,542	\$	33,753,414	\$	48,923
Receivables: Notes and leases	1	48,655,146		142,535		7,068,933		141,728,748
Accrued interest		155		5,673,030		5,672,411		774
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,048,902		15,652,088		15,646,871		1,054,119
Total Assets	\$ 1	49,752,998	\$	55,221,195	\$	62,141,629	\$	142,832,564
11.199								
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$ 1	49,752,998	\$	3,652,535	\$	10,572,969	\$	142,832,564
Total Liabilities		49,752,998	\$	3,652,535	\$	10,572,969	\$	142,832,564
West End Communications Authority								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	889,008	\$	9,060	\$	5,419	\$	892,649
Receivables: Accrued interest		2 220		2.516		2 220		2 516
Total Assets	\$	2,330 891,338	\$	2,516 11,576	\$	2,330 7,749	\$	2,516 895,165
				11,010	Ť	1,1.10	<u> </u>	333,133
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	891,338	\$	3,827	\$	_	\$	895,165
Total Liabilities	\$	891,338	\$	3,827	\$	_	\$	895,165
Assessment District 106 Bond Redemption								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	911,564	\$	629,296	\$	613,406	\$	927,454
Receivables: Accrued interest		2.410		2.077		2.020		2 550
Restricted assets:		2,410		3,077		2,929		2,558
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		446,932		993		471		447,454
Total Assets	\$	1,360,906	\$	633,366	\$	616,806	\$	1,377,466
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	10,582	\$	527,958	\$	538,540	\$	1 277 466
Due to external parties/other agencies Total Liabilities	\$	1,350,324 1,360,906	\$	27,142 555,100	\$	538,540	\$	1,377,466 1,377,466
		-1,000,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_	1,011,100
Sanitary Collection Treatment								
Assets:			_		_			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	10,502,802	\$	11,551,458	\$	10,760,585	\$	11,293,675
Accounts		76,993		563,881		640,874		
Total Assets	\$	10,579,795	\$	12,115,339	\$	11,401,459	\$	11,293,675
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,668,192	\$	-	\$	1,668,192	\$	-
Due to other governments	<u> </u>	8,911,603 10 579 795	<u> </u>	2,382,072	<u> </u>	1 660 400	•	11,293,675
Total Liabilities		10,579,795	\$	2,382,072	\$	1,668,192	\$	11,293,675

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

·						 	
	Balance 7/1/2016	Ac	Iditions	Dec	ductions	Balance 6/30/2017	
Reassessment Bond Redemption							
Assets:							
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 583,540	\$	5,947	\$	3,555	\$ 585,932	
Accrued interest	 1,528		1,651		1,528	 1,651	
Total Assets	\$ 585,068	\$	7,598	\$	5,083	\$ 587,583	
Liabilities:							
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$ 585,068	\$	2,515	\$	-	\$ 587,583	
Total Liabilities	\$ 585,068	\$	2,515	\$		\$ 587,583	
Assessment District 100C Bond Redemption							
Assets:							
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 43,294	\$	441	\$	264	\$ 43,471	
Accrued interest	 113		123		113	 123	
Total Assets	\$ 43,407	\$	564	\$	377	\$ 43,594	
Liabilities:							
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$ 43,407	\$	187	\$	_	\$ 43,594	
Total Liabilities	\$ 43,407	\$	187	\$		\$ 43,594	
Assessment District 103 Bond Redemption							
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 184,121	\$	1,877	\$	1,122	\$ 184,876	
Receivables: Accrued interest	482		521		482	521	
Total Assets	\$ 184,603	\$	2,398	\$	1,604	\$ 185,397	
Liabilities:							
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$ 184,603	\$	794	\$		\$ 185,397	
Total Liabilities	\$ 184,603	\$	794	\$	_	\$ 185,397	
Assessment District 104 Bond Redemption							
Assets:							
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 53,339	\$	544	\$	325	\$ 53,558	
Accrued interest	 140		151		140	151	
Total Assets	\$ 53,479	\$	695	\$	465	\$ 53,709	
Liabilities:							
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$ 53,479	\$	230	\$		\$ 53,709	
Total Liabilities	\$ 53,479	\$	230	\$		\$ 53,709	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Balance 7/1/2016	_	Additions	_ [Deductions	(Balance 6/30/2017
Assessment District 108 Bond Redemption								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,192,054	\$	1,316,990	\$	1,319,450	\$	1,189,594
Receivables: Accrued interest		3,236		6,014		4,894		4 256
Restricted assets:		3,230		0,014		4,094		4,356
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,368,368		3,111		1,511		1,369,968
Total Assets	\$	2,563,658	\$	1,326,115	\$	1,325,855	\$	2,563,918
Liabilities:								
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$	2,563,658	\$	260	\$		\$	2,563,918
Total Liabilities	\$	2,563,658	\$	260	\$		\$	2,563,918
Assessment District 107 Bond Redemption								
Assets:	_		_				_	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	137,011	\$	1,397	\$	835	\$	137,573
Accrued interest		359		388		359		388
Total Assets	\$	137,370	\$	1,785	\$	1,194	\$	137,961
Liabilities:								
Due to external parties/other agencies	\$	137,370	\$	591	\$		\$	137,961
Total Liabilities	\$	137,370	\$	591	\$	-	\$	137,961
West End Fire and Emergency Response Cor	nmiss	<u>ion</u>						
Assets:	ф	272 075	¢.	E4 404	Φ.	24.204	ф	400 750
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	372,875	\$	54,161	\$	24,284	\$	402,752
Accrued interest		1,004		1,172		1,004		1,172
Total Assets	\$	373,879	\$	55,333	\$	25,288	\$	403,924
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	30	\$	22,288	\$	11,368	\$	10,950
Due to other governments	_	373,849	_	19,125	_		_	392,974
Total Liabilities	\$	373,879	\$	41,413	\$	11,368	\$	403,924
NMC CFD Debt Service								
Assets:	_						_	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	572,090	\$	467,687	\$	104,403
Taxes		_		20,569		-		20,569
Accrued interest		-		6,274		-		6,274
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents				2,286,060		560,445		1,725,615
Total Assets	\$		\$	2,884,993	\$	1,028,132	\$	1,856,861
				_,-0 .,000		-,,102	<u> </u>	.,555,551
Liabilities:	•		•	204 442	•		•	204.440
Due to City Due to external parties/other agencies	\$	-	\$	324,143 27,464,131	\$	- 25,931,413	\$	324,143 1,532,718
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	25,931,413	\$	1,856,861
	<u> </u>			,. 				.,555,551

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

TEAR ENDED SONE SO, 2017				(OONTINOED)
	Balance 7/1/2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2017
OMC CFD Debt Service				
Assets:				
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 957,779	\$ 1,039,244	\$ 1,337,126	\$ 659,897
Taxes	-	534	-	534
Accrued interest	2,595	34,414	34,889	2,120
Restricted assets:	1 451 057	62 666	551	1 514 072
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Total Assets	1,451,857 \$ 2,412,231	63,666 \$ 1,137,858	551 \$ 1,372,566	1,514,972 \$ 2,177,523
Total Assets	\$ 2,412,231	\$ 1,137,050	\$ 1,372,500	\$ 2,177,523
Liabilities:				
Due to City	\$ -	\$ 216,144	\$ -	\$ 216,144
Due to external parties/other agencies	2,412,231	931,811	1,382,663	1,961,379
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,412,231	\$ 1,147,955	\$ 1,382,663	\$ 2,177,523
Ontario Public Financing Authority				
Assets:				
Receivables: Notes and loans	\$ 103,420,000	\$ -	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 102,100,000
Total Assets	\$ 103,420,000	\$ -	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 102,100,000 \$ 102,100,000
Total Assets	ψ 103,420,000	<u> </u>	ψ 1,320,000	Ψ 102,100,000
Liabilities:				
Due to other governments	\$ 103,420,000	\$ -	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 102,100,000
Total Liabilities	\$ 103,420,000	\$ -	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 102,100,000
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 15,876,182	\$ 48,936,047	\$ 48,287,472	\$ 16,524,757
Accounts	76,993	563,881	640,874	-
Taxes	-	21,103	-	21,103
Notes and leases	252,075,146	142,535	8,388,933	243,828,748
Accrued interest Restricted assets:	14,352	5,729,331	5,721,079	22,604
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	4,316,059	18,005,918	16,209,849	6,112,128
Total Assets	\$ 272,358,732	\$ 73,398,815	\$ 79,248,207	\$ 266,509,340
Liabilities				
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 1,678,804	\$ 550,246	\$ 2,218,100	\$ 10,950
Due to other governments	263,349,788	6,057,559	11,892,969	257,514,378
Due to other funds	-	540,287	-	540,287
Due to external parties/other agencies	7,330,140	28,427,661	27,314,076	8,443,725
Total Liabilities	\$ 272,358,732	\$ 35,575,753	\$ 41,425,145	\$ 266,509,340

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Statistical Section



Statistical Section

The statistical section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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City of Ontario Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 Fiscal Year																	
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	2016		2017
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 646,348,259 294,221,349 82,652,762 1,023,222,370	\$	697,130,716 270,086,388 104,930,518 1,072,147,622	\$	705,173,228 260,692,006 120,831,755 1,086,696,989	\$	704,218,787 243,017,889 135,744,173 1,082,980,849	\$	821,632,336 216,270,766 127,864,653 1,165,767,755	\$	830,764,191 216,149,880 128,154,505 1,175,068,576	\$	812,874,736 254,103,989 137,590,247 1,204,568,972	\$	838,484,374 240,480,450 (66,639,420) 1,012,325,404	\$	908,309,555 156,425,046 (1,666,599) 1,063,068,002	\$ 940,354,455 168,765,518 179,846,318 1,288,966,291
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 94,728,569 8,375,108 127,928,871 231,032,548	\$	132,549,162 12,035,268 131,682,493 276,266,923	\$	133,931,846 4,000,553 174,631,011 312,563,410	\$	136,609,773 4,185,546 201,923,905 342,719,224	\$	140,007,920 4,267,828 223,743,456 368,019,204	\$	152,493,698 4,270,391 240,354,654 397,118,743	\$	143,574,879 10,578,881 273,069,164 427,222,924	\$	140,873,539 5,289,769 271,397,325 417,560,633	\$	136,336,952 1,528,395 299,336,371 437,201,718	\$ 143,660,797 369 329,045,082 472,706,248
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 741,076,828 302,596,457 210,581,633 1,254,254,918	\$	829,679,878 282,121,656 236,613,011 1,348,414,545	\$	839,105,074 264,692,559 295,462,766 1,399,260,399	\$	840,828,560 247,203,435 337,668,078 1,425,700,073	\$	961,640,256 220,538,594 351,608,109 1,533,786,959	\$	983,257,889 220,420,271 368,509,159 1,572,187,319	\$	956,449,615 264,682,870 410,659,411 1,631,791,896	\$	979,357,913 245,770,219 204,757,905 1,429,886,037	\$	1,044,646,507 157,953,441 297,669,772 1,500,269,720	\$ 1,084,015,252 168,765,887 508,891,400 1,761,672,539

City of Ontario Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

										Fis	cal Y	ear								
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	41,866,159	\$	36,950,147	\$	52,786,433	\$	56,951,330	\$	64,330,936	\$	34,081,969	\$	28,982,239	\$	81,855,829	\$	40,011,028	\$	36,656,658
Public safety	4	93,857,650	4	99,580,479	4	100,024,583	4	103,472,190	4	107,848,353	4	103,814,741	4	110,981,159	-	121,981,375	*	125,884,228	4	136,032,820
Community development		65,645,808		54,580,626		52,553,241		39,888,900		47,088,876		45,485,896		41,524,328		62,623,670		19,114,534		38,552,339
Library		4,377,237		4,219,081		4,408,926		4,363,701		3,764,564		3,745,405		4,602,190		4,542,196		4,850,620		5,026,299
Public works		34,089,222		8,688,268		13,892,857		23,165,874		21,371,492		18,519,391		25,092,721		23,852,377		38,104,811		50,703,275
Interest on long-term debt		13,592,070		14,146,879		14,619,649		14,514,729		13,740,250		1,880,787		3,017,116		1,786,957		1,712,433		1,630,517
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	253,428,146	\$	218,165,480	\$	238,285,689	\$	242,356,724	\$	258,144,471	\$	207,528,189	\$	214,199,753	\$	296,642,404	\$	229,677,654	\$	268,601,908
Business-type activities:																				
Water	\$	29,546,787	\$	27,854,314	\$	24,622,694	\$	31,052,190	\$	28,986,963	\$	21,485,576	\$	30,814,880	\$	54,841,770	\$	42,639,260	\$	41,413,255
Sewer		10,583,454		10,270,538		10,883,888		11,008,579		11,766,599		13,167,026		16,136,421		17,047,306		15,971,504		17,211,364
Waste		22,381,564		21,791,770		20,554,087		21,296,114		21,309,485		21,664,001		23,164,916		23,877,028		24,970,912		26,663,301
I.T. Fiber		-		_		-		_		-		_		_		_		_		993,456
Total business-type activities expenses	\$	62,511,805	\$	59,916,622	\$	56,060,669	\$	63,356,883	\$	62,063,047	\$	56,316,603	\$	70,116,217	\$	95,766,104	\$	83,581,676	\$	86,281,376
Total primary government expenses	\$	315,939,951	\$	278,082,102	\$	294,346,358	\$	305,713,607	\$	320,207,518	\$	263,844,792	\$	284,315,970	\$	392,408,508	\$	313,259,330	\$	354,883,284
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	3,178,919	\$	1,542,584	\$	296,079	\$	269,874	\$	294,873	\$	379,325	\$	445,079	\$	1,641,300	\$	2,622,684	\$	4,141,068
Public safety	Ψ	2.889.309	φ	4.008.540	Ψ	4.407.085	φ	4.554.954	Ψ	4.077.684	Ψ	4.166.801	Ψ	3,824,528	Ψ	3.757.586	Ψ	3.883.304	Ψ	7,311,246
Community development		27,303,604		8,184,489		8,389,198		8,043,168		16,231,379		14,780,312		25,244,830		35,769,080		36,046,159		42,262,153
Library		139,762		259,285		160,853		147,610		143,055		124,581		121,043		155,962		131,407		137,689
Public works		-		-		-		-		47,931				-		-		-		-
Operating contributions and grants		15,603,655		14,629,676		15,103,061		15,606,700		15,311,536		7,859,746		12,081,691		15,015,783		8,710,100		10,220,710
Capital contributions and grants		25,854,354		26,218,115		19,910,072		18,851,354		47,080,485		23,737,443		33,842,540		37,210,682		35,628,037		78,825,884
Total governmental activities										, ,	_					, ,				
program revenues	\$	74,969,603	\$	54,842,689	\$	48,266,348	\$	47,473,660	\$	83,186,943	\$	51,048,208	\$	75,559,711	\$	93,550,393	\$	87,021,691	\$	142,898,750
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Water	\$	40,742,157	\$	46,201,981	\$	45,766,917	\$	51,174,737	\$	51,434,727	\$	58,276,359	\$	63,193,036	\$	67,342,593	\$	65,653,131	\$	64,533,049
Sewer		15,638,977		16,914,590		17,816,960		18,274,955		20,410,854		20,479,875		21,484,811		21,986,463		23,136,811		25,780,456
Waste		32,802,198		32,647,449		31,366,983		30,777,779		29,825,989		29,905,739		30,332,538		31,742,051		33,024,400		34,937,033
I.T. Fiber		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,126		38,954
Operating grants and contributions		258,545		52,324		122,409		6,338,128		290,724		100,546		145,881		539,519		174,073		133,279
Capital grants and contributions		17,849,846				-						2,405,396		6,642,816		1,329,404		3,505,475		11,223,634
Total business-type activities																				
program revenues	\$	107,291,723	\$	95,816,344	\$	95,073,269	\$	106,565,599	\$	101,962,294	\$	111,167,915	\$	121,799,082	\$	122,940,030	\$	125,498,016	\$	136,646,405
Total primary government program revenues	\$	182,261,326	\$	150,659,033	\$	143,339,617	\$	154,039,259	\$	185,149,237	\$	162,216,123	\$	197,358,793	\$	216,490,423	\$	212,519,707	\$	279,545,155
Net (Expense)/Revenue																				
Governmental activities	\$	(178,458,543)	\$	(163,322,791)	\$	(190,019,341)	\$	(194,883,064)	\$	(174,957,528)	\$	(156,479,981)	\$	(138,640,042)	\$	(203,092,011)	\$	(142,655,963)	\$	(125,703,158)
Business-type activities		44,779,918		35,899,722		39,012,600		43,208,716		39,899,247		54,851,312		51,682,865		27,173,926		41,916,340		50,365,029
Total primary government net expense	\$	(133,678,625)	\$	(127,423,069)	\$	(151,006,741)	\$	(151,674,348)	\$	(135,058,281)	\$	(101,628,669)	\$	(86,957,177)	\$	(175,918,085)	\$	(100,739,623)	\$	(75,338,129)

City of Ontario Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fise	cal Ye	ar								
		2008		2009		2010		2011	_	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net P	osition																			
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes:																				
Property taxes - general purpose	\$	88,994,013	\$	91,075,881	\$	95,049,840	\$	88,030,394	\$	66,733,840	\$	45,700,153	\$	45,144,867	\$	48,695,469	\$	60,338,698	\$	53,414,598
Transient occupancy taxes		11,025,406		9,367,537		8,398,053		8,790,219		9,148,976		9,731,382		10,614,156		12,057,576		13,090,992		13,886,637
Sales taxes		65,468,807		48,921,819		54,729,792		56,390,363		61,362,958		67,150,866		67,509,611		84,294,827		78,533,022		86,168,797
Franchise taxes		2,696,335		3,162,639		2,741,116		2,879,831		2,897,780		3,047,369		3,251,592		3,476,151		3,413,854		3,020,829
Business licenses taxes		5,767,540		5,550,779		5,170,173		5,496,576		5,610,738		6,078,094		6,405,595		6,825,185		6,954,932		7,167,613
Other taxes		8,253,930		4,794,681		4,013,628		4,072,860		4,566,791		5,274,601		3,700,067		4,073,788		4,107,065		4,047,435
Intergovernmental, unrestricted:																				
Motor vehicle in lieu		765,679		590,224		510,057		883,460		89,471		74,047		-		71,526		68,099		76,099
Use of money and property		25,240,383		16,869,840		16,662,291		10,267,816		10,082,524		979,899		5,174,360		3,755,010		5,422,398		2,617,545
Other		7,464,170		10,012,883		9,071,587		7,404,868		6,407,829		3,866,279		4,414,323		2,656,703		2,000,930		3,414,919
Gain on sale of capital asset		-		-		-		-		-		1,000,000		-		87,267		-		1,953,200
Extraordinary gain on dissolution of RDA		-		-		-		-		72,762,201		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		12,269,273		(4,651,984)		8,222,171		15,672,612		18,081,326		25,526,208		21,925,867		22,762,488		24,793,699		15,961,453
Total governmental activities	\$	227,945,536	\$	185,694,299	\$	204,568,708	\$	199,888,999	\$	257,744,434	\$	168,428,898	\$	168,140,438	\$	188,755,990	\$	198,723,689	\$	191,729,125
Business-type activities:																				
Use of money and property	\$	5,248,880	\$	4,682,669	\$	3,520,038	\$	2,611,942	\$	3,474,268	\$	308,392	\$	1,604,534	\$	1,435,511	\$	2,509,989	\$	1,087,037
Other		-		-		-		7,768		7,791		17,237		23,416		105,193		8,455		13,917
Transfers		(12,329,981)		4,651,984		(8,222,171)		(15,672,612)		(18,081,326)		(25,526,208)		(21,925,867)		(22,762,488)		(24,793,699)		(15,961,453)
Total business-type activities	\$	(7,081,101)	\$	9,334,653	\$	(4,702,133)	\$	(13,052,902)	\$	(14,599,267)	\$	(25,200,579)	\$	(20,297,917)	\$	(21,221,784)	\$	(22,275,255)	\$	(14,860,499)
Total primary government	\$	220,864,435	\$	195,028,952	\$	199,866,575	\$	186,836,097	\$	243,145,167	\$	143,228,319	\$	147,842,521	\$	167,534,206	\$	176,448,434	\$	176,868,626
Change in Net Position																				
Governmental activities	\$	49,486,993	\$	22,371,508	\$	14,549,367	S	5,005,935	\$	82,786,906	\$	11,948,917	\$	29,500,396	\$	(14,336,021)	S	56,067,726	\$	66,025,967
Business-type activities	*	37,698,817	+	45,234,375	4	34,310,467	-	30,155,814	*	25,299,980	+	29,650,733	*	31,384,948	*	5,952,142	*	19,641,085	~	35,504,530
Total primary government	\$	87,185,810	\$	67,605,883	\$	48,859,834	\$	35,161,749	\$	108,086,886	\$	41,599,650	\$	60,885,344	\$	(8,383,879)	S	75,708,811	\$	101,530,497
		- / , - 00 , 0 - 0		,,	_	. 0,00,,00		50,000,00		,,	-	,,	-	,,	-	(0,000,017)		,,	-4	,,

City of Ontario Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year																			
		2008	008 2009 2010 2011 2012		2012	2013			2014		2015		2016		2017					
Revenues																				
Taxes	\$	180,125,455	\$	167,152,205	\$	166,935,715	\$	165,671,667	\$	150,044,804	\$	136,108,925	\$	134,423,681	\$	158,622,570	\$	178,268,512	\$	170,902,832
Licenses and permits		2,745,841		1,344,689		1,455,692		1,563,722		1,639,061		1,805,849		2,199,674		3,283,593		3,845,404		4,384,727
Intergovernmental		38,237,360		33,475,335		30,382,203		32,763,572		37,725,923		27,864,489		39,695,371		44,390,225		37,492,730		35,412,862
Charges for services		30,901,234		10,850,659		11,618,059		10,123,695		17,697,037		16,108,550		25,895,011		40,368,010		39,628,058		54,446,655
Use of money and property		22,094,462		12,406,158		9,038,266		8,614,113		17,707,695		1,533,296		3,906,235		3,507,845		5,339,722		2,576,499
Fines and forfeitures		1,555,938		1,679,130		1,312,115		1,318,369		1,202,716		1,298,235		1,134,395		1,267,994		1,125,237		1,189,956
Contributions from property owners				3,887,060		1,719,084		314,000		-		-		-				-		24,682,518
Miscellaneous		8,910,669		11,499,201		10,484,644		8,741,044		30,081,850		6,408,027		7,062,253		4,556,170		4,534,158		6,017,657
Total Revenues	\$	284,570,959	\$	242,294,437	\$	232,945,778	\$	229,110,182	\$	256,099,086	\$	191,127,371	\$	214,316,620	\$	255,996,407	\$	270,233,821	\$	299,613,706
Expenditures																				
Ĉurrent:																				
General government	\$	34,054,015	\$	25,940,539	\$	25,731,003	\$	33,220,115	\$	51,424,202	\$	22,926,658	\$	16,565,106	\$	66,943,163	\$	28,292,531	\$	24,500,521
Public safety		99,449,853		101,562,349		101,743,831		103,296,429		110,958,962		106,934,164		114,109,242		120,286,742		127,942,682		136,721,141
Community development		140,914,334		113,840,713		64,139,983		71,571,514		53,503,162		52,081,393		58,988,089		98,405,497		104,688,312		95,398,612
Library		4,072,044		4,063,682		4,084,426		3,974,567		4,049,363		4,077,037		4,196,204		4,368,241		4,568,202		4,654,465
Public works		37,353,238		19,227,003		15,547,113		16,164,629		20,642,548		18,851,564		17,231,048		18,784,827		21,003,964		23,834,203
Debt service:																				
Principal retirement		5,288,739		5,891,298		5,767,047		5,849,785		25,255,023		1,290,000		1,350,000		1,410,000		1,480,000		1,565,000
Interest and fiscal charges		10,967,002		12,642,105		13,042,482		13,227,758		16,318,551		1,931,758		1,876,513		1,815,778		1,745,753		1,667,190
Bond issuance costs		857,247				-		-		-		-		965,190		-		-		-
Pass-through agreement payments		7,737,612		5,533,228		5,832,700		5,911,331		2,634,157		-		-		-				
Total Expenditures	\$	340,694,084	\$	288,700,917	\$	235,888,585	\$	253,216,128	\$	284,785,968	\$	208,092,574	\$	215,281,392	\$	312,014,248	\$	289,721,444	\$	288,341,132
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over																				
(under) expenditures	\$	(56,123,125)	\$	(46,406,480)	\$	(2,942,807)	\$	(24,105,946)	\$	(28,686,882)	\$	(16,965,203)	\$	(964,772)	\$	(56,017,841)	\$	(19,487,623)	\$	11,272,574

City of Ontario Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year																		
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	_	2016		2017
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	S	58,742,988	\$	42,761,972	s	46,401,468	\$	39,422,158	\$	68,493,176	s	37,357,867	\$	34,628,235	S	34,856,839	s	34,615,190	s	36,101,144
Transfers out	*	(46,856,913)	4	(30,049,115)	•	(31,938,128)	*	(23,545,610)	4	(49,661,850)	•	(12,209,848)	*	(17,288,068)	*	(9,564,945)	*	(8,310,991)	*	(29,588,174)
Long-term debt issued Bond Discount		37,535,000		-		-		-		-		-		33,390,000		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		440,617												(380,848) 4,551		87,267				
Proceeds from sale of capital equipment		-										1,000,000		-,		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	49,861,692	\$	12,712,857	\$	(1,931,522)	\$	15,876,548	\$	18,831,326	\$	26,148,019	\$	50,353,870	\$	25,379,161	\$	26,304,199	\$	6,512,970
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolu-										(5 225 950)										
tion of redevelopment agency	_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	(5,225,859)	_		_		_					-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(6,261,433)	\$	(33,693,623)	\$	(4,874,329)	\$	(8,229,398)	\$	(15,081,415)	\$	9,182,816	\$	49,389,098	\$	(30,638,680)	\$	6,816,576	\$	17,785,544
Total Current Expenditures Less: Capital outlay	\$	340,694,084 (94,401,317)	\$	288,700,917 (64,193,377)	\$	235,888,585 (25,380,201)	\$	253,216,128 (28,242,375)	\$	284,785,968 (20,629,670)	\$	208,092,574 (22,072,081)	\$	215,281,392 (29,585,954)	\$	312,014,248 (41,745,591)	\$	289,721,444 (79,957,813)	\$	288,341,132 (45,292,825)
Total Non-Capital Expenditures	\$	246,292,767	\$	224,507,540	\$	210,508,384	\$	224,973,753	\$	264,156,298	\$	186,020,493	\$	185,695,438	\$	270,268,657	\$	209,763,631	\$	243,048,307
Total Debt Service Expenditures	\$	16,255,741	\$	18,533,403	\$	18,809,529	\$	19,077,543	\$	41,573,574	\$	3,221,758	\$	3,226,513	\$	3,225,778	\$	3,225,753	\$	3,232,190
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		6.6%		8.3%		8.9%		8.5%		15.7%		1.7%		1.7%		1.2%		1.5%		1.3%

City of Ontario Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

								Fisc	al Ye	ar					
		2008		2009		2010	2011	2012		2013		2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund															
Reserved	\$	13,625,169	\$	15,576,453	\$	14,268,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved		78,056,275		70,919,119		76,746,835	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Nonspendable		-		-		-	12,712,698	3,730,345		3,869,157		4,911,968	3,785,154	20,002,802	33,893,841
Restricted		-		-		-	398,047	403,914		408,576		412,411	415,723	419,644	424,497
Committed		-		-		-	44,429,493	41,613,880		42,685,082		43,817,117	42,436,574	23,195,527	28,877,191
Assigned		-		-		-	33,062,541	58,426,392		64,892,830		77,628,587	56,798,002	80,398,228	52,081,697
Unassigned		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Total General Fund	\$	91,681,444	\$	86,495,572	\$	91,015,625	\$ 90,602,779	\$ 104,174,531	\$	111,855,645	\$	126,770,083	\$ 103,435,453	\$ 124,016,201	\$ 115,277,226
All Other Governmental Funds															
Reserved	\$	209,906,550	\$	134,952,208	\$	154,980,840	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:															
Special revenue funds		19,523,748		25,069,564		16,293,863	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Capital project funds		57,460,304		87,314,009		74,559,493	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Debt service funds		13,449,217		22,750,607		14,857,810	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Nonspendable		-		-		-	123,135,004	105,361,843		107,297,677		108,638,002	108,436,971	-	-
Restricted		-		-		-	83,617,857	53,187,901		46,333,050		46,603,397	30,597,699	156,005,402	168,341,021
Committed		-		-		-	45,687,149	54,286,462		64,646,487		82,201,933	102,233,386	75,173,595	91,585,019
Assigned		-		-		-	1,558,488	2,664,225		3,462,343		14,169,115	5,653,602	22,785,386	14,197,954
Unassigned		-		-		-	(9,845,119)	(219)		(4,614,745)		(12,975)	(2,626,236)	(23,149,529)	(16,784,621)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	300,339,819	\$	270,086,388	\$	260,692,006	\$ 244,153,379	\$ 215,500,212	\$	217,124,812	\$	251,599,472	\$ 244,295,422	\$ 230,814,854	\$ 257,339,373
	_		_		_		 	 	_		_			 	
Grand Total Governmental Funds	\$	392,021,263	\$	356,581,960	\$	351,707,631	\$ 334,756,158	\$ 319,674,743	\$	328,980,457	\$	378,369,555	\$ 347,730,875	\$ 354,831,055	\$ 372,616,599

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 54 is not presented.

City of Ontario Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property* **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(dollars in thousands)

		Ci	ty		Re					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Secured	U	nsecured		Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (a)
2008	\$ 11,864,394	\$ 1,663,422	\$ (113,948)	\$ 13,413,868	\$ 3,716,428	\$	923,354	\$	4,639,782	1.0048
2009	12,487,975	1,906,125	(114,675)	14,279,425	4,064,864		878,794		4,943,658	1.0046
2010	12,224,682	1,914,746	(114,806)	14,024,622	4,211,063		936,974		5,148,037	1.0046
2011	11,851,209	1,854,606	(114,659)	13,591,156	4,260,662		834,052		5,094,714	1.0037
2012	11,997,380	1,792,402	(113,832)	13,675,950	4,021,157		763,987		4,785,144	1.0041
2013	12,065,269	1,788,106	(112,198)	13,741,177	3,999,768		737,016		4,736,784	1.0039
2014	12,465,751	1,758,596	(110,182)	14,114,165	4,137,730		774,208		4,911,938	1.0035
2015	12,413,859	2,552,384	(108,252)	14,857,991	4,295,948		786,273		5,082,221	1.0035
2016	13,124,582	2,611,079	(105,864)	15,629,797	4,494,605		786,273		5,280,877	1.0035
2017	13,781,901	2,543,614	(109,080)	16,216,435	4,697,741		781,204		5,478,946	1.0035

Source: San Bernardino County Auditor-Controller Property Tax Division, Agency Net Valuations

(a) See Schedule 6 for Total Direct Tax Rate information.

^{*}In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. The value of the property was set at its 1975-76 level but was allowed to increase by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2% each year. With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at its value when acquired through a change of ownership or by new construction. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described earlier. The estimated actual taxable value is, therefore, not readily available for cities in the State of California.

City of Ontario Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

_		City Direct Rates		O	verlapping Rat	es
Fiscal Year		Redevelopment	Total	•		Metropolitan
Ended	Basic	Debt	Direct		School	Water
June 30	Rate	Service	Tax Rate	County	Districts	District
2008	-	1.0048	1.0048	1.0000	0.0640	0.0045
2009	-	1.0046	1.0046	1.0000	0.0648	0.0043
2010	-	1.0046	1.0046	1.0000	0.0577	0.0043
2011	-	1.0037	1.0037	1.0000	0.0619	0.0037
2012	-	1.0041	1.0041	1.0000	0.0704	0.0037
2013	-	1.0039	1.0039	1.0000	0.0635	0.0035
2014	-	1.0035	1.0035	1.0000	0.0641	0.0035
2015	-	1.0035	1.0035	1.0000	0.0822	0.0035
2016	-	1.0035	1.0035	1.0000	0.0836	0.0035
2017	-	1.0035	1.0035	1.0000	0.0690	0.0035
2016	- - -	1.0035	1.0035	1.0000	0.0836	0.0035

Source: San Bernardino County Valuations - Tax Rates Code Area Tax Rates 2016-17; Bonded Indebtedness June 30, 2016

City of Ontario Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2017		2007	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Prologis California I LLC	\$ 461,452,251	2.41%	\$ 152,015,392	1.10%
Ontario Mills LP	384,138,213	2.01%	221,865,598	1.61%
Catellus Operating LP / Catellus Finance 1 LLC	236,630,600	1.24%	101,810,271	0.74%
Western A West CA LLC	158,462,851	0.83%		
Comref So Ca Industrial Sub A&F LLC	138,223,327	0.72%		
Majestic-CCC IV Partners	131,621,119	0.69%	114,015,877	0.83%
Teachers Insurance & Annuity Association	123,801,606	0.65%		
UPS Worldwide Forwarding Inc.	123,788,588	0.65%	90,434,439	0.66%
Brookcal Ontario LLC	96,103,401	0.50%		
Vineyard Industrial I & II LLC	94,355,000	0.49%		
Camden Landmark LLC	93,505,047	0.49%		
ML Casa III LP	77,898,132	0.41%		
EJC Ontario Gateway West LLC	74,889,682	0.39%	64,797,668	0.47%
Toyota Motor Sales USA Inc.	73,844,990	0.39%	58,000,000	0.42%
SVF Safari LLC	67,607,871	0.35%	66,784,500	0.48%
Vogel Properties Inc.	66,211,357	0.35%		
GRE Empire Towers LP	64,474,012	0.34%	61,000,000	0.44%
Marlboro Land Company Inc.	62,132,186	0.32%		
Shea Center Ontario	61,976,476	0.32%		
Hellman LLC	60,790,238	0.32%		
	\$ 2,651,906,947	13.85%	\$ 930,723,745	6.75%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Ontario Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year	of Levy	Collections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years ^a	Amount	Percent of Levy
2008	\$ 23,191,120	\$ 22,533,906	97.17%	n/a	\$ 22,533,906	97.17%
2009	24,751,328	23,056,214	93.15%	n/a	23,056,214	93.15%
2010	24,264,694	22,720,878	93.64%	n/a	22,720,878	93.64%
2011	23,607,260	21,801,016	92.35%	n/a	21,801,016	92.35%
2012	23,917,413	21,383,058	89.40%	n/a	21,383,058	89.40%
2013	24,076,262	23,273,372	96.67%	n/a	23,273,372	96.67%
2014	24,858,740	24,110,333	96.99%	n/a	24,110,333	96.99%
2015	25,868,724	25,576,407	98.87%	n/a	25,576,407	98.87%
2016	27,397,660	26,818,829	97.89%	n/a	26,818,829	97.89%
2017	28,598,396	27,989,250	97.87%	n/a	27,989,250	97.87%

Schedule presents City's property tax only, not RDA tax increment

Source: San Bernardino County, Auditor-Controller-Recorder letter received in November of the previous calendar year and General Fund Revenue Statement as of June 30th.

^a Data provided by the San Bernardino County Assessor's Office for collection of prior year taxes does not segregate the information by fiscal year. Therefore, the City is not able to provide this information in the above schedule.

City of Ontario Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years

(dollars in thousands)

T3'	1 3 7
Fisca	l Yea

Category	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	_	2014	_	2015	=	2016	=	2017
Office equipment	\$ 6,751,239	\$ 6,857,570	\$ 6,922,278	\$ 7,640,210	\$ 7,904,060	\$ 8,488,630	\$	9,164,060	\$	11,186,139	\$	12,647,597	\$	12,242,885
Auto sales	8,859,187	5,823,378	6,227,590	7,321,120	8,822,100	9,781,880		11,325,100		12,148,725		13,199,228		13,914,694
Service stations/energy sales	7,236,023	6,152,766	5,888,075	6,858,610	6,586,720	8,126,030		8,166,950		7,092,706		4,933,726		5,383,423
Light/heavy industry	5,423,085	5,412,298	5,116,194	5,641,520	6,031,250	6,933,420		8,248,530		9,074,259		9,977,010		8,335,142
General merchandise	4,829,817	4,224,057	4,114,327	4,583,440	4,201,310	4,917,630		5,603,030		1,115,654		6,143,625		9,711,525
Building materials	5,778,036	4,655,552	3,687,443	3,882,920	4,226,400	4,599,700		4,968,440		5,072,811		5,547,679		5,570,950
Health & Government	2,822,346	3,154,698	3,222,012	3,098,790	3,627,150	3,302,440		1,637,820		1,688,204		1,741,938		3,178,549
Apparel stores	2,878,884	2,694,660	3,094,380	3,584,610	3,785,500	4,295,240		4,712,040		5,030,620		5,367,609		5,961,700
Restaurants	3,429,789	3,139,854	2,854,952	3,000,890	3,156,450	3,194,150		3,475,260		3,802,133		4,013,129		4,268,377
Furniture/appliances	3,369,522	2,266,677	2,051,832	1,886,340	1,317,800	2,513,300		2,513,520		2,467,111		2,618,394		2,807,147
Leasing	1,679,901	1,386,727	1,341,755	1,256,270	1,361,150	1,395,150		1,604,750		1,776,856		1,995,507		2,343,558
Other	3,411,566	2,955,318	2,915,036	1,795,900	4,311,900	1,581,150		1,618,100		1,754,032		6,210,540		5,467,202
Total	\$ 56,469,395	\$ 48,723,554	\$ 47,435,873	\$ 50,550,620	\$ 55,331,790	\$ 59,128,720	\$	63,037,600	\$	62,209,250	\$	74,395,982	\$	79,185,152

City direct sales tax rate - - - - - - - - - -

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Note: For the City of Ontario, property and sales taxes provide similar amounts of annual revenue; therefore, the City has elected to disclose revenue capacity information about both the property and sales tax.

City of Ontario Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ended June 30	City Direct Rate	County Transportation Authority Rate	San Bernardino County Rate	State Rate
2008	-	0.50%	1.00%	6.25%
2009	-	0.50%	1.00%	7.25%
2010	-	0.50%	1.00%	7.25%
2011	-	0.50%	1.00%	7.25%
2012	-	0.50%	1.00%	6.25%
2013	-	0.50%	1.00%	6.50%
2014	-	0.50%	1.00%	6.50%
2015	-	0.50%	1.00%	6.50%
2016	-	0.50%	1.25%	6.25%
2017	-	0.50%	1.25%	6.00%

Source: State of California, Board of Equalization, Publication 71.

Note: The Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law was enacted in 1955. The law authorized counties to impose sales and use tax. Effective January 1, 1962, all counties within the State of California have adopted ordinances for the Board of Equalization to collect the local tax. Local tax rate for the San Bernardino County has been 1.25% since January 1, 2017.

The City of Ontario does not impose direct sales and use tax.

City of Ontario Sales Tax Payers by Industry Current Year and Ten Years Ago

(dollars in thousands)

		Fiscal Ye	ear 20	17			Fiscal Y	ear 20	007	
Economic Category	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	L	Tax iability	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	L	Tax iability	Percentage of Total
General retail	2,131	40.19%	\$	16,542	20.89%	2,342	41.43%	\$	9,001	15.51%
Food products	690	13.01%		5,607	7.08%	696	12.31%		4,690	8.08%
Transportation	594	11.20%		21,718	27.43%	608	10.76%		16,487	28.41%
Construction	227	4.28%		5,571	7.04%	267	4.72%		7,740	13.34%
Business to business	1,274	24.03%		25,693	32.45%	1,353	23.93%		17,538	30.22%
Miscellaneous	386	7.28%		4,054	5.11%	387	6.85%		2,583	4.44%
	5,302	100.00%	\$	79,185	100.00%	5,653	100.00%	\$	58,038	100.00%

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax remitters are not available. The categories presented above are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

City of Ontario Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

				Gov	ernmei	ntal Activities	;				Busine	ess-type Act	ivities					
Fiscal Year		General	Tax						Total					Total		Total	Percentage	
Ended	(Obligation	Allocation	Revenue				Capital	vernmental	Term		ificates of		ness-type]	Primary	of Personal	Per
June 30		Bonds	Bonds	Bonds		Loans		Leases	 Activities	Loan	Par	ticipation	A	ctivities	Go	vernment	Income c	Capita
2008	a (\$ 67,800	\$ 58,046	\$ 18,908	\$	13,520		-	\$ 158,273	-	\$	49,945	\$	49,945	\$	208,218	7.11%	1,207
2009		66,285	55,139	19,277		13,181		-	153,882	-		48,920		48,920		202,802	6.20%	1,173
2010		64,935	52,150	19,696		12,824		-	149,606	-		47,860		47,860		197,466	5.72%	1,205
2011		63,546	48,965	20,166		12,449		-	145,126	-		46,760		46,760		191,886	7.99%	1,164
2012	b	41,736	-	-		-		-	41,736	-		45,615		45,615		87,350	3.63%	527
2013		40,417	-	-		-		-	40,417	-		44,425		44,425		84,842	3.66%	508
2014	d	72,067	-	-		-		-	72,067	-		74,808		74,808		146,875	4.82%	877
2015		70,647	-	-		-		-	70,647	-		73,488		73,488		144,136	4.65%	852
2016		69,158	-	-		-		-	69,158	-		72,119		72,119		141,277	4.38%	832
2017		67,593	-	-		-		-	67,593	-		70,700		70,700		138,293	4.38%	793

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements, Long Term Debt section.

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a The City issued approximately \$38 million in revenue bonds in 2008.

b Outstanding long term debts of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of dissolution of Redevelopment Agencies in California.

c See Schedule 17 for personal and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

d The City issued \$74.545 million in Water Revenue Bonds.

City of Ontario Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

			Ge	eneral Bonde	ed Deb	t Outstandin	g		Percentage of	
Fiscal Year		General		Redevelopi	ment E	Bonds			Assessed	
Ended		Obligation	Tax	Allocation	R	Revenue			Value ^a of	Per
June 30	_	Bonds		Bonds		Bonds		Total	Property	Capita ^b
2008		\$ 67,800	\$	58,046	\$	18,908	\$	144,754	0.88%	839.00
2009		66,285		55,139		19,277		140,701	0.81%	813.73
2010		64,935		52,150		19,696		136,782	0.79%	783.69
2011		63,546		48,965		20,166		132,677	0.78%	804.90
2012	c	41,736		-		-		41,736	0.25%	251.74
2013		40,417		-		-		40,417	0.24%	242.21
2014		72,067		-		-		72,067	0.41%	430.55
2015		70,647		-		-		70,647	0.40%	417.81
2016		69,158		-		-		69,158	0.38%	407.13
2017		67,593		-		-		67,593	0.31%	387.83

Note: General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in the enterprise funds (of which the City has none). Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- a Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available. See Schedule 5 for assessed property value data.
- b See Schedule 17 for population data.
- c Outstanding long term debts of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of dissolution of Redevelopment Agencies in California.

City Assessed Valuation

City of Ontario Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

\$ 21,695,380,952

Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation Total Assessed Valuation	 5,478,945,796 27,174,326,748	*		
Total Assessed Valuation	 Outstanding Debt 06/30/2017	Percentage Applicable ^a	Est. Share of Overlapping Debt 06/30/2017	٨
Overlapping Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:				,,
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 74,905,000	0.840%	\$ 629,202	
Chaffey Community College District	144,865,000	22.023%	31,903,619	
Chino Valley Unified School District	337,122,546	5.141%	17,331,470	
Chaffey Union High School District	398,097,765	38.936%	155,003,346	
Ontario-Montclair School District	81,440,066	70.193%	57,165,226	
Mountain View School District School Facilities				
Improvement District No. 1	12,106,240	99.820%	12,084,449	
Mountain View School District CFD No. 1997-1	726,000	100.000%	726,000	
Ontario Community Facilities District No. 5	925,000	100.000%	925,000	
Ontario Community Facilities District No. 13	4,020,000	100.000%	4,020,000	
Ontario Community Facilities District No. 24	16,135,000	100.000%	16,135,000	
Ontario Community Facilities District No. 28	9,010,000	100.000%	9,010,000	
City of Ontario 1915 Act Bonds	5,645,000	100.000%	5,645,000	
Total overlapping debt repaid with property taxes	1,084,997,617		310,578,312	
Overlapping General Fund Debt:				
San Bernardino County General Fund Obligations	399,400,000	11.096%	44,317,424	
San Bernardino County Pension Obligation Bonds	379,612,328	11.096%	42,121,784	
San Bernardino County Flood Control District GF Obligation	73,680,000	11.096%	8,175,533	
Chaffey Community College District Certificates of Participation	10,725,666	22.023%	2,362,113	
Chino Valley Unified School District Certificates of Participation	12,325,000	5.141%	633,628	
Cucamonga School District Certificate of Participation	7,060,000	51.734%	3,652,420	
City of Ontario General Fund Obligations	67,590,000	100.000%	67,590,000	
City of Ontario General Fund Obligations-Unamortized	, ,		, ,	
Bond Premium and Discount	3,489		3,489	
West Valley Vector Control District Certificate of Participation	2,950,000	30.352%	895,384	
Total overlapping general fund debt	953,346,483		169,751,776	
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency):	\$ 48,584,992	100.00%	\$ 48,584,992	S
Total overlapping debt	\$ 2,038,344,100		480,330,088	
City direct debt			67,593,489	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 547,923,577	

*Does not include deduction of the homeowner's exception of \$109,080

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

^a For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Source: *California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

*City direct debt can be obtained from Schedule 12

*City bond premium and discount can be optained from Note 7 in notes to financial statements.

City of Ontario Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

					Fiscal	Year	•				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Assessed valuation ^a	\$ 13,299,919	\$ 14,051,556	\$ 13,909,816	\$ 13,476,497	\$ 13,562,118	\$	13,741,177	\$ 14,114,165	\$ 14,857,991	\$ 15,629,797	\$ 16,216,435
Conversion percentage ^b	 25%	25%	 25%	25%	25%		25%	 25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	\$ 3,324,980	\$ 3,512,889	\$ 3,477,454	\$ 3,369,124	\$ 3,390,530	\$	3,435,294	\$ 3,528,541	\$ 3,714,498	\$ 3,907,449	\$ 4,054,109
Debt limit percentage °	 15%	15%	15%	15%	15%		15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	\$ 498,747	\$ 526,933	\$ 521,618	\$ 505,369	\$ 508,579	\$	515,294	\$ 529,281	\$ 557,175	\$ 586,117	\$ 608,116
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	65,905	64,504	63,270	61,995	41,285		39,995	72,035	70,625	69,145	67,590
Legal debt margin	\$ 432,842	\$ 462,429	\$ 458,348	\$ 443,374	\$ 467,294	\$	475,299	\$ 457,246	\$ 486,550	\$ 516,972	\$ 540,526
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	15.23%	13.95%	13.80%	13.98%	8.83%		8.41%	15.75%	14.52%	13.37%	12.50%

Source: City of Ontario, Administrative Services Agency

a Assessed valuation includes the City portion only.

b The California Code Section 43605 provides for a legal debt margin limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computation shown above reflects a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that legal margin debt was enacted by the State of California for local governments within the State.

c The legal debt limit of 15% is established by the State of California Code Section 43605.

City of Ontario Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

		Tax Allo	cation	Tax Inc	remen	t Revenue	Bonds		Wat	er Certificates	of Pa	rticipati	on	
Fiscal Year Ended		Tax		Debt	Servic	e	_	Water	Less Operating	Net Available		Debt S	Service	
June 30	I:	ncrement	Pri	ncipal	Ir	iterest	Coverage	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Pri	ncipal	Interest	Coverage
2008	\$	51,760	\$	5,143	\$	7,877	3.98	\$ 40,742	\$ 27,261	\$ 13,481	\$	940	\$ 2,470	3.95
2009		51,410		5,638		9,580	3.38	46,202	25,643	20,559		980	2,432	6.03
2010		55,505		5,512		9,518	3.69	45,767	22,432	23,335		1,015	2,393	6.85
2011		49,667		5,592		9,454	3.30	51,182	28,759	22,423		1,055	2,352	6.58
2012	a	10,176		1,240		2,966	2.42	55,482	26,814	28,668		1,100	2,310	8.41
2013		-		-		-	-	57,433	31,039	26,394		1,145	2,266	7.74
2014		-		-		-	-	60,108	37,795	22,313		2,025	3,576	3.98
2015		-		-		-	-	60,176	45,679	14,497		1,220	3,576	3.98
2016		-		-		-	-	55,649	43,923	11,726		1,270	3,527	2.44
2017								59,459	40,855	18,604		1,320	3,476	3.88

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

a Outstanding long term debts of the Ontario Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of dissolution of Redevelopment Agencies in California.

City of Ontario Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	 sonal Income thousands) (2)	P	r Capita ersonal come (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2008	172,530	\$ 3,270,000	\$	17,857	5.6%
2009	172,908	3,453,541		20,008	7.9%
2010	163,924	2,400,178		16,255	13.5%
2011	164,836	2,403,359		17,947	14.1%
2012	165,790	2,315,184		18,229	14.7%
2013	166,866	3,047,233		18,522	10.7%
2014	167,382	3,100,249		18,774	8.2%
2015	169,089	3,224,189		19,068	5.8%
2016	169,869	3,159,733		18,601	6.5%
2017	174,283	3,444,006		19,761	5.5%

Source: (1) - State of California Department of Finance Demographic Research Unit Report E-1.

- (2) Ontario (City) QuickFacts from the US Census Bureau
- (3) California Labor Market Info, EDD.

City of Ontario Principal Employers – Current Year Principal Employment Sectors - Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	7	2	008
Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Ontario Intl Airport-Ont	5,000 to 9,999		7,690	9.90%
Securitas Security Svc USA	500 to 999			
United Parcel Service (UPS)	500 to 999		3,500	4.50%
Argosy University-Inland Empire	250 to 499			
Barrett Business Svc Inc	250 to 499			
BMW of Ontario	250 to 499			
Cardinal Health	250 to 499			
Classic Containers Inc	250 to 499			
DHE-Dependable Highway Express	250 to 499			
Doubletree	250 to 499	(a) Left		
Gold Star Foods Inc	250 to 499	intentionally		
Mag Instrument Inc	250 to 499	blank	900	1.16%
Toyota	250 to 499		530	0.68%
CVB Financial Corp			719	0.93%
ICEE Company			700	0.90%
Marriot			624	0.80%
U S Merchants Financial Group			1,000	1.29%
Total		-	15,663	20.16%

Notes: ^(a) Per EDD, employment numbers are confidential therefore, only the data for the range of numbers of employees are available.

Source: EDD-ARC Employer Database

City of Ontario Principal Employers – Current Year Principal Employment Sectors - Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	.7	2	2008
Employment Sector	Number of Employees (a)	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Distribution	15,574	13.51%	21,550	22.42%
Retail/Wholesale Trade	24,961	21.66%	17,920	17.38%
Manufacturing	13,401	11.63%	15,586	16.95%
Help Agency	18,379	15.95%	15,289	10.12%
Construction	4,476	3.88%	5,383	5.00%
Education	5,710	4.95%	4,871	5.74%
Other Services	2,928	2.54%	3,840	3.68%
Business Services	6,583	5.71%	3,800	3.68%
Engineering and Management	3,071	2.66%	3,127	2.24%
Financial Institution/Insurance/Real Estate	3,959	3.43%	3,105	2.94%
Hotels and Entertainment	7,743	6.72%	2,341	2.66%
Agriculture	772	0.67%	1,840	1.69%
Health Services	6,209	5.39%	1,692	2.13%
Utilities	539	0.47%	1,311	1.25%
Public Administration	952	0.83%	1,138	1.23%
Aerospace		0.00%	603	0.89%
Total	115,257	100.00%	103,396	100.00%

Source: Number of employees by sector - Data USA

⁽a) most current number of employees as of 2015

City of Ontario Full-time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government	108	100	100	103	103	103	148	137	147	122
Public Safety	494	493	492	492	492	492	495	499	506	596
Community Development	145	133	131	132	132	118	145	157	156	183
Public Works	354	342	340	333	332	331	285	289	289	296
Total	1,101	1,068	1,063	1,060	1,059	1,044	1,073	1,082	1,098	1,197

Source: City of Ontario, Administrative Services Agency

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Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,088 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

City of Ontario Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government										
Building permits issued	2,933	2,339	2,594	3,244	3,300	3,550	3,724	3,987	4,353	4,231
Police										
Physical arrests	11,001	10,945	9,979	7,877	8,839	8,959	8,546	8,280	8,916	10,433
Citations	20,436	19,710	16,031	14,636	12,006	13,161	9,377	8,469	7,957	6,733
Fire										
Emergency response	16,227	15,157	14,877	15,487	15,889	15,783	16,736	16,794	18,326	19,418
Fire inspections	1,967	2,358	1,228	1,210	3,537	4,227	4,168	4,650	6,986	3,269
Public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	11.5	9.2	9.6	9.1	9.3	16.1	18.5	15.2	11.26	8.97
Parks and recreation										
Number of recreation classes	1,340	1,353	1,371	1,286	1,401	1,402	1,299	1,265	1,233	1,202
Number of facility rentals	772	1,071	3,285	3,231	3,780	4,337	6,118	6,259	5,761	6,754
Library										
Total volumes of books borrowed	423,011	436,576	470,567	467,185	472,384	387,092	393,308	390,740	466,189	433,527
Total volumes of audio/visual items borrowed	174,635	176,665	173,444	169,827	155,855	129,435	133,041	121,908	127,989	120,066
Water										
Number of recycled water connections	70	113	164	205	218	221	220	244	290	333
Number of potable connections	32,553	32,752	33,384	32,907	32,904	33,304	33,134	33,504	34,000	34,468
Average daily potable consumption (MGD)	39	36	33	31	31	32	34	29	30	26
Solid waste										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	718	627	566	565	535	545	564	592	598	655
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	56	52	49	48	49	49	49	48	50	54
Recyclables recovered (tons per day)	39	34	30	33	34	33	38	38	39	37

Source: City of Ontario, various departments

City of Ontario Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal `	Year				
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police										
Police stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Fire stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Public works										
Streets (miles) ^a	579	544	544	544	544	552	552	543	503	503
Streetlights										
Traffic signals	161	184	184	191	191	191	191	191	191	207

^a Number of street miles were adjusted to reflect only the mileage in the City of Ontario ~ not the surrounding cities.

Source: City of Ontario, various departments

AB 1600 DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ANNUAL REPORT

CITY OF ONTARIO

AB 1600 DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ANNUAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2017

On July 1, 2003, the City Council adopted Ordinance Nos. 2779 and 2780 approving the collection of Development Impact Fees in the City of Ontario to mitigate the impacts of future development. In accordance with the provisions of Ordinance Nos. 2779 and 2780, the City began collecting Development Impact Fees on September 1, 2003. Pursuant to Ordinance 2779, the impact fees have been updated periodically since that time by resolution of the City Council. The last Development Impact Fee update was authorized by the City Council on February 3, 2015 by Resolution No. 2015-008. This update, as well as the previous update, incorporates the results of the City's 2012 Water, Sewer, Storm Drain and Circulation Master Plan updates, along with the land use assumptions underlying the City's most recently updated General Plan, adopted by the City Council in 2010.

California Government Code sections §66001 and §66006 require making available to the public certain Development Impact Fee information. The City of Ontario addresses these reporting requirements through annual issuance of the following three schedules, along with the release of periodic updates to the City's Development Impact Fee calculation and nexus schedules. The following three schedules include Development Impact Fee information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The first schedule reports each Development Impact Fee category's beginning and ending fund balances, its annual revenue and earnings, and its expenditures for the fiscal year. The second schedule provides a summary listing of the Development Impact Fee expenditure amounts by individual public improvement project, including the total percentage of the cost of the public improvement that was funded with fees. The third schedule provides the five-year findings in regards to unexpended funds, whether committed or uncommitted, from FY 2012-2013 through FY 2016-2017. unexpended funds are committed to future projects which are detailed in the 2014 Master Facilities Plan. The most recently adopted update of the City's Development Impact Fee calculation and nexus schedules - Development Impact Fee Calculation and Nexus Report (November 2014) - contains the amount and purpose of each Development Impact Fee, the public improvements the fees will fund, and the reasonable relationship between the fees and the purposes for which they are being assessed.

CITY OF ONTARIO AB 1600 DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 66006 FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			_		Rev	enues/							
	Fund	Development Impact Fee Purpose	und Balance uly 1, 2016	DIF Fees		erest/ s/Losses	So	Other urces/(Uses)	DIF	Refunds ¹	Projects Expenditures	Fun	d Balance June 30, 2017
	007	Parkland Facilities Development	\$ (9,849,921)	\$ 12,857,780	\$	4,883	\$	(8,224,142) ²	\$	70,337	\$ -	\$	(5,281,737)
	101	Law Enforcement Facilities	(1,606,355)	572,682		7,440		-		6,351	-		(1,032,583)
	106	Refuse Collection Equipment	2,301,083	739,538		13,131		-		12,049	99,561		2,942,141
	107	General Government Facilities	2,136,656	542,948		12,016		-		10,941	-		2,680,680
	108	Library Expansion Facilities	1,396,239	1,411,910		11,430		-		74,623	-		2,744,956
	109	Public Meeting Facilities	2,302,598	1,492,060		15,923		-		22,060	49,604		3,738,916
	110	Aquatics Center Facilities	218,483	98,243		1,355		-		1,463	-		316,618
	112	NMC Open Space Agreement	1,665,074	445,349		9,890		-		-	-		2,120,313
8	170	OMC Regional Streets, Signals and Bridges	7,353,110	2,564,909		(14,925)		-		2,874	1,108,947		8,791,273
_	171	OMC Local Adjacent Streets, Signals and Bridges	9,923,950	855,710		78,840		-		958	317,169		10,540,373
	172	OMC Regional Storm Drainage Facilities	1,212,908	131,211		5,748		-		-	-		1,349,867
	173	OMC Local Adjacent Storm Drainage Facilities	22,840,601	2,595,613		76,504		(13,268) ³		3,225,962	6,156,603		16,116,885
	174	OMC Regional Water Distribution Facilities	11,198,137	2,129,789		70,372		-		149	-		13,398,149
	175	OMC Local Adjacent Water Distribution Facilities	1,151,970	532,816		1,135		-		38	-		1,685,884
	176	OMC Regional Sewer Collection Facilities	2,034,538	375,298		12,650		-		15	-		2,422,471
	177	OMC Local Adjacent Sewer Collection Facilities	3,570,420	561,549		22,063		-		22	126,166		4,027,843
	178	OMC Fire Protection Facilities	(357,419)	222,941		(974)		-		170	-		(135,621)
	180	NMC Regional Streets, Signals and Bridges	1,362,122	1,382,937		5,605		-		28,762	1,204,120		1,517,783
	181	NMC Local Adjacent Streets, Signals and Bridges	1,631,007	1,367,623		4,207		-		823,845	-		2,178,991
	182	NMC Regional Storm Drainage Facilities	389,648	1,210,956		(1,349)		-		754,324	-		844,931
	183	NMC Local Adjacent Storm Drainage Facilities	3,504,072	1,772,390		22,233		-		2,043,416	-		3,255,279
	184	NMC Regional Water Distribution Facilities	(12,657,651)	1,461,572		(2,264)		-		1,483,450	-		(12,681,792)
	185	NMC Local Adjacent Water Distribution Facilities	13,907,929	1,186,339		9,557		-		626,985	-		14,476,840
	186	NMC Regional Sewer Collection Facilities	185,301	180,396		1,518		-		5,339	87,529		274,348
	187	NMC Local Adjacent Sewer Collection Facilities	223,348	190,965		872		-		141,812	25,201		248,172

CITY OF ONTARIO AB 1600 DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 66006 FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Revenues		_						
Fund	Development Impact Fee Purpose	Fund Balance July 1, 2016	DIF Fees	Interest/ Gains/Losses		Other Sources/(Uses)	D	IF Refunds ¹	Ex	Projects penditures	Fun	d Balance June 30, 2017
188	NMC Regional Fiber Optic System	(2,939,455)	61,491	(160))	-		65,471		-		(2,943,595)
189	NMC Local Adjacent Fiber Optic System	3,242,295	324,426	1,876	5	-		256,218		-		3,312,379
190	NMC Fire Protection Facilities	8,080,471	167,022	35,482	2			184,100		-		8,098,875
		\$ 74,421,160	\$ 37,436,464	\$ 405,060)	\$ (8,237,410)	\$	9,841,734	\$	9,174,900	\$	85,008,639

¹ DIF Refunds were added to this year's report, and will be a part of subsequent reports, to address the DIF Credit used by developers to obtain refunds of prior DIF payments, as authorized by their entitlement agreements with the City.

² Purchase of land for future parks.

³ Project mischarged to fund 173; will be reversed next year.

CITY OF ONTARIO DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE PROJECTS WORKED ON FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

City Project ID	DIF Project ID	Description		Annual Expenditure
N/A	RC-003	Refuse Containers	Fund 106 Subtotal	\$ 99,561 99,561
PF1404	PF-001	Museum Landscape & Education Graden	runa 100 Subtotal	49,604
			Fund 109 Subtotal	49,604
ST0302	ST-111	Grove/I10 Interchange-Corridor		110,879
ST0308	ST-094	S. Milliken Grade Separation		1,048,710
ST0711	ST-093	N. Vineyard Ave Grade Separation		(50,642)
			Fund 170 Subtotal	1,108,947
ST1510	ST-036	Mountain & Holt Intersection Widening		140,360
ST1511	ST-042	Grove & Holt Intersection Widening		104,145
TR0402	ST-047	Etiwanda/Airport Intersection	Fund 171 Subtotal	72,664 317,169
			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SM1002	SD-056	6th Street Storm Drain		3,808,961
SM9902	SD-053	Francis Storm Drain & Ely Basin		2,347,642
			Fund 173 Subtotal	6,156,603
SE1501	SW-022	Inland Empire Blvd Sewer Improvements	_	126,166
			Fund 177 Subtotal	126,166
ST0308	ST-094	S. Milliken Grade Separation		716,214
ST1411	ST-106	SR60 @ Archibald Interchange		487,906
			Fund 180 Subtotal	1,204,120
N/A	SW-001	Payment to IEUA for Eastern Trunk Sewer ²		87,529
			Fund 186 Subtotal	87,529
N/A	SW-001	Payment to IEUA for Eastern Trunk Sewer ²		25,201
			Fund 187 Subtotal	25,201
			- =	\$ 9,174,900

¹ Reduction of prior year expenses.

² Pursuant to Cooperative Agreement For The Sewer Conveyance Facilities Of The Eastern Trunk Sewer, Kimball Interceptor Sewer Extension, And RP-1 Outfall, Dated June 4, 2004.

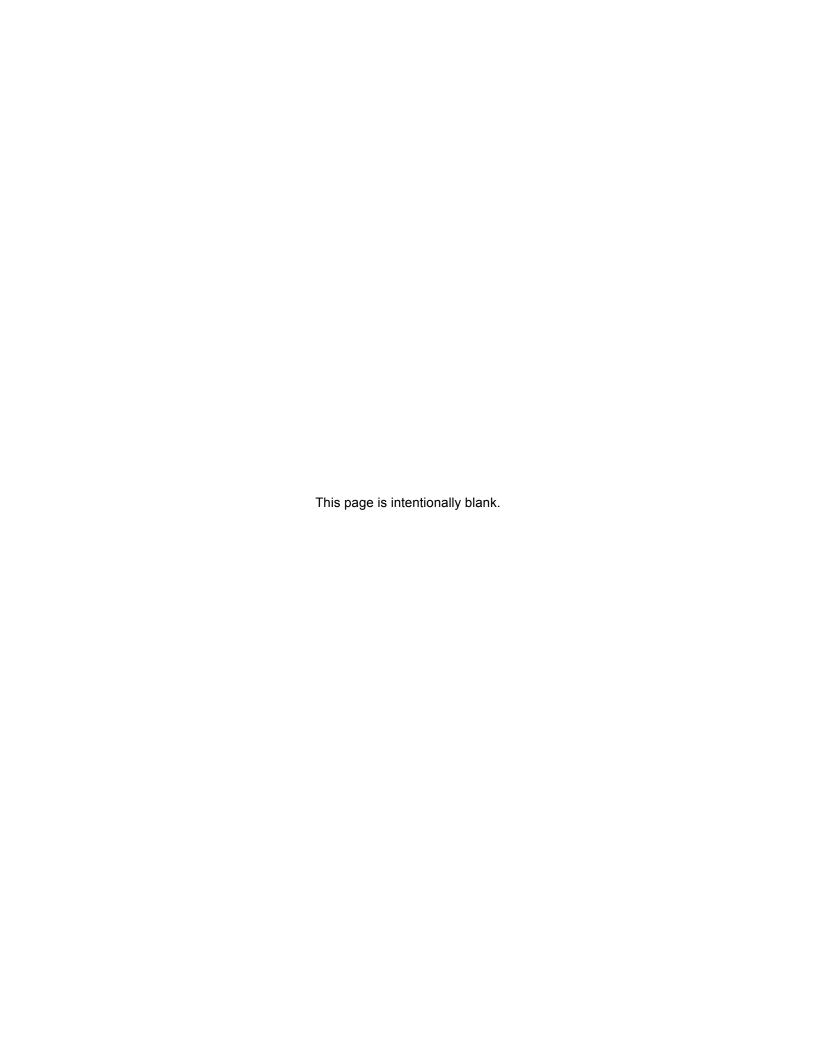
CITY OF ONTARIO FIVE-YEAR REVENUE TEST USING FIRST IN FIRST OUT METHOD FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Fund Balance		Р	roject Expenditur			Unexpended		
Fund	Development Impact Fee Purpose	June 30, 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total	Funds*	Note
007	Parkland Acquisition and Facilities Development	\$ 7,681,827	\$ 160,275	\$ 4,251,227	\$ 1,019,143	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,430,645	\$ 2,251,182	1
101	Law Enforcement Facilities, Vehicles and Equipment	(2,608,860)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
102	Fire Facilities, Vehicles and Equipment	209,648	-	199,658	228,005	-	-	427,663	-	
103	OMC Circulation (Streets, Bridges and Signals) System	14,834,781	2,922,993	3,528,371	6,520,424	-	-	12,971,788	1,862,993	2
104	OMC Water System Source, Storage and Distribution System	7,685,303	-	_	-	-	-	-	7,685,303	3
105	OMC Sewer Collection System	3,017,552	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,017,552	4
106	Solid Waste Collection Equipment	821,528	-	-	63,488	98,250	99,561	261,299	560,229	5
107	General Facilities, Vehicles and Equipment	500,008	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,008	6
108	Library Facilities and Collection	77,099	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,099	7
109	Public Use Facilities	789,187	-	_	-	114,817	49,604	164,421	624,766	8
110	Aquatics Centers	103,123	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,123	9
111	OMC Storm Drainage System	16,383,438	1,730,750	(186,112)	99,883	-	-	1,644,522	14,738,916	10
112	NMC Open Space Land Acquisition	207,311	-	-	-	-	-	-	207,311	11
113	Fiber Optic Communication System	15,710	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,710	12
115	NMC Circulation (Streets, Bridges and Signals) System	1,366,305	135,710	277,527	900,638	-	-	1,313,875	52,429	13
116	NMC Water System Source, Storage and Distribution System	(302,792)	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	
117	NMC Sewer Collection System	167,785	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,785	14
118	NMC Storm Drainage System	1,137,746	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,137,746	15
170	OMC Regional Streets	-	-	-	-	7,751,834	1,108,947	8,860,781	-	
171	OMC Local Adjacent Streets	-	-	-	-	24,048	317,169	341,217	-	
172	OMC Regional Storm Drains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
173	OMC Local Adjacent Storm Drains	-	-	-	-	1,506,095	6,156,603	7,662,698	-	
174	OMC Regional Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
175	OMC Local Adjacent Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
176	OMC Regional Sewer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
177	OMC Local Adjacent Sewer					916,433	126,166	1,042,599		
178	OMC Fire Facilities, Vehicles and Equipment	-	-	-	-	98,294	-	98,294	-	
180	NMC Regional Streets	-	-	-	-	1,495,409	1,204,120	2,699,529	-	
181	NMC Local Adjacent Streets	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
182	NMC Regional Storm Drains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
183	NMC Local Adjacent Storm Drains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
184	NMC Regional Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
185	NMC Local Adjacent Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
186	NMC Regional Sewer	-	-	-	-	-	87,529	87,529	-	
187	NMC Local Adjacent Sewer	-	-	-	-	_	25,201	25,201	-	
188	NMC Regional Fiber	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
189	NMC Local Adjacent Fiber	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
190	NMC Fire Facilities, Vehicles and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

* All unexpended funds indicate the amount being held beyond the five year limit as described by AB1600.

Note:

- 1. The unexpended Parkland Acquisition and Facilities Development funds will be expended on the Parkland projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 427-429.
- 2. The unexpended OMC Circulation (Streets, Bridges and Signals) System funds will be expended on the OMC Street projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 65-192.
- 3. The unexpended OMC Water System Source, Storage and Distribution System funds will be expended on the OMC Water projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 308-345.
- 4. The unexpended OMC Sewer Collection System funds will be expended on the OMC Sewer projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 350-398.
- 5. The unexpended Solid Waste Collection Equipment funds will be expended on the Solid Waste projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 401-407.
- 6. The unexpended General Facilities funds will be expended on the General Facilities projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 410-414.
- 7. The unexpended Library Facilities and Collection funds will be expended on the Library projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 417-418.
- 8. The unexpended Public Use Facilities funds will be expended on the Public Use Facilities projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on page 421.
- 9. The unexpended Aquatics Centers funds will be expended on the Aquatics Centers projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on page 424.
- 10. The unexpended OMC Storm Drainage System funds will be expended on the OMC Storm Drainage projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 200-303.
- 11. The NMC Open Space Land Acquisition is not a Development Impact Fee, it is a settlement applied to development within the New Model Colony. The unexpended funds will be expended on one of the seven scenarios that have been examined to determine the amount needed to collect to meet the settlement agreeement. These scenerios are outlined in the 2017 Development Impact Fee Calcultion and Nexus Report on pages 173-174.
- 12. The unexpended NMC Circulation (Streets, Bridges and Signals) System funds will be expended on the NMC Street projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 65-192.
- 13. The unexpended Fiber Optic Communication System funds will be expended on the Fiber Optic projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 432-439.
- 14. The unexpended NMC Sewer Collection System funds will be expended on the NMC Sewer projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 350-398.
- 15. The unexpended NMC Storm Drainage System funds will be expended on the NMC Storm Drainage projects detailed in the 2017 Master Facilities Plan on pages 200-303.







MAYOR

Paul S. Leon

MAYOR PRO TEM

Alan D. Wapner

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Jim W. Bowman Debra Dorst-Porada Ruben Valencia

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CITY CLERK

Sheila Mautz

CITY MANAGER

Scott Ochoa

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES/ FINANCE DIRECTOR

Grant D. Yee

